"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today; Sunday, showers; gentle to moderate south winds.
For full weather report see Page 15.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,608. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1914.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

ALL CO-OPERATE TO AID CLAFLIN'S

Creditors Work with Receivers, Bankers and Merchants Get Together.

FIND FIGURES REASSURING

And Expect Debts to be Paid Dollar for Dollar—Only $4,000,000 of Claims for Goods.

Following the first shock of the Claflin receivership a disposition was shown yesterday by all parties interested to get together and help put the company back on its feet. This was evidenced by a joint meeting of the committees representing respectively the note holding banks and the merchandise creditors, at which it was agreed that they should co-operate toward a prompt reorganization, and by a declaration by the attorneys who filed the bankruptcy petitions which are to be heard on Thursday, that they were satisfied to leave the working out of the problem to the receivers, so long as all creditors were protected.

The action of John Claflin in retiring from the Presidency of the United Dry Goods Companies and the Associated Merchants' Company to devote his time and resources to the rehabilitation of the H. B. Claflin Company was cited as another evidence of the general disposition to set things right, as was the fact that Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., with his large interests and extensive training in the dry goods trade, had taken hold of the other two companies, with assurances from the banks that he would have ample financial support if needed.

While it was much too early for any definite plan of reorganization to be considered, the prediction was made on all sides that it would proceed with all dispatch, as soon as the status of the affairs of the principal company and the stores scattered through the country had been determined, and that in the end 100 cents would be paid on the dollar.

Strong Reasons for Optimism.

The cheerful feeling yesterday was based largely on two features of the situation that stood out clearly from the preliminary analysis that the banks and the dry goods trade had been able to make since the receivers were applied for.

One was that the indebtedness of the company for merchandise was a small proportion of its liabilities, amounting to about $4,000,000 out of $34,000,000. Had half of that sum represented accounts payable it would have indicated a much more serious condition so far as manufacturers were concerned. Many manufacturers on a small scale had long regarded their Claflin accounts as the next thing to cash, as they had always been paid on the dot. The receivership, consequently, meant the tying up of their chief quick assets, and if they had been on the large scale of the note indebtedness of the Claflin stores, serious embarrassment might have ensued in a number of cases. As it was, while the company owed $4,000,000 for merchandise, much of it was to big concerns and the rest was scattered to such an extent that it was not expected yesterday to embarrass any of the creditors.

So far as the note indebtedness was concerned, the reassuring element was the fact that the notes were so widely held that they were not likely to cause serious embarrassment among the 3,000 or more banks among which they were distributed.

In the dry goods trade the opinion was expressed that the reorganization would probably take the form of taking the stores throughout the country from under the wing of the H. B. Claflin Company and making them stand on their own bottoms. This, it was said, would bring about a much more healthful condition than had prevailed for several years, with the Claflin company financing them and lending its credit by millions. Any that were unprofitable, it was said, would be disposed of, and would cease to be a drag on the entire wholesale and retail structure.

The Noteholders' Committee, of which James S. Alexander, President of the National Bank of Commerce is Chairman, had a meeting yesterday morning with its counsel, Joseph M. Hartfield, to prepare the agreement under which will be deposited the claims that banks throughout the country have been invited to send in. No official statement was made after the meeting, but it was learned that claims of about $8,000,000 had already been deposited. These consist chiefly of notes held in or near this city, as the time has been too short for even places comparatively near by to be heard from.

Committees Get Together.

The committee was soon joined by a sub-committee representing the merchandise creditors, with their counsel, James N. Rosenberg. The purpose of the joint session was for the two committees to get in touch with each other, in order that they might pull together in straightening out the situation. The Merchandise Creditors' Committee, it was learned, had already obtained the deposit of claims aggregating about $2,500,000 out of the $4,000,000 total. It held a separate meeting in the afternoon at the Merchants' Protective Association, where plans were completed for reaching other creditors. Mr. Rosenberg said later that there had been no developments during the day and spoke enthusiastically of the joint meeting earlier.

"The two committees," he said, "will co-operate toward a prompt reorganization. The Merchandise Committee has received satisfactory and general support from merchandise creditors."

Andrew C. Brew, Secretary of the committee, announced yesterday that in view of the public importance of the matter, its members had consented to represent the creditors without cost to them.

When Gregg & McGovern appeared before Judge Hand on Thursday, ten minutes after receivers had been applied for and filed a petition in involuntary bankruptcy, it was feared that a fight would ensue over the further proceedings. This fear was removed yesterday by Mr. McGovern, who explained that his clients had no intention of plunging the companies into bankruptcy.

"I feel confident," he said, "that our clients will be satisfied to permit Messrs. Marindale and Juilliard to straighten out the affairs of the company, provided all the creditors are protected. Our design in filing the bankruptcy petition was merely to protect the creditors.

"Suppose, for example, the receivers should discover their inability to either reorganize or liquidate with the consent of the creditors and hand their resignations to the court. What would happen? Within two hours there would be filed hundreds of individual suits and hordes of Deputy Sheriffs with writs of attachment would seize anything they could lay their hands upon. It is in order to prevent just such a situation that we have taken this step.

Will Not Force Petition.

"The petition is returnable on July 2—next Thursday. The Claflin Com-

Continued on Page 2.

$50,000 AS SENATE BRIBE.

Colorado Progressive Says Mine Owners Wanted to "Tap a Barrel."

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., June 26.—Edward P. Costigan, Progressive candidate for Governor of Colorado, today made the direct charge that the coal operators had offered him a bribe of $50,000 if he would support the candidacy of a certain man for the United States Senate. Costigan made the charge in a speech before the State Central Committee at the Brown Palace Hotel, and said it referred to a "gentleman who is sitting in this meeting."

Costigan said in his speech that he was approached when he returned to Denver several weeks ago from the Southern coal fields, where he had been engaged in the strike investigation. The interests which were prepared to offer this bribe money, he charged, were the same which confided to his opponents their willingness to "open a barrel" to accomplish his defeat in the fight over the County Chairmanship. According to Costigan, a "barrel" of $50,000 was to be "tapped" by the big coal companies.

Costigan said that he was approached by certain persons who informed him that all contention within the party would cease, as well as all opposition to his nomination for Governor, if he would support the candidacy for United States Senator "of a gentleman who is sitting in this room."

ROBS BRIDGE TOWER STUDIO

Burglar Scales 200-Foot Ladder to Steal a Painting.

What Sebastian Cruset, who painted a panoramic view of New York City from the top of one of the towers of the Queensboro Bridge called the meanest burglar, was being hunted by the police yesterday.

For five years Cruset has been using the balcony on top of the third tower of the bridge as a studio. On the first of each year he has gone to the Bridge Commissioner and renewed his permit. Last week he finished his panoramic painting. The canvas was 5 feet 4 inches long by 10 inches high, and Mr. Cruset was very proud of his work.

Returning to his aerial studio after an absence of two days the artist found that an agile burglar had climbed up the 200-foot ladder leading to the tower balcony and stolen the finished painting and a camera. Bridge Commissioner Kracke received a letter yesterday from Mr. Cruset telling of his loss, but the artist neglected to give his address. The Commissioner questioned all the men who worked on the bridge, but could get no clue.

PREDICT GOOD FALL TRADE.

Marshall Field & Co. Say Conditions Are Fundamentally Sound.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 26.—Marshall Field & Co. in their weekly review of the dry goods trade say:

"In view of the failure of a large Eastern dry goods house this week, it is timely to state that conditions in the dry goods trade generally are fundamentally sound. Prices have ruled strong for the past six months with an upward tendency at the present time, and retail selling throughout the country has continued very close to normal.

"Stocks of merchandise are conservatively low, and as buying has been in small quantities as needed, (which is the most profitable way of operating,) it is expected that the inventories now being taken covering the first half of the year will show satisfactory profits for merchants in all sections.

"As buyers have not anticipated their Fall requirements to any great extent, heavy demands will undoubtedly be made on wholesalers who have the stocks to deliver during the coming months. Road sales for the past week show a gain over those of the corresponding month a year ago, and collections are better than they have been for the past few weeks."

MANY DIE IN EARTHQUAKE.

Widespread Damage in Sumatra—Emigrant Ship Overdue.

BATAVIA, Java, June 26.—Many were killed or injured today in a violent earthquake which caused widespread damage in Southern Sumatra.

The offices of the Dutch resident and many other buildings collapsed at Benkoelen, the capital, while telegraph and cable communication also was interrupted.

The British steamer Kintuck of the China Mutual Steam Navigation Company, crowded with emigrants, was reported ten hours overdue, and it was feared she had met with an accident in connection with the earthquake. A steamer has been sent from here to search for her.

Sumatra is, after Borneo, the largest island of the Malay Archipelago. It has a number of volcanoes, some active and some believed extinct. The population is estimated at 3,500,000, among whom are about 5,000 whites.

VANDALS ROB SEVEN STORES

Smash and Slash Goods They Do Not Want in Yonkers Shops.

Special to The New York Times.

YONKERS, June 26.—Burglars who carried away their loot in an automobile robbed seven stores in South Broadway early today and destroyed as much as they stole. The police put the loss in stolen goods at $1,000.

The stores are all in one block, and included the De Angelis Art Glass Company, Harry A. McGrath, tire vulcanizer; J. M. Richardson, dyeing; Broadway Arts Supply Company John Andrews, confectionery; Yonkers Talking Machine Company, and the Broadway Auto Supply Company.

Entrance was gained by forcing staple locks at the rear windows of the buildings. They stopped long enough to eat ice cream and drink soda. Tires and clothing were slashed by the vandals, and art and glass objects were broken. A marble bust of Shakespeare was smashed.

GRILL ROOM MAN KNIGHTED.

King of Italy Honors Casali of London for His Benevolence.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 26.—The King of Italy has bestowed knighthood upon Ugo Casali, grillroom manager for the Piccadilly Hotel.

Signor Casali, who thus becomes Cavaliere Ugo Casali della Corona d'Italie, owes his distinction to his benevolent interest in the Italian working class colony in London.

MOOSE HERD HAS COLONEL CORNERED

May Have to Run for Governor Now Whether He Will or Not.

NO SUBSTITUTE AVAILABLE

Anti-Whitman Blast Seems to Have Closed the Last Avenue of Escape, Though He Still Hopes.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., June 26.—The big problem now confronting Col. Roosevelt, it is admitted here, is the formulation of a plan by which he can escape gracefully from running as the nominee of the Progressive Party next Fall for Governor. That the Colonel is worried by the situation which he created yesterday in making public the statement opposing the indorsement of District Attorney Whitman and in favor of a third party ticket, there can be no doubt. There are many who believe that, despite the statement, Col. Roosevelt has not given up all hope that some working agreement can be arranged between the Progressives and the independent Republicans.

Col. Roosevelt is searching now for a man who will take from his shoulders the burden of heading a Progressive Party ticket next Fall. The ranks of the Progressives have been searched in vain by the State leaders for the right man, one who could make a good fight and keep the party afloat. That is one reason, admittedly, why they have come back to Roosevelt and insisted upon his running, in the face of a dozen declarations that he will not be a candidate.

The Colonel admits today that they have not yet given up the efforts to get him to run. He has made an impression on some leaders, but not on many, is the way he feels.

"Every day the question comes up," he said. "I have already stated my position, first at Paris and later at London. There is nothing more for me to say at this time."

What is worrying the Colonel and leading him to hope still for some agreement which will make possible the indorsement of an anti-Barnes Republican is the danger of the Progressives going into the primaries and nominating Roosevelt for Governor on a Progressive ticket by a sweeping majority. Whether he can hold back his enthusiastic followers in face of the latest developments the Colonel does not know himself. He realizes fully the danger to his party of flatly refusing to accept such a nomination.

The Colonel says he isn't going to run, and reiterates that assertion. But on the other hand he will not say that he might not change his mind in the face of later developments and go down with the flag flying if there seems no other way out of it.

The Colonel is trying to awaken a hope, now pretty dead, that District Attorney Whitman may be defeated at the primaries for the Republican nomination by a man, say ex-Senator Harvey D. Hinman, who would be willing to come out right away and repudiate Republican State Chairman Barnes. One of his followers was heard to remark after the statement of yesterday repudiating Whitman:

"Well, Whitman is not nominated yet, is he?"

That Roosevelt or any of his adherents who favor amalgamation hope that Whitman or the Republican leaders will be so influenced by the Roosevelt statement that Whitman will come out into the open against Barnes—the only possible way in which Mr. Whitman could obtain the Progressive Party indorsement—is not for one moment admitted here.

It was evident today that the Roosevelt statement created consternation among the Whitman followers who have hoped to obtain the Progressive indorsement for the District Attorney. Before Col. Roosevelt had his breakfast this morning Charles H. Duell, Jr., organizer of the Whitman Non-Partisan League, was at Sagamore Hill to tell his woes to the Colonel. He tried his best, during a conference lasting more than an hour, to convince the Colonel that Mr. Whitman was an anti-Barnes man, and was in deadly earnest in his opposition to the Republican State Chairman. But in the face of the fact that Mr. Whitman has not come out in the open against Mr. Barnes the words of Mr. Duel fell upon deaf ears. The Colonel let Mr. Duell know in the plainest of words that the Progressives would not and could not accept Whitman except upon the one basis which had been fully made known from the first.

After his conference with Duell Col. Roosevelt went for a long ride on his favorite horse Sirdar, accompanied by his son Archie. The Colonel looked well today. In fact he looked more vigorous than at any time since his return from South America. He makes no secret of the fact, however, that the strain of any political conferences since his return from Spain has been a trying one.

The Colonel's guests today included George W. Perkins, Medill McCormick, leader of the Illinois Progressives; ex-Senator Albert J. Beveridge and John M. Parker of Louisiana. After a conference with the Colonel, Mr. Parker, who is head of the Progressive Committee in his State, gave out a statement in which he analyzed the political situation and made the rather startling statement that the Progressives were confident of "breaking the solid South." He was confident, he said, that at least one and possibly three Progressive Congressmen would be elected from Louisiana next Fall.

"Already," he said, "two of the Wilson Presidential electors of 1912 have left the Democratic Party and joined the Progressive Party, as have five members of the Democratic State Committee. Twenty-one members of the Louisiana House of Representatives who were elected as Democrats have joined us, and we expect many others within the next month. There is absolutely no doubt in my mind that this year the Progressive Party will do after two years what the Republican Party could not do in fifty years, and that is to break the solid South. That achievement of itself will justify the existence of the Progressive Party."

Col. Roosevelt expects to have another series of political conferences today. He will leave next Tuesday morning at 8:04 o'clock from the Pennsylvania Station, Manhattan, for Pittsburgh, where he will speak in the evening at the Progressive State Convention. He is scheduled to have dinner at a department store and speak at Exposition Hall and Machinery Hall. He will start back for New York at 12:05 o'clock Wednesday morning, arriving about 9 o'clock, and will spend the day at the Outlook office and with his publishers. He said he would consult a throat specialist for treatment next Wednesday also.

STIMSON IS FOR WHITMAN.

Anti-Barnes Men Do Not Accept Roosevelt's Brand.

The terse declaration of District Attorney Charles S. Whitman that he was subservient neither to William Barnes nor Theodore Roosevelt, which was made on Thursday night in reply to a broadside from Col. Roosevelt in which Mr. Whitman was accused of being "Barnes's man," was warmly commended yester-

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A West Point for Diplomats

Curtis Guild, former Ambassador to Russia, says our service abroad is a joke and could be made worthy at slight expense.

IN TOMORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES.

Also Col. Harvey's Query to Col. Roosevelt. Dr. Max Nordau Tells Where American Women Fail.

GEN. EVANS DERIDES OUR FOREIGN POLICY

Calls Monroe Doctrine "A Pandora's Box" and the Nation "Most Meddlesome."

ASSAILS SMALL-ARMY MEN

"Queen of Spain Was Old and About Our Size," He Tells Sons of American Revolution.

Brig. Gen. R. K. Evans, commanding the Department of the East, caused considerable surprise at the dinner of the Sons of the American Revolution, held last night at the Martinique, by comments on American foreign policy in relation to the size of the standing army. In speaking of the wars which he had seen, he referred to "the trouble which we had with the Queen of Spain."

"I'm glad we did have that trouble with the Queen of Spain," he went on, "for she was old and not feeling well that Summer, and she was about our size. We think that other nations, which maintain large standing armies, fear us because we have a large and wealthy population, or because of the ferocity of our orators in time of peace; but they don't. We need a large army, because with our great variety of interests we are naturally the most meddlesome nation in the world."

This statement Gen. Evans explained by saying that our various foreign policies always were threatening to get us into trouble, and that the Monroe Doctrine was "a Pandora's box."

"One of our statesmen in Congress," he said, "told me last Winter that we didn't need any army because we could raise overnight enough men to whip any army that could land on our shores. I don't need to say that that sort of talk is not only foolish, but wicked; yet that man and men like him keep on getting elected to Congress because the American people don't think."

Gen. Evans's appeal for a stronger army was received with hearty applause by the Sons and their guests. Mrs. William Cummings Story, National President of the Daughters of the American Revolution, spoke of the cooperation which had always existed between the two orders, and Rogers Clark Ballard Thruston of Louisville, President General of the Sons, told of the early history of the American flag, which he said was not regularly used by the artillery of the army until 1834, the infantry until 1841, and the cavalry until 1887. The most common of the many varieties of battle flag used in our early wars was a blue field on which were blazoned the national arms. The Stars and Stripes, however, have been the flag of the navy since 1777.

After the speeches a photo play, based on James Fenimore Cooper's novel "The Spy," was performed for the party. This was the first release of the film, except for its trial before its owners, and it aroused great enthusiasm.

Yesterday was a heavy day for those members of the Sons of the American Revolution who had come from Philadelphia on a pilgrimage to Cambridge, Mass., over the route traversed by Washington when he went to take command of the Continental Army. They started early in the morning for a whirlwind campaign of sightseeing and patriotic celebration.

It was 8:45 o'clock when such of the pilgrims as could recover from the strain of the march from Philadelphia tumbled into a row of automobiles at the Martinique and started downtown.

The first stop on the tour was at the City Hall, where the pilgrims marched up to the Governor's Room. Here they gathered around Washington's writing table, overlooked by Trumbull's portraits of Jay, Hamilton, and others, and waited for the Mayor, who was to receive them at 10 o'clock. Mr. Mitchel, however, was delayed, and in the interval Dr. Frank Hagaman Hall lectured to the pilgrims on the history of the City Hall. Presently the Mayor appeared, and was greeted by Louis Annin Ames, President of the Empire State Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, who explained the patriotic objects of the order.

In his response the Mayor touched briefly on the revolutionary patriots and continued: "We are doing all we can to establish a just, efficient, and honest government in this city. The struggles which a government must constantly engage in to perpetuate popular rights are not unlike the struggles by which they were secured. Often they are not apparent, but they are constantly going on."

Gen. George Byron Loud responded, after which the pilgrims re-embarked in their motor cars and went on through the financial district. The next stop was at Fraunces Tavern, at Broad and Pearl Streets. Here, in the old dining room, where Washington delivered the farewell address to his officers, the party gathered and was welcomed by Henry Russell Drowne, Secretary of the Sons of the Revolution, who now own the building. Mr. Ames responded.

The party then moved on to the Sub-Treasury, where exercises were held, at which Col. John W. Vrooman, Vice President of the New York Sons and Past Grand Master of the Masons of the State, presided.

The automobile party went on across the Manhattan Bridge to Brooklyn and rolled through the navy yard, showing considerable interest in the Utah, just back from Mexican waters, in passing. The next stop was in Fort Greene Park, the sight of the revolutionary Fort Putnam, where the Martyrs' Monument marks the graves of more than 11,000 Americans who died in British prison ships during the Revolution. Here exercises were held by the society, in conjunction with the Martyrs' Monument Association and the Society of Old Brooklynites.

The pilgrims went on to the Montauk Club for luncheon, after which they visited Prospect Park and the site of the battle of Brooklyn. Here President General Thurston laid a wreath on the monument to the Maryland troops, who saved the American Army from utter disaster in the battle. The party returned to Manhattan over the Williamsburg Bridge.

Today the party of Sons of the American Revolution from Philadelphia will hold exercises at Kingsbridge, at St. Paul's Church, Eastchester, and at the Paine Monument in New Rochelle. They will leave New York State this afternoon on their way to Cambridge.

MORE BATTLESHIPS FOR PACIFIC WATERS

But Not All, Perhaps Not Any, of the Great Fleet That Goes Through the Canal Will Stay.

DANIELS MISUNDERSTOOD

Statement Misinterpreted, in View of Dispute with Japan—But a Larger Pacific Fleet Later.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Secretary of the Navy Daniels was understood this afternoon to say that after the Atlantic Fleet of twenty battleships and many smaller craft had passed through the Panama Canal next March, on its way to the Panama Exposition, it would remain in the Pacific waters for a long time.

Late this evening the Navy Department issued the following statement:

An incidental reference to the navy's plans in regard to the coming Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco made by the Secretary of the Navy this afternoon having been misconstrued by some of the newspaper men as an announcement that the Atlantic fleet would be sent to the Pacific coast and there remain for a long period, it is requested by the Secretary that the following statement be published by the press:

Next Spring it is the intention of the navy to send as great a proportion of the Atlantic fleet as can be conveniently spared as an escort of honor to visiting ships of foreign nations attending the ceremonies incident to the opening of the Panama Canal. The fleet will accompany the visitors through the canal to San Francisco, which will be reached in April, where they will take part in the ceremonies incident to the Panama-Pacific Exposition. Further than this no definite plans have been made.

It is possible that a division of four ships will take advantage of this occasion to visit Honolulu and that another division will visit Puget Sound. The fleet will then return to the Atlantic Coast. Whether or not any of the ships of the fleet will be left permanently on the West Coast has not yet been determined, although with the opening of the Panama Canal it is of course obvious that there will eventually be more ships in Pacific waters than at present.

The fighting fleet in the Pacific is far stronger than ever it has been before, and this reinforcement will come at a time when the renewed correspondence between the United States and Japan may be expected to have reached a definite development.

One chapter of this correspondence, which showed unyielding firmness on both sides, closed with the publication here yesterday and in Tokio today of the notes to date. The second chapter was opened in reality on Thursday by the sending of Mr. Bryan's reply to the last Japanese communication, received at the Department of State on June 10 from the Japanese Foreign Minister, Baron Kato.

In that communication Baron Kato intimated that he would be pleased to have an answer to the Japanese note of Aug. 26, 1913. In his note of June 23, it is understood, Mr. Bryan refers to the Japanese note of Aug. 26 merely to suggest that Japan bring forward the other aspects of the subject. At this point Mr. Bryan rests his case, leaving the next move entirely to the Imperial Government. Mr. Bryan has intimated that his last note may be made public next week.

It is not expected, of course, that the California controversy, which in its most recent stages was little more than an academic discussion for purposes of record, will reach a point where the presence of a great fleet in the Pacific will be a necessity.

The American naval forces now in the Pacific consist of the Pacific Fleet, the Pacific Reserve Fleet, and the Asiatic Fleet. The Pacific Fleet consists of three armored cruisers, a torpedo flotilla, a submarine division, and auxiliaries. The Pacific Reserve Fleet consists of the battleship Oregon, the armored cruisers West Virginia, Colorado, and South Dakota, the cruisers Albany, Chattanooga, Milwaukee, and St. Louis, submarines, and auxiliaries. The Asiatic Fleet consists of the cruisers Saratoga, Cincinnati, and Galveston, with several gunboats, a torpedo flotilla, and auxiliaries.

TOKIO, Japan, June 26.—The correspondence between Japan and the United States in connection with the Californian Anti-Alien Land law was published here today. It was preceded by a summary showing that the Japanese Government abandons its proposal for a new convention, but continues negotiations with the American Government, contending that the land act is discriminatory.

WILL DOUBLE FORD PLANT.

Company to Add Eight Buildings and Employ 40,000 Men.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, June 26.—The Ford Motor Company will double its plant before Fall, making it the largest manufacturing plant in this country and probably in the world.

Seven new buildings and a power house are to be erected, at a cost of about $5,000,000. The buildings will each be 900 feet long, 60 feet wide, and six stories high. The power house will be 240 feet long, 150 feet wide, and 265 feet high, and will house the largest gasoline engine in the world, driving motors that will produce 30,000 horse power.

The company plans, with these increased facilities, to double its 1914 output next year. This means that when the factory is running full, about 40,000 men will be employed.

Latest Shipping News.

BY MARCONI WIRELESS.—SS Dwinsk, (Russian-American Line,) Libau to New York, was 1,000 miles E. of Sandy Hook at 7:07 P. M., Sun. SS Gen. Goethals, Manchester to New York, was 1,200 miles E. of Sandy Hook at 1:30 P. M.

REBEL LEADERS RACE FOR MEXICO CITY

Carranza Starts Gonzales for San Luis Potosi, for Which Gen. Villa Is Rushing.

OBREGON FOR GUADALAJARA

So Three Large Armies Will Be Moving at Once Toward the National Capital.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Gen. Carranza notified Capt. Breceda, his secretary, who arrived here today, that Gen. Pablo Gonzales had left Saltillo for San Luis Potosi with his troops and plenty of ammunition, and that both San Luis Potosi and Guadalajara were expected to be in the hands of the Constitutionalists within a week.

The capture of Zacatecas by Gens. Villa and Angeles has placed Villa's strong force nearest to the City of Mexico.

The dispatches received today indicate that Gonzales is under orders to take San Luis Potosi as soon as possible, while Gen. Obregon has similar orders to take Guadalajara without delay.

There is every indication that there will be a pretty race between the armies of Villa, Gonzales, and Obregon for the Mexican capital.

Rear Admiral Badger cabled the Navy Department tonight that he had been informed that there had been a considerable movement of Constitutionalist troops from Monterey through Tampico to San Luis Potosi in the last few days.

Villa Chasing His Beaten Foes.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, June 26.—Gen. Villa and practically his entire army are pursuing the Federals defeated at Zacatecas, according to a report received here tonight. So precipitate was the flight of the Federals to Aguascallentes that they had little time to damage the railroads, it is said.

Gen. Pascual Orozco, who was one of the northern leaders in the revolution against Madero, is surrounded by rebel cavalry near Soledad, according to reports. Orozco, together with Gen. Marcello Caraveo, another "Colorado," as the Orozco revolutionists are called by the Constitutionalists, fled from Zacatecas with a small command. He was forced to stop twice to repair the railroad, and this gave the rebel force which started in pursuit of him time to send a detachment ahead and wreck the tracks. Orozco and his entire command will be shot if they are captured. Antonio Rojas and Benjamin Argumedo, former Orozcoistas, were killed at Zacatecas.

Prominent Constitutionalists here have taken a more aggressive attitude, now that Zacatecas is taken. When the tide was apparently going against the rebel cause the revolutionary agents were urging Carranza to adopt a more conciliatory attitude toward mediation. Now, however, they assert that under no circumstances will hostilities be stopped until Mexico City is captured.

A large issue of Villa money, to take up all the rebel paper currency issued to date, is contemplated. Report puts the amount at 20,000,000 pesos.

Discussion of the Carranza-Villa estrangement was re-opened today by Roberto Pesqueira, confidential agent for the Constitutionalists here, who was formerly stationed at Washington. He gave out the text of one of his telegrams sent to Gen. Villa, in which he criticised the commander for denying the arrests by his troops of national executive officials at Juarez and the confiscation of national treasury funds there.

In an interview Señor Pesqueira said he understood Gen. Villa was about to restore these officials to office, having learned that he had been imposed on by some subordinates. Señor Pesqueira added:

"Undoubtedly with this great and prudent resolution of Gen. Villa, and with the riddance of several bad elements that surrounded Gen. Carranza, that much-discussed rupture will convert itself into a perfect understanding and unification of the Constitutionalist cause which we soon will see crowned with complete success."

SILENT ON WAR PLANS.

Blanquet Declines to Discuss the Defense of San Luis Potosi.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 26.—The newspaper men put the following question to War Minister Blanquet tonight:

"Will you kindly furnish us the details of the fighting which preceded the evacuation of Zacatecas, as the fact in question is now public property and the general belief is that the defeat of the Government's forces was complete, and it is even said that a large number of them went over to the rebels?"

Gen. Blanquet's answer was: "There are no details, as the dispatches have not yet been received."

Gen. Blanquet also was asked whether the forces of Gen. Rubio Navarrete had, in view of the Niagara peace arrangements, and assuming the evacuation of Vera Cruz by the Americans, received orders to return to this capital. The Minister denied the report and said it was impossible to know what orders the President might issue. The attention of the Minister was drawn to reports that Villa's forces were advancing simultaneously against Aguascallentes and San Luis Potosi, and he was asked whether those cities would be defended or also evacuated. The Minister said he reserved his reply. Finally Gen. Blanquet denied that the Federals were bottled up in Cuernavaca or that the place was short of provisions, as the necessary supplies were being dispatched from the capital.

The President sent a bill to Congress this afternoon, enlarging the scope of the programme of the extra session.

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NO ASSISTANT FOR BRYAN.

House Rejects Proposal, Speaker Clark Voting "No" Loudly.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—By a vote of 134 to 82 the House today rejected the request of Secretary Bryan for an assistant at $4,500 a year. The request was embodied in an amendment, attached to the Legislative bill in the Senate.

Speaker Clark voted against the motion to concur in the Senate amendment, apparently doing so to make the House's refusal more emphatic. He voted "No" in a loud voice, and the Republicans applauded.

TWO GERMAN AIRMEN DIE.

One Killed by Explosion of Motor, the Other by Fall.

BITSCH, Alsace-Lorraine, June 26.—Major Buechner, a passenger in a military aeroplane, was killed today by the explosion of the motor when the machine fell. The fall was only ten yards.

METZ, Germany, June 26.—The army aviator "Musketeer" Grunow today fell with his aeroplane from a height of forty yards and died shortly afterward from injuries sustained.

WOMAN ON HOSPITAL STAFF.

Dr. Margaret N. Sullivan Overcomes Jersey City Prejudice.

Dr. Margaret N. Sullivan, President of the Child Welfare Association of Jersey City, was appointed last night by the Board of Hospital Trustees assistant to Chief Surgeon Dr. J. J. Mooney at the City Hospital. Dr. Sullivan is the first woman physician to serve upon the hospital staff.

The place of assistant surgeon is not a salaried one. As in her work in the Child Welfare Association Dr. Sullivan will render service to the women patients at the City Hospital without compensation.

LOUIS MARGOLIN MISSING.

New York Man Vanishes in a California Wilderness.

FRESNO, Cal., June 26.—Louis Margolin, an Inspector in the Forest Service, has apparently been swallowed up in the wilderness of the Sierra National forest in this county, and it is feared that he may have perished. He may have been killed in the heavy electric storm in the mountains several days ago.

Scores of rangers and mountaineers are searching for him. The home of the missing man is New York City, where his father, mother, and brother live. He is a graduate of Harvard and was trained in forestry at Cornell.

FAVORS MIXING RACES.

Prof. Boaz Defends Intermarriage of Whites with Japanese.

BERKELEY, Cal., June 26.—Intermarriage of whites with Japanese, Hindus, and other Orientals was defended yesterday by Prof. Franz Boas of Columbia University in a lecture at the University of California.

"All this feeling out here in California against the intermarriage of Americans and Japanese, as well as between whites and other Orinetal peoples, is simply foolish sentimentality without the slightest biological foundation," Prof. Boas said.

"Practically all the population of Europe is the product of the most widely divergent racial intermixtures. Humanity, fundamentally, is very nearly identical the world over, no matter what may be the color or race."

TROOPS SHOOT A JAPANESE.

Negro Soldiers Mistake His Duel with a Ranchman for an Attack.

YUMA, Arizona, June 26.—Thinking that a Japanese in a house in the Yuma Valley was firing at them, a passing detachment of United States negro cavalry yesterday fired several shots into the house. The soldiers were unaware that the Japanese was engaged in a rifle duel with an American rancher who had ordered the Japanese off his ranch after a quarrel.

Investigation proved that the Japanese was seriously wounded. He said he was shot by soldiers, and not by the rancher. The rancher said the attentions of the Japanese to American women on the ranch were offensive.

FIGHT ADIRONDACK FIRE.

Lumbermen Are Enlisted to Help State Employes at Indian Pass.

ALBANY, June 26.—Reports of a serious forest fire near Indian Pass, Essex County, were received by the Conservation Commission today. Agents of the commission left immediately to take charge of the fire-fighting forces and men from lumber camps in the vicinity were called on to help extinguish the flames.

Minor fires also were reported near Cranberry Lake and Big Moose Lake in St. Lawrence County.

ROPE SKIPPING KILLS GIRL.

Philomena Aurello Makes 300 Jumps, Then Falls in the Street.

Philomena Aurello, 6 years old, of 538 John Street, Union Hill, came home from school on Friday very much overheated. She rested a few minutes and then went on the street to jump rope with companions. She jumped her rope 300 times without stopping and then fell unconscious. Her mother, who had seen the exhibition, carried her into the house.

The little girl was not attended until yesterday afternoon, when she had one convulsion after another. She died shortly after Dr. Arthur Justin of Union Hill reached her. The County Physician's office was notified.

COSTLY STABLE BURNED.

Reward for Evidence as to Who Set $15,000 Building Ablaze.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., June 26.—R. B. Bula, ex-Vice President of the American Tobacco Company, who owns an estate in South Broadway opposite Lyndhurst, the country seat of Mrs. Helen Gould Shepard, offered a reward today for information leading to the arrest and conviction of the person who set fire to his stable, which cost $15,000, this evening.

This is the third fire that Mr. Bula had suffered on his estate in a short time. The horses in the stable were saved, but owing to the distance of the building from the hydrants and the fact that several lengths of hose burst, the firemen were handicapped in fighting the blaze.

THE ALLTOGETHER POUCH
Holds pipe and tobacco. At the Schulte Stores. —Adv.

COLUMBIA WINS BIG 'VARSITY RACE

Persistence of Blue and White Oarsmen Triumphs at Last in a Slashing Contest.

PENN 2D, THEN CORNELL

Ithacans Favorites for Four-Mile Event After Winning the Preliminary Contests.

THRONGS AT POUGHKEEPSIE

Winners Were Lightest and Youngest in Race, but Admirably Conditioned by Coach Rice.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 26.—In the golden sunset of the waning day, Columbia, with the lightest and youngest crew on the river, after nineteen years of stubborn persistent trying, triumphed in the 'Varsity race of the intercollegiate regatta today, when the Blue and White oar blades, working in perfect rhythm, shot the Morningside shell over the finish line a winner in the most heartbreaking sensational race that has been seen here in years.

To win Columbia had to kill off the much-flaunted Cornell crew and the Pennsylvanians, the English coached crew which for most of the way threatened to sweep all before it. The race was between these three crews, and it was the brilliant watermanship of Jim Rice's boys, backed with hearts of iron and a fighting spirit that refused to even falter, that gave Cornell and Pennsylvania a beating that they will never forget. The other crews were away back, and nobody saw them when they finished.

Syracuse was fourth and Washington, plugging along gamely, was fifth, with the cardinal-colored blades of Wisconsin splashing and going as best they could.

Columbia finished a whole length in front, and the time was 19:37 4-5; Pennsylvania was second in 19:41, while Cornell's time was 19:44.

Cornell Crowd Stunned.

The result came as a stunning shock to the big gathering of Cornell sympathizers, for the Ithacans had everything their own way in the junior eights and the freshman race. Cornell won the junior eights, with Columbia second, Pennsylvania third, and Syracuse fourth. Cornell's time was 11:15 2-5.

Cornell made a procession of the freshman race, winning by ten lengths, while the other crews fought it out and had a race of their own in the ruck. Syracuse was second, Pennsylvania third, Wisconsin fourth, and Columbia a bad last. The winner's time was 10:26.

A scene like today's has never before been seen at any aquatic event in this country. More than 50,000 persons saw the race from hillside, river bank, excursion boats, and observation trains. Never has there been such a gathering of people here. The day was broiling hot, and everybody suffered, but the race they saw after waiting in the hot sun all afternoon was worth it. The river was thick with pleasure craft. There were ten big excursion steamers from New York, scores of yachts, and hundreds of motor boats. The revenue cutters were kept busy keeping the craft back from the course.

This victory of Columbia seems too good to be true. Columbia has made a great race of it here many a time before, only to see Cornell or Syracuse lift their shells into the lead at the finish. This crew of Rice's today was different. Fine generalship was shown all the way. Every time Coxswain Wood called upon his men he got a response. The oarsmanship of the Columbia men was well-nigh perfect; they swung in harmony, pulled the stroke through steadily, sturdily, and finished with confident grace.

The Columbia shell cut the water without a hitch. It never faltered or lagged. It glided along easily, responding to the perfectly applied driving power which the Morningside boys put into every stroke.

Columbia came here in greater droves than ever before. It was not because they were confident of winning, but they knew that it was one of the most perfectly drilled eights that ever wore the colors. What these partisans were afraid of was the lack of beef and stamina in the boat. Every ounce of it was used to the best advantage and when the gruelling back-breaking moment came with the goal in sight, they rose majestically to the situation and lifted the shell over the finish line.

Columbians Go Wild.

The enthusiasm was a riot. During the last half mile the Columbia crowd went crazy. Undergraduates hugged

back, first even with Pennsylvania and then behind her. Columbia kept right on and increased the lead to a length. Cornell was a length behind Pennsylvania. Cornell hadn't finished as far back as third since 1908.

This is Columbia's second victory on the Hudson. Way back in 1895, when the first big regatta was held over the Poughkeepsie-Highland course, Columbia's crew, coached by Dr. Walter Peet, won. Since then Columbia has been second and third, and in fact in every position. Once or twice victory has been within her grasp, but the Morningside crew has slipped at the last moment until today. The crew, captained by Irving W. Hadsell, rose magnificently to the possibilities of a great victory.

The Start Delayed.

There was a long delay in starting the race. Penn was the first crew to put in an appearance at 6:25. It was 6:50 when Columbia got to the stake boat. The start was a bad one. Cornell getting away poorly after bumping the stern of her shell into her stakeboat. Pennsylvania had the inside lane. The southwest breeze which wafted lazily up the river made hardly a ripple on the water. Pennsylvania got away first, and in the first quarter of a mile the nose of the blue and red shell was out in front; at half a mile Pennsylvania was half a length in front. Cornell was rowing along bunched with Wisconsin and Syracuse. Columbia and Washington were a bit back, but not very far.

Slowly, Cornell, rowing a steady 32, pulled up second to Penn. Syracuse was third, and Columbia, rowing a 32, was fourth. After passing the half-mile mark, Columbia began to come up. Before the mile was reached the Morningside crew was in third place, the nose of the shell showing ahead of Syracuse. At the mile and a half the Cornell had drawn up on Penn and Columbia was almost on even terms with Cornell. There was little to choose between the three crews, all of them rowing a 32 stroke. Wisconsin was in the ruck, but Washington was only half a length behind Columbia, and Syracuse was challenging for Washington's position. Cornell and Penn were then going along stroke for stroke with the noses of their shells on even terms. Columbia was but a few feet behind.

The crowds on the boats and observation train yelled above the din of the whistles.

The Penn delegation came on a special train after they heard about the Quakers' fine row last week. They were almost insane with delight at seeing Penn giving Cornell such a great battle. The Cornell crowd was yelling for open water, while Columbia was going into spasms of delight at the beautiful manner in which their shell was gliding through the water at such a low stroke. The unison of the Columbia crew was the most perfect on the river. Coming to the two-mile mark there was little to choose between Penn, Cornell and Columbia. From the shore it looked as if they were about even. It was a great race, and the coxswains were watching each other sharply. One thing was certain by this time: Cornell wasn't going to get a jump on the others like she had done so many times before. In the lane between Columbia, on the outer course, and Penn, in the inner lane, Cornell had all she could do to hold her own.

After two and one-half miles had been passed these crews seemed to see-saw for the lead. First it was Penn, then the other. There never was more than a few feet advantage by any one of the eights. Pennsylvania then sent her stroke up to thirty-six and forged a little ahead. But Columbia and Cornell stuck close to behind and was soon on even terms again. The race was becoming such a heart-breaker that it was expected that at any moment any one of these three crews fighting for the lead would crack, but not one of them took the slightest notice of any one of them. The crews were approaching the bridge. As the shells shot under the second arch it was a toss up between Pennsylvania, Columbia, and Cornell.

"Here is where Cornell will show something!" yelled the crowd; "wait until they reach the bridge and then they have orders from Courtney to go out and get the race!" But here was once that Courtney's orders were disobeyed. There was a call from the coxswain to hit up the stroke, but Cornell failed to gain anything. Behind these three the other crews were coming along at no mean gait. Washington was hitting up a thirty-six stroke and was gaining on Syracuse, while Wisconsin was falling back. The second three crews were out of the race anyway. They couldn't match the smooth, killing pace of the first trio.

Columbia Passes Cornell.

After shooting under the bridge the Columbia coxswain could be heard encouraging the men. He barked something sharply at McCarthy, the No. 7 stroke oar. The Columbia shell took a jump. The stroke went up to 36, and Columbia was plainly in front of Cornell and was fast overtaking Pennsylvania. "Come on Columbia; stick to it; you've got them going now; don't let up," yelled the Columbia coxswain. Then began the great race between Pennsylvania and Columbia. Pennsylvania hung on for dear life. They were not beaten out yet, and even if they were defeated in the final drive no one will ever forget that this English coached crew fought out to the bitter end without a whimper. The roars for Columbia now came from the boats and the hillsides. It was "Come on Columbia!" thundering across the river with such volume that it almost seemed as the Columbia crew heard it and pulled all the harder at their oars.

At the 3¼-mile mark the real test came. Inch by inch the Columbia crew began to creep ahead. As spontaneous as a clap of thunder a cheer exploded from every side when a bow of the Columbia shell nosed out in front. The Columbia crowd on observation trains were stilled, for Cornell was now slipping back into third place. Pennsylvania was fighting in desperation, but fighting so hard that it was clearly apparent that that last bit of stamina which would be needed in a few seconds in the final spurt for the finish.

Then came Columbia's great finish. The advantage at this time was so slight that the lead might have been thrown the crew out of its beautiful stride. It was the moment when the men would have to pull together and pull as they never had before down over the killing course. The coxwain measured his distance well. He yelled to his fighting crew that the finish was but a hundred yards away. Pennsylvania, too, heard it and Columbia boat forged ahead. With the finish so close the Pennsylvania coxwain called upon his men to jump ahead of Cornell. The Pennsylvania stroke went to 38, and it was enough for Cornell's 34. In vain did the Cornell crew try to win second honors, but Pennsylvania rowing strongly flashed over the line two lengths behind Columbia, while Cornell was about the same distance behind Pennsylvania.

Back of the first three boats a pretty race was going on, but no one paid any attention to it. Syracuse was having a hard time keeping ahead of Washington. The big brawny lads from the Pacific Coast had rowed an in and out race, hitting up the strokes several times to keep in front of Syracuse, but in the last quarter mile Syracuse, last year's winner, managed to beat out Washington. Wisconsin was in a sad plight, and pulled home in last place.

Cornell Wins Early Races.

Both of the preliminary races went to Cornell, and up to the time of the Varsity event Cornell's confidence ran high that the Ithacans would again perform the great trick of sweeping the river. The junior Varsity "eights" is a new event here, and proved a more attractive contest at two miles than the four-oared race. Pennsylvania got away first in this event, with Columbia second, Cornell third, and Syracuse fourth. At the half mile Cornell had pulled up on even terms with Pennsylvania, and going past the mile there was a boat's length between Cornell and Columbia. Pennsylvania was back in third place fighting along with Syracuse. None of the crews, not even Cornell, showed good form, and the rowing in the three boats was more or less jerky. Cornell held the lead, although Columbia sent the stroke up to 36 near the finish. Cornell showed a length of open water when the shell crossed the line ahead of Columbia, while the Pennsylvania crew was a length and a quarter behind Columbia. Syracuse was badly beaten, finishing five lengths behind Pennsylvania.

Cornell showed a crew in the freshman race which promises great things during the next few years, as the youngsters showed a world of speed and rowed well together. They hopelessly outclassed all the others and won as they pleased, ten lengths in front. After the mile and a half mark was passed the spectators lost all interest in the Cornell crew because it was far in the lead.

But in the meantime the other crews were having a hard race of it. At one and a half miles Cornell was out in front by six lengths. Pennsylvania was second, having a close scrap with Syracuse, while Columbia was fighting it out with Wisconsin. It was nip and tuck from there to the finish between these crews. At the bridge Columbia challenged and pulled up almost on even terms with Pennsylvania and Syracuse, and then fell helplessly in the rear. This one spurt seemed to have taken all the reserve energy out of the crew. Soon after this Lorenz, the No. 2 oar in the Columbia boat, caught a crab, and this put the whole crew out of gear and they lost a whole stroke before recovering. After that Columbia fell back steadily.

Cornell finished in 10:26, while Syracuse was second, Pennsylvania third, Wisconsin fourth, and Columbia last. The Syracuse, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin shells were lapped as they finished.

Scramble to Get Into Ferry.

The crowd was so great on the West Shore after the races that the transportation facilities were badly crippled. The people were so anxious to get back to Poughkeepsie after the races that there was nearly a riot at the ferry slip. Several women fainted and were trampled upon. The fence guarding the runway to the ferryboat was torn down by the crowd, and it was two hours before some of the people were finally transported to the other side of the river. Trolley kinds got off from rickety, leaky rowboat to lumbersome tugs were used to take the people across the river. Several women ruined beautiful gowns at the river edge trying to jump into the boats from the rocks, and several launches were grounded after getting near the shore.

The Columbia crowd is having a high old time in Poughkeepsie. Hundreds of pent-up enthusiasm was turned loose and the city is in the hands of the joyous, care-free crowd, which is lauding Columbia's great victory. All the musicians in town were turned out and placed at the head of parades. Firecrackers and Roman candles make the place seem like the Fourth of July. The extra force of policemen are having the time of their lives in keeping the sidewalks clear, so that the women can pass. Blank-cartridge pistols are much in evidence, and the favorite pastime of the victory-crazed students is shooting them off under horses' feet. The streets are so crowded that a runaway is impossible. It is the first time in many years that the crowd has stayed over in Poughkeepsie to see the fun. The hotels were all crowded, and a good many of the visitors did not worry about whether they would sleep in a hotel or in the park.

BANQUET FOR WINNING CREW.

Columbia Graduates Plan Big Celebration on Thursday Night.

The Columbia crew's victory on the Hudson will be formally celebrated at a banquet which is to be held at the Columbia University Club on Thursday night, at which Coach Jim Rice and the members of the victorious crew will be the guests of honor. Plans for the banquet were started immediately after the race and it is believed that there will be a record breaking number of old graduates who will want to attend the dinner. The only fear of those pushing the project is that they will not be able to accommodate all the Columbia graduates who wish to attend.

About 2,000 Columbia graduates and undergraduates arrived from Poughkeepsie shortly before 1 o'clock this morning on the Asbury Park, a chartered steamer. The college men had a hilarious time coming down the river, and many old athletes and oarsmen among the party were called upon for speeches.

The House Committee of the Columbia University Club sent out for yards and yards of bunting and streamers and raked up the club's entire collection of Columbia flags last night to decorate the clubhouse in honor of the victory of their crew in the intercollegiate regatta. Inside and out the clubhouse was soon decked out in light blue and white. A huge punch bowl was unearthed, filled and emptied a number of times in honor of the occasion.

INTERCOLLEGIATE REGATTA.

Hudson River at Poughkeepsie.

Varsity Eights.

Four Miles.—Columbia won by 1 length; Pennsylvania, second; Cornell, third; Syracuse, fourth; Washington, fifth; Wisconsin, sixth. Time — Columbia, 19:37 4-5; Pennsylvania, 19:41; Cornell, 19:44 1-5; Syracuse, 19:59 2-5; Washington, 20:01 3-5; Wisconsin, 20:20.

Course record, four miles, Cornell 18:38 1-5 in 1901.

The Crews.

COLUMBIA: Course No. 3—Bow, H. A. Naumer; No. 2, A. C. Rothwell; No. 3, E. J. Williams; No. 4, V. C. Sanborn; No. 5, E. Pitt; No. 6, W. N. Breiton; No. 7, I. W. Hadsell; stroke, C. F. MacCarthy; coxswain; R. W. Wood. Average age 21¼; average height, 5 feet 11 inches; average weight, 166½ pounds.

PENNSYLVANIA: Course No. 1—Bow, W. C. Chickering; No. 2, H. Butler; No. 3, R. R. Waitrous; No. 4, F. A. Blatz; No. 5, R. B. Garvin; No. 6, J. V. Merrick; No. 7, W. B. Littleton; stroke, H. K. Marcy; coxswain, A. J. Foster. Average age, 20½; average height, 6 feet ¼ inch; average weight, 178½ pounds.

CORNELL, Course No. 4—Bow, W. V. Ellms; No. 2, B. C. Duffie; No. 3, L. Eddy; No. 4, A. R. Gilman; No. 5, R. Weiles; No. 6, E. S. Bird; No. 7, J. F. O'Brien; stroke, R. C. Spranzy; coxswain, L. P. Hand. Average age, 22½; average height, 5 feet 11 15-16 inches; average weight, 175¾ pounds.

SYRACUSE, Course No. 3—Bow, C. T. Wonken; No. 2, W. Sanders; No. 3, M. Keuhn; No. 4, H. W. Robbins; No. 5, R. Probst; No. 6, H. Rich; No. 7, M. Helfinger; stroke, W. Glass; coxswain, C. Goss. Average age, 23½; average height, 6 feet 1 inch; average weight, 174 pounds.

WASHINGTON, Course No. 6—Bow, C. Brokaw; No. 2, J. Frankland; No. 3, T. Cushman; No. 4, N. Schumacher; No. 5, M. Walsha; No. 6, C. Catlin; No. 7, R. Callow; stroke, H. Zimmerman; coxswain, W. Dunbar. Average age, 22½; average height, 6 feet 11-32 inch; average weight, 171¾ pounds.

WISCONSIN, Course No. 3—Bow, H. B. Clayton; No. 2, C. H. Schroeder; No. 3, M. T. Kennedy; No. 4, J. B. Tasker; No. 5, C. N. Casberg; No. 6, A. J. Dexter; No. 7, A. Wittich; stroke, C. Bohstadt; coxswain, J. B. Brown. Average age, 23½; average height, 5 feet 11¾ inches; average weight, 170¼ pounds.

Junior Eights.

Two Miles.—Cornell won by 1½ lengths; Columbia, second; Pennsylvania, third; Syracuse, fourth. Time — Cornell, 11:15 2-5; Columbia, 11:25 2-5; Pennsylvania, 11:33 2-5; Syracuse, 11:50 3-5.

CORNELL, Course No. 1—Bow, T. S. Kroft; No. 2, R. Ford; No. 3, S. Le Boeschold; No. 4, J. C. Swaltz; No. 5, F. H. Rayfield; No. 6, R. M. Smith; No. 7, K. H. Farnew; stroke, C. Andrews; coxswain, B. G. Pratt.

COLUMBIA, Course No. 2—Bow, F. K. Richard; No. 2, H. C. Lanbar; No. 3, F. M. Simonds, Jr.; No. 4, C. Robinson; No. 5, C. W. Cronanberg; No. 6, R. H. Spurgeon; No. 7, E. A. Scherpich; stroke, O. B. Myers; coxswain, H. E. Bird, Jr.

PENNSYLVANIA COURSE, NO. 3.
SYRACUSE, COURSE NO. 4.

Freshman Eights.

Two Miles.—Cornell won by seven lengths; Syracuse, second; Pennsylvania, third; Columbia, fourth; Wisconsin, fifth. Time —Cornell, 10:26; Syracuse, 10:50 1-5; Pennsylvania, 10:50 2-5; Columbia, 10:56 1-5; Wisconsin, 10:59.

Course record for freshman eights, 9:31 3-5.

CORNELL, Course No. 1—Bow, C. E. Lund; No. 2, J. D. Stahl; No. 3, H. A. Mayers; No. 4, L. W. Overlock; No. 5, J. A. Wa-n; No. 6, A. A. Cushers; No. 7, C. J. Reichert; stroke, J. L. Collyer; coxswain, F. A. McCandless.

SYRACUSE, Course No. 5—Bow, B. O. Keener; No. 2, C. E. Redman; No. 3, W. C. Carr; No. 4, J. B. Kowall; No. 5, L. D. Sprague; No. 6, R. B. Whitehead; No. 7, E. P. Keating; stroke, A. C. Owan; coxswain, C. Jayne.

PENNSYLVANIA, COURSE NO. 4.
COLUMBIA, COURSE NO. 2.
WISCONSIN, COURSE NO. 3.

Former Varsity Races.

Year.	Winner.	Time.
1895....	Columbia	21:25
1896....	Cornell	19:57
1897....	Cornell	20:34
*1897....	Cornell	19:47 4-5
1899....	Pennsylvania	20:04
1900....	†Pennsylvania	19:44 3-5
1901....	Cornell	18:53 1-5
1902....	Cornell	19:03 3-5
1903....	Cornell	18:57
1904....	Syracuse	20:22 3-5
1905....	Cornell	20:29
1907....	Cornell	20:02 2-5
1908....	Cornell	19:36 4-5
1909....	Columbia	19:24 1-5
1909....	Cornell	19:02
1910....	Cornell	20:42 1-5
1911....	Cornell	20:10 4-5
1912....	Cornell	19:31 2-5
1913....	Syracuse	19:28 3-5

*Two regattas were held in 1897, both won by Cornell.

CARRANZA AGENTS URGE A CONFERENCE

Zubaran and Cabrera Press Their Chief to Accept the Mediators' Proposals.

BRECEDA IN WASHINGTON

First Chief's Secretary Is Sounding Sentiment—Niagara Expects Full Settlement in a Week.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Capt. Alfredo Breceda, private secretary to Gen. Carranza, arrived in Washington today on an important mission connected with the effort to settle Mexico's troubles by informal conferences with the Huerta delegates. He brought special instructions to Señor Rafael Zubaran, chief of the Constitutionalist agency in Washington, and to Señor Luis Cabrera, one of Carranza's special envoys here.

Capt. Breceda gave the impression soon after his arrival here that the civil war in Mexico would not be settled by diplomacy, and that the revolution would continue until the Constitutionalist forces had taken Mexico City.

Capt. Breceda spent the day and evening in a series of conferences, but no announcement was made as to whether Carranza would accept the invitation of the A B C mediators to hold a conference with representatives of Gen. Huerta. It was stated by Señor Zubaran tonight that he might not receive Carranza's reply before Monday. Señores Zubaran and Cabrera hope that Carranza will consent to the proposed conference, but have received, they insist, no intimation of what Carranza's decision in the matter will be.

There is reason for the belief that the purpose of Capt. Breceda's visit is to survey the situation for Carranza and to make confidential reports for his guidance. Carranza has been receiving conflicting advice from Washington relative to mediation, and the suggested conference with the Huerta representatives. Señores Zubaran and Cabrera and others have urged him to agree to have representatives meet the Huerta delegates. Other friends of Gen. Carranza here and elsewhere have urged him to go slowly in the matter. Now that Zacatecas has been taken, and the Constitutionalists expect to be in control of San Luis Potosi and Guadalajara within a week, they are counseling him to reject the plan for informal conferences.

Capt. Breceda's first conference today was held with Señor Cabrera, and lasted four hours. Then he had a brief conference with J. R. Silliman, former Vice Consul at Saltillo, who was held a prisoner by Huerta's troops nearly a month. Then there was a conference with Sherburne G. Hopkins, who has been an adviser of the Constitutionalists, and later Capt. Breceda conferred for five hours with Señor Zubaran.

The request for Gen. Carranza to send delegates to meet the Huerta delegates was tendered by the A B C envoys to Carranza through Señor Zubaran. It was learned tonight that this communication was couched in such cordial language that the Washington junta of the Constitutionalists was considerably impressed by it.

Late tonight Capt. Breceda had a joint conference with Señors Cabrera and Zubaran. He said he thought the chiefs be able to issue a statement tomorrow.

Gen. Carranza's secretary speaks very little English, but talks fluently in Spanish and French. He describes his trip here as a "special secret mission for Gen. Carranza on business with Señors Zubaran and Cabrera," and denies that he came to confer with Secretary Bryan. Francisco R. Villa Vicencio, who accompanied him, is Capt. Breceda's secretary on this mission, and acts as his interpreter.

Numerous messages from Gen. Carranza were received during the day by Capt. Breceda. One of these stated that Carranza had received assurances from all the leading Generals and Governors outside of the Army of the North, which Villa commands, that they intended to remain loyal to Carranza, as the First Chief, and to the plan of Guadalupe until the revolution has been won.

The leaders who gave these assurances to Gen. Carranza were Gen. Pablo Gonzales, Commander of the Army of the Northeast, which captured Tampico; Gen. Alvaro Obregon, Governor of Guadalajara and Commander of the Army of the Northwest; Antonio I. Villareal, Governor of Nuevo Leon; Candido Aguilar, Chief of Division and Governor of Vera Cruz; Manuel Carrera Torres, Chief of San Luis Potosi; Gens. Eulalio and Luis Gutierrez, who are operating around San Luis Potosi, and Gens. Francisco Munguia, Cesareo Castro, Francisco Coss, Enrique Santos Coy, Jesus Davila Sanchez, Andreas Sauscedo, Jesus Carranza, and Luis Caballero.

The dispatch stated that assurances had been given by these men that they would stand by the First Chief and take his orders regardless of Gen. Villa's attitude. At the same time Capt. Breceda said that the differences between Carranza and Villa were of a minor character.

EXPECTS SPEEDY AGREEMENT.

Niagara Thinks Mexicans May Settle Everything Next Week.

Special to The New York Times.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ontario, June 26.—Realization of the serious problems that will confront the delegates of Gen. Huerta and Gen. Carranza when they undertake to negotiate a settlement of Mexico's internal troubles has not lessened the optimism of those best informed on the subject. There is no overlooking the danger that the new phase of the peace parleys may be futile, but the indications of an amicable agreement outbalance the suggestions by some here that the settlement will come only with the capture of Mexico City by the Constitutionalists.

That the Carranza delegates will come to negotiate with the representatives of Gen. Huerta is regarded as certain by those within the mediation circle. Assurances on this point have been received, and there is reason to believe that Carranza will accept the invitation of the mediators.

One thing that has encouraged the optimists is the attitude of Gen. Villa. His disposition has been to help on the effort to settle Mexico's troubles by amicable means, and it was stated today that his course went to prove that he would abide by any arrangement made by the two sets of Mexican delegates.

It is realized, however, that with Zacatecas and possibly San Luis Potosi captured, the Constitutionalists may be disposed to drive a hard bargain with their fellow-countrymen who represent the faction dominant in Mexico City. Nevertheless both sets of Mexican delegates will probably see the advantage to be gained by a speedy adjustment of their differences.

Articles of agreement, protocolized on Wednesday night by the representatives of President Wilson and Gen. Huerta, establishment of a provisional Government at Mexico City will bring at the very outset formal recognition by the United States, Argentina, Brazil, and Chile, and their approval is certain to be followed by similar action by the governments of Europe. Indorsed in that way, the provisional Government will be able to borrow the money that will be needed for immediate expenses, and the financial situation of the new regime and the Constitutional Government that will succeed it will apparently be assured.

Furthermore, an amicable settlement of differences by the Mexican factions will bring a result desired by both of them—the withdrawal of the United States forces from Vera Cruz. The only condition the Washington Administration makes for such withdrawal is that a provisional Government be established by agreement of the contestants. That has been made plain by the attitude of the American delegates in the A B C mediation.

Upon the basis of these considerations a hopeful feeling exists here, and there is real expectation that the two sets of Mexican delegates will be able to settle their differences by the end of next week.

The mediators and the American and Mexican delegates are awaiting word from Washington concerning the intentions of the Carranzistas. Nothing has been received here to warrant reports that the Constitutionalist envoys will insist that the parleys be held in Buffalo. There had been an expression of such a desire, but it was not pressed, and it is taken for granted here that the Huerta and Carranza Commissioners will hold their sessions on the neutral soil of Canada and probably at this place.

SOUTH AMERICANS PLEASED.

Laudatory Editorials in Argentine and Chilean Newspapers.

BUENOS AIRES, June 26.—All the newspapers here comment in enthusiastic terms today on the success of the mediation conference at Niagara Fal's.

La Nacion says that the solution reached in the dispute between the United States and Mexico could not be better, and adds:

"The United States has set a grand example to the world and has won the respect of the nations by the equanimity and spirit of justice with which she has comported herself under the circumstances."

The newspaper concludes:

"The result of the mediation conference forms a fresh tie between Argentina, Brazil, and Chile."

La Prensa calls the solution reached by the mediation conference "a real triumph for Pan-American diplomacy."

SANTIAGO, Chile, June 26.—Great gratification is expressed by the Chilean newspapers today at the success of the Argentinian, Brazilian, and Chilean mediators at Niagara Falls. Congratulations are showered on those who conceived and proposed the idea of mediation.

MONTEREY GREETS CARRANZA.

Welcomes Chief with Cheers and Makes a Holiday.

MONTERREY, Mexico, June 26. — Gen. Carranza, the Constitutionalist Chief, arrived here yesterday with his staff and was welcomed by Gen. Villareal and a committee representing the city.

A triumphal arch, bearing the word "Welcome," was erected across the track near the railway station, and the city made a holiday of the reception. Enthusiastic cheers for Carranza continued today wherever he appeared. He made speeches from his train at several points on his way to Monterey and also made an address here.

Weston Burwell's Body Recovered.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—The recovery of the bodies of Weston Burwell, the American engineer, and Louis Cordoba, his companion, who were shot by Mexicans at Tamiahua several weeks ago, was reported to the State Department today from Tampico. Burwell's body will be sent to Washington.

REBEL LEADERS RACE FOR MEXICO CITY

Continued from Page 1.

It is rumored that one matter to be brought up, outside of the original programme contained in the act convening the extra session, is the floating of a new international loan by the States controlled by the Government.

MEXICO CITY, June 26.—Gen. Joaquin Maass, commander of the Government troops at San Luis Potosi, arrived here today to confer with President Huerta and Minister of War Blanquet on plans for defending San Luis Potosi against the Constitutionalists, now advancing on that place.

Gen. Luis Medina Barron and the remnant of his troops who evacuated Zacatecas, arrived safely at Aguascalientes today.

MEXICO TO THANK ENVOYS.

Foreign Secretary Says So, but Public Is Doubtful.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 26.—All the local papers this morning give prominence to Gen. Huerta's statement, made for THE NEW YORK TIMES, which was given them last night for publication today. El Sol says: "The correspondent in Mexico of the important New York daily, THE NEW YORK TIMES, received a cable dispatch from that publication relative to the peace protocols, which was shown to President Huerta."

Then follow a Spanish translation of THE TIMES's cablegram and Gen. Huerta's comment as cabled last night to THE TIMES.

Answering a question, Señor Esteva Ruiz, Acting Secretary of Foreign Relations, said this morning that Mexico would undoubtedly thank the mediating powers in due course of time, but had not yet done so.

The peace protocols are not likely to go to the Senate before Monday.

Second thoughts have somewhat cooled the enthusiasm with which the news of the Niagara peace protocols was first received. The apparent absence from the protocols of any provision for the evacuation of Vera Cruz by the Americans is a topic of comment. It is not understood how the continued military occupation of Vera Cruz by the American forces, which in itself constitutes an act of war, is compatible with the peace arrangements.

On the other hand, the gravity of the internal problem is increased by the rebel occupation of Zacatecas. When the United States dispatches reach the capital saying that the organization of a Provisional Government is "the only outstanding question" the remark is usually made that it is, indeed, the only question, but in different sense from that in which the word is used in the dispatches. All along it has been the "only" question, but at present it is not understood how the organization of a Provisional Government or the resignation of Huerta will improve the internal situation. Huerta is understood to be ready to resign if thereby the country's pacification will be attained, but it is thought doubtful whether at the present moment Huerta's resignation or orders from Carranza as a result of that resignation would stop Villa, so that the organization of a Provisional Government would probably not now make matters better, but rather worse. Altogether the situation is most complicated, and few venture to suggest a solution.

PRESENT BENTON REPORT.

Carranza's Commission Declines to Make Findings Public.

LAREDO, Texas, June 26.—The Commission appointed by Gen. Carranza to investigate the deaths of William H. Benton, an Englishman, and Gustavus Bauch, an American, both of whom, it was asserted, were executed, presented its report to Gen. Carranza on the train bound for Monterey yesterday, but the result of the investigation was not made public.

Gen. Ramon Frausturo, President of the commission, declined to state on whom the commission had fixed the responsibility; whether Benton and Bauch had been tried by military court before execution, what the charges were on which they were executed, or whether the commission had advocated the payment of indemnities for their deaths or other details of the report.

RIVER VICTIM CIRCUS GIRL?

Schenectady Police Working on New Theory in Mystery.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., June 26.—The authorities are now convinced that the dissected body of the woman found in the Mohawk a week ago today is that of a performer of an employe of the Barnum & Bailey circus, which was here on May 29. The discovery of some partly burned pieces of clothing on the Grand Boulevard near the circus lot has helped to strengthen this theory. It is further supported by the fact that a local firm sold a large quantity of feed in the circus, part of which was delivered in burlap bags similar to that in which the torso was sunk in the river.

It has also been learned that the kitchen tents of the circus were covered with red oilcloth similar to that wrapped about the torso. Detectives have been detailed to learn from the circus management if any employe of the show has been missing since the performance in Schenectady.

The Schenectady County Board of Supervisors at a special meeting today offered $500 reward for the identification of the body of the woman or the arrest of the murderer.

Upon receipt of a sample piece of red oilcloth from Inspector Faurot of New York City today, Detective Van Duzen left here for New York. Faurot reported that George E. Shaw of 172 East Fifty-first Street handled oilcloth of this peculiar kind.

What may be a clue in the mystery of the girl's body found last week in the Mohawk River near Schenectady developed yesterday when George Shaw of 172 East Fifty-first Street went to Police Headquarters with a piece of oilcloth that he said resembled that found about the girl's body.

Mr. Shaw said he read a description of the oilcloth in the newspapers, and it seemed to bear a resemblance to some goods which he bought from a dealer a year ago at Wallabout Market, Brooklyn.

Inspector Faurot mailed the specimen of the oilcloth to the Chief of Police of Schenectady.

HOLD ACTOR AS A BURGLAR.

Detectives Fire Their Revolvers to Halt Fugitive.

After a chase through the streets of East New York last night, a man who had ransacked three dressing rooms in the Liberty Theatre, one of the Marcus Loew houses, was caught by Detectives Reilly and Gaffman of the Atlantic Avenue station, who fired their revolvers into the air to make him stop running. Leading the crowd of some hundred pursuers was an actress who told the detectives that the man had taken her bag from her dressing room.

The prisoner said he was Charles Curran of West Eleventh Street, Coney Island, and that he was an actor.

"MOUNTAIN SPECIAL"
A New Fast Train to
Delaware Water Gap
(First Stop)
and
Pocono Mountain Resorts
Daily except Sunday
On and after June 29
Leaves New York 1.30 P. M.
" Hoboken 1.50 P. M.
Arr., Water Gap (First Stop) 3.40 P.M.
" Stroudsburg 3.50 "
" Cresco 4.23 "
" Mt. Pocono 4.40 "
" Pocono Summit 4.46 "
" Scranton 5.40 "
A superbly appointed train —Parlor Cars, Diner, and Coaches.
Lackawanna Railroad

MOOSE HERD HAS COLONEL CORNERED

Continued from Page 1.

day in Republican circles by leaders both of the "standpat" and of the "progressive" type as the proper thing said at the proper time.

If Col. Roosevelt had expected to alienate from Mr. Whitman the support of the anti-Barnes Republicans by putting the Barnes brand on him, he did not succeed. Former Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson, who was referred to proudly by the Colonel as "Our Harry" in 1910 and who now is looked upon as one of the leaders in the anti-Barnes movement, came out yesterday indorsing Mr. Whitman as the man he would like to see nominated for Governor at the Republican primaries.

There has been some talk of the Progressive Republicans naming Harvey D. Hinman or some other pronounced anti-Barnes man, with a view of winning the support of the Progressives and paving the way for their return to the Republican fold. It was in reply to a question which had reference to this report that Mr. Stimson spoke.

"The sentiment in favor of Mr. Whitman seems to be almost unanimous," Mr. Stimson said. "I believe that 90 per cent. of all the Republicans in this State favor his nomination. I do not see why we should pay any attention to what the Progressive leaders say."

Mr. Stimson added that the rank and file of the Progressive party had already deserted the Progressive cause and come back to the Republican fold.

"Only Bird, Robinson, and the members of the Commander in Chief's General Staff seem to be sticking out," said Mr. Stimson, with a laugh.

Senator Barnes came down from Albany yesterday morning and spent the day at Republican State headquarters in West Thirty-ninth Street. He did not seem to be much put out by the action of Col. Roosevelt in shattering the expectations of certain Whitman enthusiasts who had hoped their candidate would be able to land a Progressive nomination for Governor as well as one from his own party. He was smiling and in the best of humor. When questioned, he parried questions by pounded half in jest, as to whether he wouldn't retire as State Chairman to save his party from the Colonel's withering wrath.

"I am afraid that Mr. Roosevelt has turned reactionary, and does not realize that the Republican candidates for Governor, the United States Senate, and the other offices to be filled by the voters will be nominated on the 28th day of September by the 520,000 Republicans enrolled in this State," said Mr. Barnes. "If he thinks I can control their action, he credits me with a greater influence than I ought to possess. It is possible that the 111,000 enrolled Progressives, who will nominate their ticket on the same day, in accordance with law, will take orders and nominate whomever they are told to nominate, but I think that any man in the Republican Party who attempts to control the Republican electorate of this State will find himself in a sorry situation."

When asked to comment on Ames R. E. Pinchot's statement published in the morning papers yesterday, in which Mr. Pinchot declared that "there seems to be an irreconcilable conflict between Mr. Perkins on one side and the Colonel and the party on the other," Mr. Barnes said with a smile:

"The trouble with Mr. Pinchot is that he thinks the Colonel means it."

Charles H. Duell, who has been canvassing the Progressives in the State on Mr. Whitman's behalf with a view of landing the Progressive nomination for him, made another trip to Oyster Bay yesterday to confer on the situation with Col. Roosevelt. Mr. Duell preferred to make a mystery of his mission. A friend of District Attorney Whitman, however, declared emphatically that no Whitman pour-parler was involved in Mr. Duell's journey, and that there would be no move made on the part of Mr. Whitman to win the Colonel's favor by any public repudiation of Chairman Barnes.

District Attorney Whitman left the city yesterday for the week end. He was said to be bound for Newport and is not expected back in town until Monday.

In Progressive circles there was a decided lull yesterday after the intense activity of the day before. Theodore Douglas Robinson, Chairman of the State Committee, took advantage of the letup to go to his country home in Herkimer, where he expects to remain until Wednesday.

SULZER IS NAMED AGAIN.

His Friends Form the "Anti-Boss Democratic League."

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 26.—With the avowed purpose of fighting Tammany in the Fall primaries, friends of ex-Gov. Sulzer, representing twenty-five counties in the State, today organized the "Anti-boss Democratic League," adopted a platform, and named a complete State ticket "subject to amendment," with Mr. Sulzer at its head.

In a 2,000-word statement addressed to the "Democratic Voters of the State" the league said:

"The Tammany organization, under the leadership of Charles F. Murphy, has been driven from power in New York City, but through the impeachment proceedings it is now supreme at the State Capitol. Its influence in the councils of the Democratic Party and its conduct of State affairs has plunged the Democratic Party into the lowest depths of degradation and has caused thousands of Democrats to declare that they will never again vote a Democratic ticket until it is shown that the party has purged itself from every vestige of Tammany control."

The following ticket was named tentatively:

For Governor—WILLIAM SULZER of New York.
For United States Senator—LOUIS M. ANTISDALE of Rochester.
For Lieutenant Governor—A. J. ELIAS of Brooklyn.
For Secretary of State—DANIEL J. DUGAN of Albany.
For Attorney General—JOHN DE WITT WARNER of New York.
For State Controller—JOHN J. HENNESSY of Brooklyn.
For State Treasurer—GEORGE FOSTER PEABODY of Saratoga Springs.
For State Engineer and Surveyor—WILLIAM DE H. WASHINGTON of New York.

ALL CO-OPERATE TO AID CLAFLIN'S

Continued from Page 1.

pany must then make answer to the charge that they are insolvent. If we believe that the receivers are taking care of the matter in the best possible way we will gladly consent to an adjournment and permit the matter to remain pending until things shape themselves."

Mr. McGovern's clients consist of several employes of the Claflin Company who had sums on deposit with it, exceeding in one case $28,000. The company, it was learned yesterday, made a practice, as many other companies do, of receiving such deposits, on which it paid 5 per cent. interest. The money was carried as a credit to the owners and could be withdrawn in whole or in part at any time. Most of the amounts were small and their amount in the aggregate has not yet been determined. That is one of the things that Marwick, Mitchell, Peat & Co., public accountants, who began work on the books yesterday, will ascertain for the benefit of the receivers.

It is possible that this money may be released from the receivership, if the court follows the precedent made yesterday when it released $707 from the assets of the Defender Manufacturing Company. This represented cash in the fund belonging to the girls who work in the factory. There are 350 employed and of these 230 had made an arrangement by which 25 or 50 cents a week was deducted from their wages and held until their vacations, when they might draw it. For a time it looked as though the girls, whose vacations are just beginning, might have to stay home for lack of funds, but the receivers, through their attorneys, Rushmore & Stern, applied for the release of the money, and Judge Hand signed the order.

The work the accountants have just begun will take at least a week, it was said yesterday, which means that the receivers will not be in a position to make any statement of assets and liabilities before that time. Even then only the figures as to the Claflin Company and the Defender Company will be known. It will remain to get the data from the twenty-six stores, some of them far away, before a complete showing can be made up. Until these facts are known the protective committee will be in the dark as to the basis of a reorganization and they can do little in the meantime except to get in under the agreement as large an amount of the outstanding notes as possible.

Joseph B. Martindale, one of the receivers, said yesterday:

"We have to get an inventory of the stock of the H. B. Claflin Company and then ascertain the amount of bills receivable. After getting the facts relative to that company it will be necessary to ascertain the amount of stock and the financial condition of the outside stores. As these stores are widely scattered it will require some weeks' time to get that information. I believe that it will be possible to issue a full detailed statement regarding the affairs of the H. B. Claflin Company much sooner, but even this task will require many days of work. Every facility is being given the accountants by the officials of the company, but pending the completion of the accountants' report there will be no statement."

Several more of the twenty-six outside st

DAILY CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

PEMBROKE BOOKS FETCH $194,680

George D. Smith Gets 99 Out of the 211 Volumes of the Collection for $100,000.

HAS FUN IN HIS BUSINESS

'Squeal of English' at Losing Treasures to Americans Amuses Him, New York Dealer Says.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 26.—Of the 211 volumes in the Pembroke collection at least 99 are going to America. George D. Smith, the New York dealer, got 44 today, in addition to the 55 he acquired yesterday, for a grand total of close to $100,000. The total for the entire sale was $194,680.

"Eighty per cent. of the Pembroke collection is lost to England," said Mr. Smith, commenting on the sale. "Half was bought by me, and most of the balance went to so-called 'foreign booksellers.' I think the sale was remarkably successful. Nothing went very low. It shows that the book market is holding up well.

"The books brought a higher range of prices today than yesterday. The Earl of Pembroke was again present, and watched the proceedings with lively interest. He did not seem to be mournful at parting with the collection; in fact, he looked tickled to death to get the money. The total realized was about $20,000 more than I offered for the whole collection.

"I'm rather sorry I didn't get the whole shooting match. It would have caused such a howl to go up here. The prospects look good, though, of my obtaining the other big collection I'm after. I get a lot of fun out of my business. The squeal of the English is highly amusing, as when I acquired the Devonshire library.

"Incidentally, I discovered that tea drinking may be a pretty expensive hobby. I went to a bookstore this afternoon fully prepared to spend $500 or $1,000, and was told that the proprietor and his right-hand man were both out to tea; so I walked out and bought nothing."

Mr. Smith added that he was considering opening a branch in London.

Mr. Smith gave $1,350 for a black-letter Higden's "Polychronicon." This was Caxton's edition, and the first ever published in English. It was printed in 1482. For a fine copy of a two-volume editio princeps of Homer he paid $1,800. This was printed in Florence by Bartolommeo di Libri for B. and N. Nerlius on Dec. 9, 1488, and it contains in the second volume the Latin epistle by B. Nerlius.

For a splendid example of the French illuminator's art in the fifteenth century Mr. Smith gave $3,000. This is a richly illuminated manuscript, "Horae Beatae Mariae Virginis," and contains a number of beautiful miniatures, initial letters, and borders. He paid for an excessively rare second edition of Lactantius $1,250. This was printed in 1468, and is the first edition of the author printed in Rome. Only 275 copies of it were struck off.

The first book ever printed in Greek was Lascaris's "Grammatica Graeca." For an editio princeps printed in 1476, with the type ingeniously designed by Demetrios Damilas, Mr. Smith gave $1,175, and for the first book ever printed in English, Caxton's edition of Le Fevre's "Historyes of Troye," he bid $2,500.

Another extremely rare printed work which fell to the same purchaser was "The Historiarum Romanarum Decades III." of Titus Livius, which was published in 1469 at Rome. For this he gave $1,600, and for an editio princeps of Lucan's "Pharsalia," of the date of 1469, he bid successfully $1,200.

A curious book of sermons printed by Caxton at Westminster about 1490 induced Mr. Smith to bid $1,600. It is a second edition, of which only six copies are known, and is printed in double columns black letter. It is entitled "Festivall," and consists of a set of sermons for the Church festivals by John Mirk.

Bound in red morocco with ornamental borders and a gilt back, an early and very rare edition of Petrarch was purchased by Mr. Smith for $500. It was printed in Venice by Gabriele di Pietro with Filippo di Pietro in the year 1473, while another red morocco folio, dating from 1490, the "Comoediae" of Plautus, an editio princeps, cost him $1,525. Then a very fine large copy of the editio princeps of J. A. Campanus's "Quintilian," printed in Rome in 1470, Mr. Smith bought for $830, and another "Quintilian," edited by Bishop Andreas, which was printed a few weeks after the edition of Campanus, was knocked down to him for $480.

The edition of Seneca's "Tragedies," which is generally supposed to be the first ever printed, was bought by Mr. Smith for $800, and he gave as much as $6,000 for a block book, the "Speculum Humanae Salvationis." Of this only three other copies are known, and it is, according to Schreiber, the second Dutch edition of the Dutch translation of the Latin "Speculum." It is dated 1471, and this copy has the additional interest of having formerly belonged to the library of the celebrated geographer Abraham Ortelius.

An editio princeps of J. A. Campanus's "Twelve Caesars" by Suetonius, an extremely rare volume, and one of the first to be issued by Johann P. de Lignamine, was obtained by Mr. Smith for $675, and he purchased for $1,000 the first book ever printed with catch-words, the editio princeps of Tacitus's "Annals," which was published by Wendelin of Speier at Venice about 1473.

Among the other large prices paid was $2,500 by Sandwith for what is generally considered to be the first edition of Horace. It was printed at Venice in 1471, and Mr. Smith was the runner-up in the prices. Then for the first book ever printed in Italy with a date, the editio princeps of Lactantius, in semi-gothic characters, was knocked down to Archer for $4,050. It was printed by Conrad Sweynheym and Arnold Pannartz on Oct. 30, 1465.

Quaritch bought for $8,000, with Mr. Smith as underbidder, a very fine and rare "Macrobius Expositio in Somnium Scipionis M. T. Ciceronis." It is printed on vellum and is decorated after the finest Renaissance style. Quaritch also obtained for $1,700 an extremely rare specimen of the second of the three works issued from the press of Johan of Speier at Venice, the edition princeps of the "Natural History" of Plinius Secundis. Only 100 copies of this edition were ever struck off.

Mr. Smith was again the underbidder for the important geographical manuscript entitled "Ptolemy (Claudius) Geographical Manuscript of the Fifteenth Century," on vellum. It may well have been from the hand of the great geographer Donnus Nicolaus Germanus, commonly cited as Nicolaus Donis, and it contains twenty-seven ancient maps, coinciding with the "Geographia" of Ptolemy. Hiersemann bought it for $9,250. Then Quaritch just beat Mr. Smith for the first book ever printed at Florence, which came from the press of Bernardo Cenninni in 1471 and 1472. It is "Commentaries on Virgil," by Servius Maurus Honoratus, and to get it Mr. Quaritch had to bid $3,800.

Archer defeated Mr. Smith for the second Latin edition of "Seculum Humanae Salvationis," a block book of the fifteenth century, giving for it $4,500. Mr. Archer also bought for $1,800 a second edition of Suetonius's "Lives of the Twelve Caesars," dating from 1470; for $2,500 the first edition of Valerius Maximus's "Facta et Dicta," printed in 1471; and for $1,500, a very rare edition of Virgil, printed at Venice by Wendelin of Speier in 1470.

To Quaritch was knocked down another Virgil printed at Milan by Master Philip de Lavagnia in 1474, for $1,700.

DIES ON HONEYMOON TOUR.

Mrs. David Stuart of Baltimore Expires Suddenly in Paris.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 26.—Mrs. David Stuart of Baltimore died suddenly during last night at the Hotel de Lille et d'Albion, where she had been staying with her husband for two days. They had intended to leave for Rome tomorrow, and Mrs. Stuart appeared perfectly well at 8:30 o'clock last evening when visiting friends. At 2 o'clock this morning her husband awoke and found her dead. He called a doctor, who certified that death was due to heart disease.

According to The Journal Officiel, a doctor from the local Mairie who examined the body said she had died from poison. Mr. Stuart replied that his wife took drugs for insomnia. The doctor was not satisfied, and called in the police commissary of the Vendome quarter, who had the body removed to the morgue for a post-mortem examination. It will be cremated and the funeral will take place in Paris.

David Stuart sails on the Olympic on July 1. He said today that he and Mrs. Stuart were married on March 4, 1913, in America, but that the wedding was not announced until they left for Europe on May 2 of this year.

PRAISE FROM WIMBORNE.

Leader of English Polo Team Pays Tribute to American Sportsmanship.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 26.—Lord Wimborne, arriving at Plymouth today aboard the Olympic, paid high tribute to American sportsmanship. He said:

"What a fine set of sportsmen the Americans are! Without being asked, they postponed the date of the first match, owing to the accident to Capt. Cheape. We had a fine reception from the crowd, and the press never attempted to make excuses for the defeat of the American team. I cannot help thinking that if we had lost we might have tried to find some."

ASQUITH'S WOMEN SLEUTHS

They Guard the House of Commons Against Suffragettes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 26.—Women detectives are now employed on special occasions at the House of Commons. One or two of them from Scotland Yard sit in the Ladies' Gallery when there are big debates, to deal immediately with any suffragette intruder.

They are so fashionably attired as to be quite indistinguishable from the usual visitors.

TWO REMBRANDTS FOUND.

Discovered by Dutch Experts in National Museum at Stockholm.

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, June 27.—Dutch art experts have discovered in the National Museum here two Rembrandt paintings—a portrait of a woman and "Abraham's Sacrifice."

Both pictures are said to belong to the master's early period.

AOSTA HAS TYPHOID.

Italian Duke Made Ill by Eating Infected Oysters, It Is Said.

NAPLES, Italy, June 26.—The Duke of Aosta, eldest cousin of King Victor Emmanuel, is suffering from an attack of typhoid fever, caused by eating infected oysters.

The Duke, who is a Lieutenant General in the Italian Army, is 45 years old.

New Japanese Consul to New York.

TOKIO, Japan, June 26.—Takashi Nakamura, formerly Consul General at Ottawa, Canada, and at London, England, was today appointed Japanese Consul General at New York. Saburo Kurusu was appointed Japanese Consul at Chicago.

BIG CHRISTIE SALE REALIZES $630,740

Titian's "Man with a Red Cap" Brings the Highest Price, $68,250.

ROMNEYS AT HIGH FIGURES

$37,800 for His "Portrait of Miss Constable"—Gainsborough Landscape Goes for $43,050.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 26.—A total of $630,740 was realized today at Christie's sale of paintings from the collections of Arthur M. Grenfell, a former member of the banking firm of Chaplin, Milne, Grenfell & Co., which failed several weeks ago, and other amateurs.

The most notable painting of the Grenfell collection, Titian's "Man with a Red Cap," probably a portrait of Lorenzo de Medici, Duke of Urbino, brought the highest price, having been sold to Sir Hugh Lane for $68,250.

The "Man with a Red Cap," fetched the highest price ever received for a Titian in any English salesroom. It was bought in at Christie's in 1876 for $455. Some time afterward, it is understood that it was sold in the provinces for less than that sum. In 1906 Sir Hugh Lane bought it at Christie's for $10,500.

There was then a thick coating of dirt and varnish on the picture, through which the handiwork of the great master did not emerge to the satisfaction of many experts. On this point opinion has generally changed. The work was cleaned and shown at the National Loan Exhibition in 1909. Five years later Sir Hugh Lane disposed of the picture for $15,000, and the news caused considerable comment among purchasers, though at the moment the name of the buyer was withheld. It was Arthur M. Grenfell.

The first bid today was $10,000, the second $25,000. Agnew, Colnaghi, Obach, and Lane were offerers up to $55,000. Then two of the last competitors carried the price to $68,250, at which Sir Hugh Lane was the winner.

The Grenfell pictures today realized $265,390. Of this amount $139,900 was accounted for by the purchases of Sir Hugh Lane, from whom it is understood that Mr. Grenfell acquired a considerable part of his collection.

Sir Hugh is a Director of the National Gallery of Ireland, but it is understood that his purchases were made on his own behalf, which leads The Morning Post to comment: "We take this oportunity of expressing the opinion that it is not desirable that a Director of any of our national collections should join with his public duties the business of a dealer, pursued in the auction room or anywhere else."

"The Door of a Cabaret," by Philip Wouvermans, brought $4,305.

Sir Thomas Lawrence's "Portrait of Lady Elizabeth Foster" (afterward Duchess of Devonshire) was sold for $29,900.

Gainsborough's "Landscape with Cattle" was sold to Sir Hugh Lane for $43,050. Vicars gave $36,750 for Gainsborough's "Portrait of a Lady," in a white muslin dress and blue sash, and Agnew obtained Romney's "Portrait of Sir Robert Harland, Bart.," for $27,300. Another Romney, "Sir John William de la Pole, Bart.," was knocked down to Vicars for $15,750.

A still higher price for a Romney, the "Portrait of Miss Constable," was paid by Agnew, who bid $37,800. The same dealer gave $16,275 for Raeburn's "Portrait of Dr. Alexander Lindsay of Pinkieburn."

For another Raeburn, the "Portrait of Lord Ramsay," Gulley gave $24,150, and for a set of eight decorative panels by H. Robert, Morris bid $15,750.

Among the less important purchases of Sir Hugh Lane were Opie's "The Country Girl," $1,755; Reynolds's "Miss Theophila Palmer," $6,536; S. Scott's "View Through the Archway of Old Westminster Bridge," $2,520, and a pair of pictures by Paolo Uccello, "The Fall of Pisa in 1406" and "The Battle of Anghiari in 1440," $7,611. He also purchased R. Cosway's "Miss Marianne Dorothy Harland" for $4,462; F. Cotes's "Alice, Countess of Shipbrook," for $4,855, and Gainsborough's "Admiral Edward Vernon" for $3,675.

Vicars was an extensive purchaser, and to him were knocked down, besides those already mentioned, Hudson's "Sir John and Lady Pole," for $2,730; Gardiner's "Countess of Buckinghamshire," for $2,886; Raeburn's "Col. Duf of Fetteresso," for $2,520; Gainsborough's "A Pastoral Scene," for $4,830, and Thomson's "Crossing the Brook," for $15,225. In addition he secured Raeburn's "Mrs. MacLean of Kinlochaline," for $9,186; Raeburn's "Provost John Pitcairn of Dundee," for $4,466, and Romney's "Mrs. Bruce," for $3,986.

Gooden & Fox bought Gerard Douw's "Portrait of a Lady" for $15,225.

Other important sales were those of F. Bol's "Portrait of a Lady" at $4,462 and of Brekelenkam's "A Frugal Meal" at $3,780, of both of which Sir Hugh Lane was the purchaser; A. Cuyp's "A Cookmaid," which went for $1,575; a portrait group by Dubordieu, for $6,300; a landscape by Philip de Koninck, which brought $4,462; "Portrait of A. Meyers," by Nicholas Maes, at $5,250; "Portrait of a Lady," by M. J. Mierevelt, at $2,992; "Portrait of King Charles I.," by D. Mytens, at $4,305; Steenwyck's "King Charles I. at Theobald's Park," at $2,940; "Portrait of the Countess of Chesterfield," by van Dyck, at $6,740, and Hoppner's "Portrait of Mrs. Fuller," at $4,987.

Knoedler purchased Romney's "Miss Jean Atholl Drummond" for $4,200, and, besides the pictures which have already been mentioned, bought a portrait of "Mrs. Drummond" from the same brush for $2,625.

LORD BRASSEY TOOK HIS ARREST LIGHTLY

But the Kaiser Expressed Deep Annoyance Over the Blunder at Kiel.

HOW INCIDENT OCCURRED

British Naval Expert Speaks Little German, Captor Little English—Was Quickly Released.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

KIEL, June 26.—Lord Brassey takes his arrest on a charge of espionage lightly, and says he does not dream of converting it into an "incident."

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent understands that the Kaiser learned of the affair last night in the course of a dinner party given in honor of the officers of the British squadron on his yacht Hohenzollern, and that he laughed heartily at the incongruous idea of one of the most ardent friends of the Anglo-German entente being caught in the meshes of the German secret service net. Today, however, he expressed in the quarters most concerned his deep annoyance.

"I am accustomed," said Lord Brassey to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent in an interview aboard the Sunbeam, "to drive the rheumatism out of my legs by taking an early constitutional at the oars in my dinghy. Before breakfast yesterday I started out, with my 6½-year-old midshipman as my companion, steering a course leading out of the harbor proper, because it was freer from traffic than other places. I had no idea of tresspassing on the water adjacent to the forbidden zone of the imperial dockyard. There was no 'Verboten' sign, which is seldom failing in Germany, so I went serenely ahead.

"Presently I saw a boat making for my dinghy at full speed from the shore. A second or two later it was upon me. It contained a naval police officer, who proceeded to take us in tow and pull us ashore. My German is rather fragmentary, and his English was equally bad, but he contrived to make me understand that I was under arrest.

"When we reached the shore an officer who could speak English as well as I could was summoned, and matters soon righted themselves. I was able to establish my identity, and was thereupon released. I was not in captivity many minutes."

Lord Brassey, who dined with the Kaiser tonight, was doubtless the recipient of the imperial apologies for being momentarily threatened with the fate which has detained several Englishmen in Germany for a much longer period than Kiel week.

WRIT OUT FOR NEW YORKER.

"Great Lafayette's" Brother Wanted by London Court.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 26.—A Judge of the High Court this afternoon ordered that a writ of attachment be issued against Alfred N. Neuburger, a New York silk merchant, brother of "the Great Lafayette," the American illusionist, who was burned to death in a music hall fire in Edinburgh a few years ago, and who in private life was Sigmund Neuberger.

It was in connection with the administration of Lafayette's estate that the trouble arose. Mr. Neuburger, after the death of "the Great Lafayette," who died intestate, came to England from America to administer his brother's estate. Counsel told the court that Mr. Neuburger possessed himself of all his brother's assets and returned to New York.

A creditor named Mackay brought an action in connection with the administration of the estate, and Mr. Neuburger was ordered by the court to lodge with it certain accounts pertaining to Lafayette's property. This order Mr. Neuburger disobeyed, and it is charged that he has been trying to evade the creditor's action and has defied the court throughout the whole proceedings.

Justice Astbury characterized his attitude as a bad case, and immediately gave leave to issue a writ of attachment against him, ordering him also to pay the costs of the proceedings. According to High Court procedure here, arrest follows the issue of a writ of attachment. The defendant then is brought before the Judge, who can forthwith send him to prison until such time as the court considers the contempt has been purged.

William Grossman, the lawyer who represented the Great Lafayette and who went to England to ascertain if any will had been left at the time of the actor's death, said last night that the estate amounted to between $60,000 and $100,000 and that when he learned that the actor had died without leaving a will he had turned the estate over to the brother, Alfred N. Neuburger, Lafayette's only surviving relative. Mr. Neuburger, he said, was in the dressmakers' supply business, with an establishment on East Thirty-fourth Street.

"I am confident that Lafayette left few debts, and I did not know he left any," Mr. Grossman said. "Mr. Neuburger was in New York a week or ten days ago, and the only way I can account for any difficulty in the administration of the estate is on the supposition that some minor creditors presented their claims during Mr. Neuburger's absence. The claims, however, probably are for medical attendance or funeral expenses, and I judge the difficulty will be cleared up when Mr. Neuburger renders the account ordered by the court."

CALLS OUT NAVAL RESERVE.

Greece Prepares for War with Turkey, Despite Peace Talk.

ATHENS, Greece, June 26.—Seven classes of the Greek naval reserves were today called to the colors, the official explanation of the mobilization being "the increase of the fleet and the naval manoeuvres to begin next week."

The real reason of the step taken by the Ministry of Marine, however, is understood to be the determination of the Greek Government to be prepared for all eventualities, although there is an apparent slackening of the tension between Turkey and Greece.

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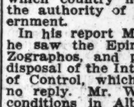

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George Frost Company
Makers of Boston Garters

AUSTRIANS TO FIGHT ALBANIAN REBELS

Volunteer Army Being Raised to Protect Prince William of Wied.

AMERICAN DOCTORS JOIN IT

U. S. Minister Williams Fiercely Denounces Present Regime in Albania—Urges Cantonal Government

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, June 26.—A committee of prominent Viennese has been formed and is issuing a call for volunteers for service in Albania. Sixteen hundred former Austrian officers and private soldiers have enlisted. Among those enrolled are Austrians, Hungarians, Germans, several American physicians studying in Vienna, 200 college students with their professor, 5 doctors, and several nurses.

It is proposed to send the volunteers to Durazzo on Monday.

Whether the Austrian military authorities will allow the army reservists to depart is not known, but it is considered improbable.

A message from Rome says that the Mpret has requested the King of Rumania to intervene in his behalf and induce the powers to send him troops; otherwise he will abdicate. It is not believed that the powers will accede to such a request.

LONDON, June 26.—There are conflicting reports concerning the situation at Durazzo. A belated dispatch from that city says that insurgent leaders have arrived there to negotiate terms. Other dispatches represent the situation as extremely grave.

The Prince of Weid, who occupies the throne of Albania, has, it is said, appealed to the Powers to send international troops to restore order in Albania. The King of Rumania supports this appeal, which the Powers are now considering.

Austrian warships are taking steps to protect Durazzo and Aviona.

ATHENS, Greece, June 26.—George Fred Williams, American Minister to Greece, sent to the newspapers today a report of his investigations in Albania, which country he visited recently by the authority of the Washington Government.

In his report Mr. Williams says that he saw the Epirote insurgent leader, Zographos, and placed himself at the disposal of the International Commission of Control, which, however, gave him no reply. Mr. Williams considers the conditions in Albania anarchical, and declares the present régime impracticable, owing to antagonistic rivalries.

The report attributed to Mr. Williams denounces as "a horrible crime" what the powers are doing in Albania. It does not even spare the Prince of Weid, saying of him:

"I found a Prince, calling himself King, with no powers, no territory, and no subjects except his wife and children."

Elsewhere in the report Mr. Williams says:

I had treated seriously my business and the union of six great powers to constitute a government in Albania. I uncovered at Durazzo an epochal scandal of anarchy, incompetence, hypocrisy, and murder. My first effort was to find an Albanian Government. I found none, except six warships, and they were silent.

I took opinions on the London agreement. Every one agreed from its plain reading that it created no government except one of armed force from abroad, for which all the authorities were clamoring.

Five ostensible Governments were in sight: First, the six great powers with all the power; second, the commission with control of the civil administration and finance; third, the Dutch gendarmerie with control of the military; fourth, the Prince with any powers remaining; fifth, the Ministry with no powers remaining after the four groups exercised their's; fifth, the Ministry with no powers.

Each one of these governments were fighting wit heach other, save the first, which apparently is so discordant with itself that it had abandoned all the rest to their fate.

The report as published highly praises the Dutch officers as the only sincere men in the whole of the Durazzo, accuses the Albanian Government of having plunged Albania into the throes of civil and religious war, and appeals to Europe to remove the Prince of Weid and the International Commission, and to substitute a system of cantonal government.

The statement has created an immense sensation here.

LIGHTS FOR SKYSCRAPERS.

Illumination of Big Buildings a Feature for July 4 Celebration.

To help the city carry out its plan for a safe and sane Fourth of July celebration, it was announced yesterday, the management of many large buildings in Manhattan had agreed to illuminate the structures on the Fourth between 8 and 10 P. M.

Among the buildings to be illuminated will be the Times, Metropolitan, Tribune, Sun, World, Park Row, 41 Park Row, Rogers Peet, Hudson Terminal, Smith Gray, Postal Telegraph, American Tract Society, Home Life Insurance, Emigrants' Savings Bank, Woolworth, Singer, City Investing, and Municipal.

The Fourth of July Committee appointed by Mayor Mitchell has issued a circular signed by the Chairman, Martin W. Littleton, asking for contributions to defray the expenses of the celebration. Isaac N. Seligman is Treasurer and Edward H. Hall, 154 Nassau Street, Secretary.

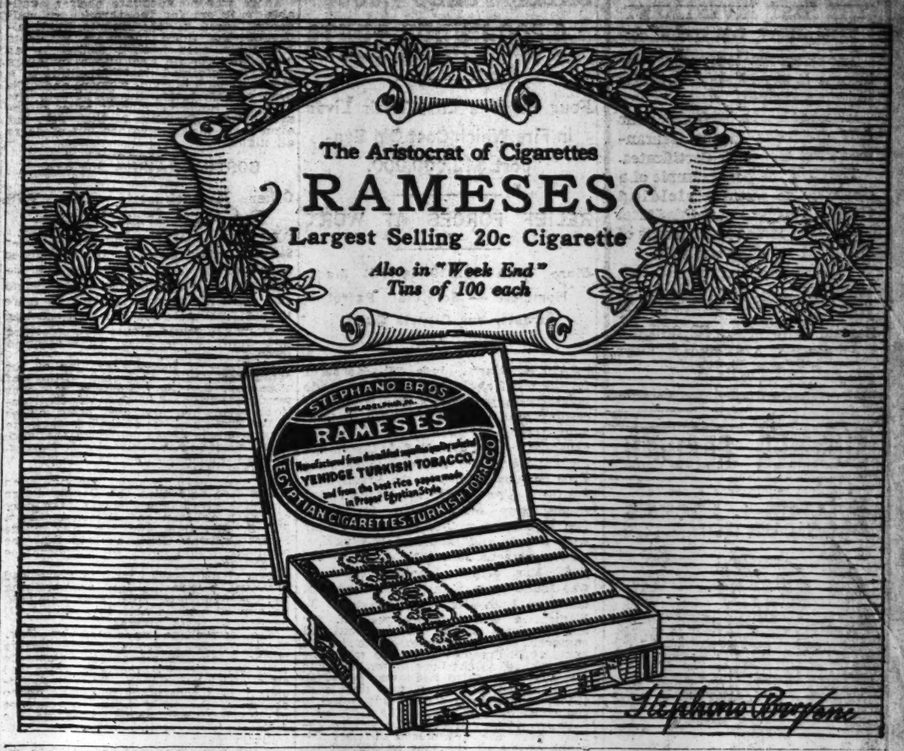
GIRL PATIENT A MYSTERY.

Newark Physicians Puzzled by Patient Apparently Insane.

The police of Newark and the officials of the City Hospital there were puzzled yesterday over the identity of a mysterious girl patient who entered the hospital on Monday. At first the doctors supposed that the girl was shamming, but later they thought she was suffering from some form of insanity.

Many friends and relatives of missing girls visited the hospital, but none could identify the mysterious patient. The girl muttered incoherent sentences, but said nothing that would aid the authorities in clearing up her identity.

The girl fought for more than thirty minutes with physicians, nurses, and orderlies. She is about twenty-five years old, has blond hair and blue eyes, and is attractive. When she entered the hospital she wore a well-made blue huit, blue straw hat with pink flowers, tan shoes, and black gloves. She told the hospital authorities that she wanted to be cured of a drug habit.



NON-IRISH JURY GIVES VERDICT FOR REGAN

Decides Friends of Ireland Must Pay Disputed Wine Bill to Hotel Man.

NOT A QUESTION OF TASTE

'Twas One of Friendship When Champagne of a Friend of the Friends Was Not Served.

A jury before Judge Delehanty in the City Court yesterday decided that James B. Regan had lived up to his contract with the Friends of Ireland, and had given them all the wine and just the kind of wine ordered at the dinner on last St. Patrick's Day eve. So the Friends will have to pay the dinner bill of $1,672.75, plus $29.17 for interest. It took two hours to try the case, and another hour for the jury to agree upon the verdict. The only care used in selecting the jurors was to ascertain whether they were members of the Friends of Ireland, and if they were not, and were not at all Irish, they were chosen.

In the court were many Friends and their friends, and all of them were opposed to Mr. Regan getting more than $1,172. They unanimously favored a reduction of $500, and it was agreed among them that whatever was saved out of the total claimed by Mr. Regan would be sent to John Redmond to help him free Ireland. So far as could be learned, the only friend Mr. Regan had with him was his counsel, Max D. Steuer.

There were 304 covers at the dinner, and the price fixed for each of them was $5.50. This arrangement was made early in last December, and the complaint set forth that part of the agreement was that Mr. Regan was to serve a certain brand of champagne. Mr. Regan said he did serve this brand, except when the diners refused to accept it. Then he served, he said, a high-grade vintage wine that gave entire satisfaction.

In the answer to Mr. Regan's complaint the defendants set forth that Mr. Regan "knowingly, wilfully, and fraudulently, and with intent to deceive," substituted an inferior grade of champagne and "folsted" it upon the Friends and their guests. Mr. Regan was the first witness. He said the arrangements for the dinner had been made with Michael W. Rayens, the Treasurer of the society, and that Mr. Rayens told him that a particular brand of champagne was to be served to Maurice Quinlan, and that if this was done it didn't matter what kind of wine was served to the others. After the dinner was over Mr. Regan got a receipt for it. He said he supposed everything was satisfactory.

Mr. Rayens testified that he had a very distinct recollection of what had occurred when the arrangements for the dinner were made with Mr. Regan. He declared that a particular brand of champagne was agreed upon, not that the society's members played any favorites when it was a question of wine, but that he knew of a poor Irishman who was interested in selling the particular brand.

It was not a question of taste so much as of friendship. Mr. Rayens testified that he told Mr. Regan:

"This friend of ours is a fine Irishman and he sells a good wine. He needs help and the Friends of Ireland want to help him. I told Regan that the Friends would pay $5 a head for the dinner and 50 cents extra if he would serve a cocktail in an outside room before the company marched in to take their seats."

Asked what Mr. Regan replied to this Mr. Rayens said:

"He told me he'd turn handsprings for me. He thought it was a fine idea."

Mr. Rayens said that it was Maurice Quinlan whom the Friends wanted to help, and that he also called the attention of Mr. Regan to another worthy case in the person of John O'Connell, who was interested in a mineral water.

"I said we wanted to send him along," said Mr. Rayens, "and Mr. Regan seemed to admire the spirit that induced us to stick up for our friends. He told me that O'Connell would also be looked after."

Mr. Rayens painted in graphic colors the dismay of the diners when they discovered that the particular brand of champagne was not being served. The members looked at Mr. Quinlan, who was blissfully unconscious of the fact that his wine was not being distributed, because his table bore a bottle of it, and he naturally supposed that all the other tables were similarly decorated. The members began to complain. Mr. Rayens dilated upon the ability of all true Irishmen to protest vigorously when they thought a wrong was being done them.

"Some of the members," said Mr. Rayens, "told me that only sweet cider was being served."

Thomas F. Smith, President of the society and Secretary of Tammany Hall, took the witness chair and told the jury that he did not partake of the wine. He had to listen to the complaints, however, and these made him heartsick and weary, for it presaged a social failure. When he could put up with it no longer, he hunted up Mr. Regan and told him that he wasn't treating the members right.

"I said to him," said Mr. Smith, "that it was pretty shabby, and that we wouldn't stand for it. I protested against the wine he was serving because it was contrary to the agreement and was in violation of the bonds of goodfellowship and fair play. I told him, 'This is a sentimental proposition with us, and I want you to live up to it.'"

After the case was disposed of Mr. Smith said:

"I don't know whether we will carry the case to the Appellate Division or not; but our lawyer, Mr. Keating, has amply protected all our rights in the matter by having made the necessary motions. We may fight the case to the bitter end."

POLICE GAMES BRING $61,000 FOR HEROES

Brighton Beach Track Overflowed by Thousands Out to Aid Honor Roll Fund.

THEY GOT A GOOD SHOW, TOO

Fat Men of the Force Sprint Surprisingly, and Olympic Winners Go Near Record Mark.

More than 20,000 persons, a crowd that overflowed the grand stand at the Brighton Beach race track, witnessed the athletic carnival and police exhibition, begun yesterday afternoon to raise a benefit fund of $100,000 for the widows and orphans of New York policemen killed in the line of duty. The spectators unanimously agreed that the show, the first of its kind, was a big success.

Police Commissioner Arthur Woods, Honorary Vice Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements of the Honor Roll Relief Fund and one of the most enthusiastic workers, announced that the receipts yesterday were $55,000, of which $24,000 was given by members of the department who bought tickets to the carnival. Commissioner Woods has $6,000 more in sight for today, which will put the fund up to $61,000. It is hoped, however, that many more tickets will be sold before the exhibition ends late this afternoon. Tickets are on sale in 500 leading department, drug, cigar, and other stores and hotels.

The carnival opened with track events. Then followed bicycle, motor cycle, and novelty races, with an exhibition of police dogs and the rescue of ladies in runaway accidents. The recruits, members of the Honor Legion, and mounted patrolmen demonstrated some of their special formations and fancy drills.

The last event of the day was a flight in an aeroplane, in pursuit of an imaginary burglar fleeing in an automobile. It was announced that the 'plane would be piloted by "Mile-a-Minute" Murphy, but on account of wind and the condition of the motor, Murphy did not fly. He said he was "willing to risk his neck," but was forced to give way to his mechanic, Giuseppe Bellanco, of the Moisant School. He will certainly make the aeroplane burglar chase this afternoon.

Although the events were scheduled to begin at 1 o'clock, the crowds began to pour into Brighton Beach as early as 11:30. Early arrivals anticipated an exceptional crowd and knew that the seats in the grand stand would accommodate only half of those who had bought tickets.

The grand stand, decorated with flags and gayly draped with bunting, was filled by 12 o'clock, and the people continued to come. Soon they filled the space in front of the grand stand, and then they strung out for a quarter of a mile around the track. The guests of the committee were provided with seats in the clubhouse.

Here is a list of the field events and the winners:

100-YARD DASH, HANDICAP.—First heat, Gerd. R. Normann, 145th Precinct, 10 3-5 seconds; second, John J. Eller, 161st Precinct, (scratch,) 10 4-5; third, George J. Merz, First Inspection District, 10 3-5; fourth, August Gennerick, 39th Precinct, 10 3-5. Final, George J. Merz, First Inspection District, 10 3-5 seconds.

880-YARD BICYCLE RACE.—Hugh P. Schuber, 32d Precinct; George C. Schreiber, Traffic C, second; Louis F. Schilling, 39th Precinct, third. Time—1:12 3-5.

TWO-MILE MOTOR CYCLE RACE, SCRATCH.—Howard Smith, Traffic C; Harry P. Shelly, second; Henry Yost, Jr., 61st Precinct, third. Time—2:06 3-5.

100-YARD FAT MAN'S RACE, (230 pounds and more.)—Herman Meyer, Detective Division; Paul Hoffman, 144th Precinct, second; James J. Heereu, 164th Precinct, third. Time—0:12 4-5.

120-YARD LOW HURDLES, HANDICAP.—First heat, Martin J. Mulderrig, First Inspection District, 15 3-5 seconds; second, John M. Kelly, Traffic C, 15 4-5; third, Henry D. Robinson, Central Office Squad, 16 3-5; fourth, John J. Eller, 161st Precinct, (scratch,) 14 3-5. Final, John J. Eller, 161st Precinct, 15 seconds.

RUNNING BROAD JUMP, HANDICAP.—Egon Erickson, Traffic C, (scratch.) 19 feet 8 inches; Julius P. Brilla, Jr., 63d Precinct, 19 feet 2 inches; August Gennerich, 39th Precinct, 19 feet.

880-YARD RUN, HANDICAP. Open to all City Departments.—David Goldman, Board of Education; John O'Neill, Law Department, second; James Hanly, Fire Department third. Time—2:04 3-5.

100-YARD DASH, for Men 20 Years in the Service.—John W. Finn, Detective Division; William McHugh, 274th Precinct, second; Frank A. Schulka, 37th Precinct, third. Time—0:12 4-5.

1¼-MILE BICYCLE RACE.—Adolph Schuber, 32d Precinct; A. F. Ferden, 99th Precinct, second; William Cerney, third. Time—4:05 2-5.

56-POUND WEIGHT-THROWING, HANDICAP.—Henry Corell, 63d Precinct, 29 feet 8 inches; Patrick McDonald, Traffic C, 36 feet 2¼ inches; Harry F. Broman, 39th Precinct, 23 feet.

880-YARD WALKING RACE, SCRATCH.—Eugene O'Sullivan, 5th Inspection District; Francis J. Buckley, 35th Precinct, second; Arthur P. Hunt, 65th Precinct, third. Time—3:47 2-5.

FOUR-MILE MOTOR-CYCLE RACE, SCRATCH.—Howard Smith, Traffic C; J. E. Mesle, Traffic C, second; Henry Yost, Jr., 61st Precinct, third. Time—3:56 4-5.

880-YARD INTERBOROUGH RELAY RACE, Queens Team, (Anthony Grieco, James Kelly, William McHugh, Frank Kear, Henry D. Robinson.) Time—1:38.

In the 120-yard hurdle the spectators saw the work of an Olympic winner, John J. Eller. His time yesterday, 0:14 3-5, made in the fourth heat, was just one-fifth of a second more than his world's record, 0:14 2-5. Patrick McDonald, the heavy weight thrower, also an Olympic champion, made the crowd hold its breath as he sent the big 56-pound weight thundering to the earth more than 36 feet away from him.

The fine showing made by the fat men in the 100-yard dash for men of 230 pounds and more caused no little speculation as to whether the men of a more military appearance were really more able to catch a thief. The fat "cops" carried their weight over the 100 yards within two and one-fifth seconds of the fastest time of their more slender associates.

During the exhibition, members of the committee overheard many persons remark on how much "like old times" was the appearance of the Brighton Beach race track, with the exception of horses and jockeys. Just to please such people, a special one-fourth mile race was arranged for six mounted patrolmen. It was won by Patrolman John Bridegroom, and his time was 0:26 1-5 seconds.

When the rescue of the unfortunate lady from the back of a runaway horse was announced, Inspector Myers found that his motion picture actress, who had accepted the offer to ride the wild animal, was not to be found. But "Jimmie" Burns of Traffic C was prepared for just such an emergency. He quickly dressed in a lady's habit, and a blonde wig, and allowed himself to be lifted in real heroine fashion from his horse as the animal sped around the track. Another rescue in which the patrolman-heroine figures was made from an open barouche.

The carnival will be witnessed this afternoon by Gov. Glynn and his staff, Mayor Mitchel, members of the City Administration, and Gov. John K. Tener of Pennsylvania and his staff.

TURNED THE WOMAN'S HEAD

Moving Picture for the Crowds Near the Grand Central.

A moving picture of "Gulliver on the Lap of the Brobdingnagian Giantess" was shown to a good-sized crowd that spent part of yesterday gazing up at the workmen who are putting the statuary about the frame of the big clock which is to adorn the Grand Central Terminal.

When the head of the figure of the woman that is one of the three to compose the group was being hoisted up, the crowd on the corners opposite was greatly augmented. Then it became necessary, after the head had been set on the shoulders, for it to be adjusted to its proper position, and a workman, holding to a rope climbed down into the lap of the great figure and, standing on a slope that led to a veritable precipice, helped those above to shift the head into the exact place it was meant to go. Compared with the figure of the woman, he seemed hardly bigger than a hand.

Bursting Tdy Cannon Injures Boy.

George Bach, 15 years old, of 1,176 Madison Street, Williamsburg, was the first victim in Brooklyn yesterday of the pre-Fourth of July celebration. The bursting of a toy cannon which he set off in the yard injured him about the abdomen, face, and hands. He was insensible when assistance reached him and was taken to the Bushwick Hospital, where his condition last night was critical.

Saks Blue Serges

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¶ Anybody can admire the Alps, but few there are who can discover the daisies of the field without a BAEDEKER.

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¶ A Saks blue serge is common enough as a fabric, but so UNCOMMON in the cut and tailoring that style and distinction conclude what the commonplace began.

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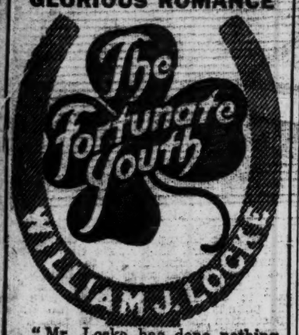

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SALEM FEEDS 4,500; 3,500 UNDER TENTS

Four Persons Lost Their Lives in Fire Which Cost Old Seaport $12,000,000.

RELIEF FORCES AT WORK

More Than 18,000 in All Made Homeless — Soldiers Patrol Streets, but City Is Quiet.

SALEM, Mass., June 26.—Measures for the relief of the 18,000 persons made homeless in yesterday's fire were proceeding with military precision tonight. More than 3,500 persons were entirely dependent upon the Relief Committee for shelter in the tented camps, while 4,500 persons waited in the bread lines for food. Those cared for in the tented camps were mostly poor foreigners. Nearly all the well-to-do found refuge with friends and relatives elsewhere.

Four persons lost their lives in the fire. Mrs. Jennie Cunningham's body was found early today in her tenement home on Lafayette Street. Samuel P. Withey, a Grand Army veteran, for many years a Boston & Maine Railroad engineer, was burned to death in his home at 28 Prescott Street, to which he had returned in the hope of saving some clothing. The third body was found in the mill district, but it was not identified. The body of a child was found in the ruins tonight.

An insurance adjuster who went carefully over the devastated district tonight estimated the loss at $12,000,000, of which $10,000,000 was covered by insurance. This insurance, it was said, was well distributed, the heaviest amount falling upon any one company being $400,000. The Naumkeag Cotton Company was the heaviest individual loser. The loss on its great plant was placed at $3,500,000. More than 1,500 persons were thrown out of work by the destruction of these mills. The total number added by the fire to the ranks of the unemployed was estimated at 9,000 persons.

The Relief Committee of seven, appointed by Gov. Walsh, had a conference tonight with Mayor Hurley and the local Relief Committee. After a survey of the situation the joint committee made this announcement:

"The principal need is money, not clothing or food. The people who were burned out managed to save the necessary clothing, and there is on hand a sufficient supply of food to last a week or possibly longer." It was asked that contributions should be sent to Gardiner M. Lane, Treasurer of the State Relief Committee.

There were so many maternity cases reported last night and today that Mrs. Samuel J. Mixter, wife of a Boston physician, and a number of women prominent in the North Shore Summer colony organized a special hospital in the North Church. Miss Mabel Boardman of the Red Cross, who reached here today, conferred with representative citizens about the general relief work.

Hand in hand with measures for relief went preparations for rebuilding the city. The Naumkeag Company and some of the other larger firms announced that they would begin the work of reconstruction of new and better plants as quickly as possible. In the meantime most of the unemployed will be engaged in the work of rebuilding the city. The active work of relief today was temporarily in the hands of the State Militia, directed by Adjt. Gen. Cole, who commanded 750 men from the Eighth and Ninth Regiments. These men established two relief camps, one at the baseball grounds near the high school, and the other at Forest River Park, on the waterfront.

The strictest sanitary precautions were taken. A few cases of measles and two of scarlet fever were reported, and the afflicted immediately were isolated.

Another large tented colony was established at Salem Willows, but this camp will be moved tomorrow to another situation.

Perfect June weather simplified the task of caring for the homeless, who for the most part were cheerful. Children romped about the tents, regarding the situation as a picnic. Property holders, answering inquiries of friends, announced their losses in most instances with a smile and a shrug, and began to talk of other things. They even found humor in the fact that Mayor Hurley, who had lost personally through the burning of his home, still wore the tall silk hat which long has been conspicuous in Salem's political history. There was distress, however, about the quarters of the domestic affairs department of the Relief Committee. Early in the day the committee had the names of 200 men, women and childen who had become separated from their families. This number tonight had been reduced to 100. Considering the scope of the fire, there were comparatively few small children whose parents could not be found tonight. So determined were one family of nine not to be separated that, notwithstanding all the efforts of the relief officials, they insisted upon occupying one small tent.

The soldiers patrolled the streets last night and today. Martial law was not declared, but no one was permitted to approach the fire-swept area without a pass. Only a single attempt at looting was discovered, and this was frustrated, the three men concerned running away. Before sunrise today crowds filled the streets surrounding the fire zone.

On the Common and in open spaces in the outskirts of the city the homeless tried to get a little rest during the night. Many stretched themselves out on the grass; others had managed to save mattresses or rocking chairs from their burning homes. Little groups huddled together about piles of household goods.

There was no adequate shelter available in Salem for the throngs so suddenly forced to the streets, and though other more fortunate residents hospitably opened their homes to as many as possible and public buildings were transformed into dormitories, a steady stream of men, women, and children passed during the night over the bridges to nearby cities. Similar relief measures were undertaken in that city, but even there many remained out of doors all night.

BOSTON RAISES $97,019.

Other Massachusetts Cities Will Give Aid to Salem Sufferers.

BOSTON, June 26.—The sum of $97,019 was raised today by the committee appointed by Gov. Walsh for the assistance of sufferers from the Salem fire. Contributions amounting to more than $77,000 were pledged at a meeting held in the State House this morning and many other gifts were received later.

Gardiner M. Lane, Treasurer of the committee, said that the Cities of Worcester and New Bedford had sent word that they would forward contributions tomorrow, and that other places in the State had been asked to organize committees to aid in collecting the large sum needed not only for relieving Salem's immediate necessities but for its rehabilitation.

At the State House meeting John Alden Lee said that the Bonnie Bairn Hospital at Cohasset would take care of thirty children and fifteen mothers. H. S. Reynolds for the Bay State Street Railway Company said that the company would carry all supplies free of charge.

Gov. Walsh said that the State had arranged to provide food and clothing for 10,000 persons. Adjt. Gen. Cole said he expected to be able to shelter 5,000 persons in tents tonight.

The committee appointed by Gov. Walsh decided to establish headquarters in the Salem Armory and to co-operate with the military authorities, State and civic officials, and the Red Cross Society. This committee will have entire charge of the relief work, the purpose of the Governor being to enable the Adjutant General to confine himself to military duty.

A sub-committee was appointed to supervise the relief work as follows: Bishop William Lawrence, the Rev. Michael J. Scanlon, John F. Morris, ex-Mayor Fitzgerald, F. L. Higginson, Jr., and James J. Phelan.

Philip Stockton, Robert Wilson, and Edmund Billings will serve as a committee on ways and means to remain in this city to devise methods of increasing the relief fund and supervise its expenditure.

Under a suspension of the rules the State Senate tonight received a resolution making an appropriation of $25,000 for militia expenses at Salem. The resolution was sent to the Committee on Military Affairs for immediate action. The House tonight adopted a resolution of sympathy with the people of Salem.

WILSON SENDS SYMPATHY.

Federal Government Ready to Help, President Telegraphs.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—President Wilson sent the following telegram to Gov. Walsh:

"I am sure I speak for the American people in tendering heartfelt sympathy to you and to the people of the stricken city of Salem. Can the Federal Government be of service in the emergency?"

BOSTON, June 26.—Gov. Walsh sent the following reply to President Wilson:

"In behalf of the people of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts I thank you for your message of sympathy, and if the Federal Government can be of service will call upon you later."

RED CROSS STARTS WORK.

Sends $5,000 at Once and Executives Will Direct Relief.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Ernest P. Bicknell, National Director of the Red Cross, left today for Salem to direct relief work. The Red Cross has sent $5,000 and is prepared to raise a large fund if necessary. Miss Mabel T. Boardman, Chairman of the National Relief Board of the Red Cross, will also go to Salem.

Mr. Bicknell requested the Associated Charities of Boston, an institutional member of the Red Cross, to offer its services to the city in organizing and directing relief measures. This telegram was sent to Gov. Walsh and the Mayor of Salem:

American Red Cross offers its services and will gladly render any possible assistance. Associated Charities of Boston, representing the Red Cross, have been asked to place experienced people at your command. Massachusetts Red Cross Board, of which Gov. Walsh is President, and Gardiner M. Lane, Treasurer, have authority to open relief fund if needed. Please communicate with Mr. Lane.

Secretary Garrison, after a conference with Representative Gardner of Massachusetts, called upon Col. H. L. Hawthorne at Fort Warren, in Boston Harbor, to forward a complete report of conditions in Salem. Mr. Garrison said the army would co-operate in the relief work if the Massachusetts authorities found their resources inadequate.

INSURANCE WELL DIVIDED.

Underwriters Here Scout Estimates of Loss—No One Company Hard Hit

Representatives of insurance companies here were inclined to believe yesterday that the estimated loss of about $12,000,000 in the Salem fire was considerably exaggerated. In offices where property values in that city were known in a general way, an outside valuation of $7,000,000 was placed on the buildings destroyed, and it was thought that insurance of between $4,500,000 and $5,000,000 would cover the full amount to which the companies would be liable.

The German American Fire Insurance Company has outstanding insurance of about $100,000 in the burned region, and the Germania Fire Insurance Company has in the neighborhood of $150,000. Officers of insurance companies considered that the average loss of the leading concerns would prove to be somewhere between the losses of the two companies mentioned. As practically all the well-known companies write insurance in the Salem district, it was said that the total was well distributed, and no severe burden would fall on any one organization.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 26.—Fire insurance companies having their home or general offices in this city today received information from representatives at Salem upon which they could base estimates of their losses. The aggregate is placed at $1,215,000, not including risks which were reinsured.

Seven or eight companies have losses under $100,000, some of the amounts being comparatively small, while one company had $800,000, one-half of which amount is reinsured.

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NEW HAVEN DEBATE STIRS M'REYNOLDS

Takes Senator Norris to Task for Saying No Prosecutions Had Been Contemplated.

NORRIS'S REPLY A TAUNT

Nebraskan Says the Best Way to Prove His Intentions Is to Begin the Prosecutions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 26. — Attorney General McReynolds, in an open letter to Senator George W. Norris, a radical Republican of Nebraska, made public today, denies that he has had no intention of criminally prosecuting the men responsible for violations of the law in building up the New Haven Railroad's monopoly of transportation in New England. It had been expected that the Department of Justice would institute individual proceedings against some New Haven officials, but this was the first utterance from Mr. McReynolds from which his purpose could be gleaned. Referring to the Attorney General's letter, Mr. Norris, on the floor of the Senate today, demanded that Mr. McReynolds bring forward prosecutions as proof that he had been misrepresented.

Today's phase of the incident turned on a statement made by Mr. Norris in debate in the Senate on May 29 last, when he said that a prosecution by criminal action in the New Haven case was never contemplated by the Department of Justice. This remark was based on a statement given to the press at the Department of Justice Jan. 7, in which the Attorney General said that railroad officials could not be prosecuted under Federal law for financial irregularities, but must be reached by State courts. Mr. Norris had this statement in his desk in the Senate Chamber, and referred to it in replying to a question by Senator Reed of Missouri.

Mr. Norris, having been told by Senator Lewis of Illinois that the Attorney General was annoyed and pained by the remark, wrote to the Attorney General last week expressing his regret at what seemed to be a misunderstanding, and denied he had ever said that he had a letter from the Attorney General saying the latter had no intention of bringing about prosecution in the New Haven case.

The Attorney General now comes out publicly in a request to the Nebraska Senator that he make his denial public in the Congressional Record together with the Attorney General's letter in regard to the affair.

The controversy between Mr. McReynolds and Mr. Norris grows out of a clash in May, when in company with Gov. Joseph W. Folk, chief counsel for the Interstate Commerce Commission, and Senator Kern, Mr. Norris called on the Attorney General to discuss the wisdom of calling Charles S. Mellen, Lewis Cass Ledyard, and others connected with the New Haven's operations before the Interstate Commerce Commission in the investigation. The conversation became lively, and the Attorney General finally ordered Gov. Folk out of his office.

The Attorney General, in his letter, quoted the following from the Senate proceedings of May 29:

Mr. Norris—That is not true. The Senator from Missouri is referring to the resolution in regard to the New Haven Railroad. The Attorney General did not have in contemplation any criminal action, and nobody has been given immunity in that case. The Attorney General has never said, excepting as the statements have appeared in the newspapers—

Mr. Reed—Did he not write a letter in which he said—

Mr. Norris—Not only that, but, if the Senator wants to go into that proposition, I have a statement from the Attorney General's office now in my desk to the effect that there never was in contemplation any criminal action; that there was no violation of any Federal statute in all the proceedings that were had in the New Haven affair.

The Attorney General then went on to say:

"The language which you unfortunately employed is out of harmony with the real facts, and if accepted as accurate would cast a false light about the situation.

"The assertion that 'the Attorney General did not have in contemplation any criminal action, and nobody has been given immunity in that case,' was unwarranted and misleading. Speaking in your presence, I had expressly declined to declare my plans or purposes, and this has been my uninterrupted attitude. It was, therefore, impossible for you to know what they were, and yet you undertook to make announcement in respect of them. As is well known, Mellen, a conspicuous figure, was then, and is now, under indictment in the Federal court because of certain transactions connected with New Haven affairs. How far his examination by the Interstate Commerce Commission gave immunity need not be discussed here."

Senator Norris had explained in his letter to Mr. McReynolds that he had not made the statement with which he was charged, but that he had referred to a statement given out at the Department of Justice and printed in newspapers, in which it was asserted that no prosecutions were intended. That the two men disagreed about the meaning of that statement was apparent from the communications made public today.

Mr. McReynolds's letter was read into the record by Senator Norris.

"I feel that I was fully justified in the statement that I made on the floor of the Senate to which he particularly objected," said Senator Norris. "The Attorney General refers to the fact that Mr. Mellen had already been indicted because of connection with the New Haven affair. Of course, Mr. Mellen was indicted; but he was indicted before that Administration came into power. But so far as I have been able to learn neither the preceding Administration nor this Administration had made any effort whatever to bring Mr. Mellen to trial.

"If what I said is offensive to the Attorney General—in other words—if he did not intend to prosecute somebody, or if he did think a Federal statute had been violated and therefore it was his duty to prosecute somebody—the best answer he can make to the statement which I made is to bring forth the prosecution."

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FILLING IN PANAMA SWAMP.

Long Discharge Line at San Miguel —Daley Shooting Case Trial.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, June 26.—The work of filling in at San Miguel of a large swampy area north of Panama City has been begun. The area is 14 feet above sea level and the discharge line 8,000 feet, the longest used in the canal operations.

The trial of the zone policeman who was concerned in the fatal shooting of James Daley, a Colon business man, in a café on Feb. 24 will be held on July 6.

SPLIT IN PANAMA BOARD.

American and Panaman Members Disagree on Flood Claims.

PANAMA, June 26.—Difficulties of a serious nature in regard to the awards of the American Panaman Joint Land Commission have arisen between the American and Panaman members. The entire matter has been referred to Washington in the hope that some basis for the restoration of harmonious relations may be reached.

It is understood here that the attitude of the Panaman Commissioners has caused much annoyance to the American Commissioners, who, it is said, declare that the Panamans insist on compensation for claimants already once paid for their holdings inundated in the lake area, but who later squatted on lands flooded when the lake reached the 85-foot level.

The American authorities declare that the claimants were warned to keep off zone lands after the first settlement.

ALMOST GAVE AUTOMOBILES

House Vote Was Tie, but New Vote Beat Machine for Marshall.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—For a few minutes today it looked as if the House would relent in its refusal to buy automobiles for the use of the Vice President and the Speaker of the House. The question came up through a Senate amendment to the Legislative Appropriation bill. A roll call showed the House voting 127 to 127, which favored the two motors. Then somebody demanded a recapitulation and somebody else challenged this result, and a new vote was taken. This resulted 131 to 125. The item now goes back to conference with the House again on record as opposing the purchase.

More feeling was displayed than is shown over a big appropriation bill. Once there was a promise of a personal encounter.

In the recapitulation, Representative Hull of Tennessee stated that he voted "aye," but had been recorded "no."

"The gentleman voted 'no,'" cried out Representative Farr of Pennsylvania from his seat on the Republican side.

"I voted 'aye,'" repeated Mr. Hull, very sternly.

"I was listening, and I will take an oath he voted 'no,'" persisted Mr. Farr.

Mr. Hull began to move toward Mr. Farr, who stood his ground. Other members stepped between them.

Mr. Mann, the Republican floor leader, scolded the Democrats for not providing motor cars for the presiding officers of the two houses of Congress. He called the machine which Vice President Marshall used (a model of 1909) "a sight to fill any decent American citizen with chagrin."

PUT OFF PROHIBITION VOTE.

House Rules Committee Gets a Month's Grace on Hobson Measure.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Plans for a decisive vote in the House Rules Committee on July 1 on the Hobson Constitutional amendment for nation-wide prohibition have been abandoned.

Chairman Henry, now engaged in a campaign in Texas, has suggested a postponement until Aug. 1, and the Democratic members have concurred. There were many predictions in the House today that there would be no action at this session.

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The Three Musketeers—Dumas.
Notre Dame—Hugo.
The Pathfinder—Cooper.
The Abbot—Scott.
Ninety-Three—Hugo.
Pilgrim's Progress—Bunyan.
Guy Mannering—Scott.
Kate Coventry—Melville.
The Deerslayer—Cooper.
The Bride of Lammermoor—Scott.
Adam Bede—Eliot.
The Mill on the Floss—Eliot.
Silas Marner—Eliot.
Emma—Austen.
Old Curiosity Shop—Dickens.
Cranford—Gaskell.
Villette—Bronte Sisters.
Tom Cringle's Log—Scott.
John Halifax, Gentleman—Craik.
Lavengro—Borrow.
Romany Rye—Borrow.
Gulliver's Travels—Swift.
Book of Golden Deeds—Yonge.
Last Days of Pompeii—Lytton.
Hypatia—Kingsley.
Kenilworth—Scott.
Romola—Eliot.
The Scarlet Letter—Hawthorne.
Hard Times—Dickens.
The Cloister and the Hearth—Reade.
The Last of the Mohicans—Cooper.
A Child's History of England—Dickens.
Tales from Shakespeare—Lamb.
Sense and Sensibility—Austen.
Pride and Prejudice—Austen.
Vicar of Wakefield—Goldsmith.
Tollers of the Sea—Hugo.
Westward Ho!—Kingsley.
The Bible in Spain—Borrow.

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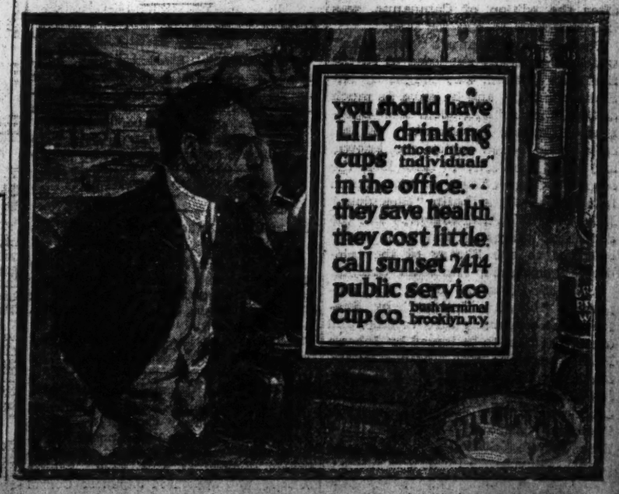
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CHANGE IN SCHEDULE

Lehigh Valley Railroad

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BLACK DIAMOND EXPRESS

Daylight all-steel train for Wilkes-Barre, Ithaca, Rochester and Buffalo through "The Switzerland of America" leaves New York—

Foot of West 23d St..... 9:20 A. M.
" " Liberty St. ..... 9:30 " "
Jackson Ave., Jersey City. 9:49 " "
Newark ..... 10.08 " "

NEW YORK & CHICAGO EXPRESS

Day train for Wilkes-Barre, Rochester, Niagara Falls, Chicago at the West leaves New York—

Foot of West 23d St..... 11:50 A. M.
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Jackson Ave., Jersey City. 12:19 P. M.
Newark ..... 12:38 " "
Arrives Chicago 3:00 P. M. following day.

BUFFALO EXPRESS

Early morning train for Buffalo, Rochester, and intermediate points, leaves New York—

Foot of West 23d St..... 6:50 A. M.
" " Liberty St. ..... 7:00 " "
Jackson Ave., Jersey City. 7:20 " "
Newark ..... 7:39 " "

CHICAGO-TORONTO EXPRESS

All-steel night train for Canadian and Western points, leaves New York—

Foot of West 23d St..... 5:50 P. M.
" " Liberty St. ..... 6:00 " "
Jackson Ave., Jersey City. 6:21 " "
Newark ..... 6:40 " "

THE BUFFALO TRAIN

All-steel train, with special sleeping cars for Ithaca and Buffalo, leaves New York—

Foot of West 23d St..... 8:50 P. M.
" " Liberty St. ..... 9:00 " "
Jackson Ave., Jersey City. 9:21 " "
Newark ..... 9:40 " "

WILKES-BARRE EXPRESS

Afternoon train for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Wilkes-Barre and Pittston, leaves New York—

Foot of West 23d St..... 3:50 P. M.
" " Liberty St. ..... 4:10 " "
Jackson Ave., Jersey City. 4:28 " "
Newark ..... 4:47 " "

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Substitutes for
ROBINSON'S Patent Barley
cannot be more fitly compared. 90 years have established it beyond a doubt.
It sometimes pays to take chances—but not in infants' food.
At all druggists' and grocers'.

CALLS CITY OFFICER IN ODD MURDER CASE

Judge Halts Trial When Witness Swears Michael A. Rofrano Counseled Perjury.

RETRACTS IDENTIFICATION

Says Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner Seemed to be a Power at Police Headquarters.

Michael A. Rofrano, who was appointed Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner on Thursday, and Rocco Carnivel, a political friend of Rofrano's, were ordered yesterday by Judge Wadhams to appear before him on Monday as witnesses in the case of John and Albert Giamari and Michael Geno, who are on trial for murder in the first degree for the killing of Vincent Cardello on Dec. 17.

The names of Rofrano and Carnivel were brought into the case by Joseph Baldo, a witness, whom Judge Wadhams committed to the Tombs for perjury, following his admission that his testimony before the Grand Jury and at Police Headquarters, in which he identified one of the defendants as Cardello's assassin, was false. Baldo, in an affidavit made to Robert M. Moore, defendants' counsel, which was read into the record of the trial yesterday, said that Carnivel had induced him to make the identification.

Baldo was a friend of Cardello and was with him on Dec. 17, when three men attacked Cardello in Monroe Street and one of them shot him down. A few hours before Michael Giamari, a brother of the two men, whom Baldo later picked out as the assailants, had been stabbed at Oak and Catharine Streets. Baldo swears that after the shooting he ran to Madison Street, boarded a car, and went home. Several days later he was taken to Police Headquarters and gave testimony there and before the Grand Jury on which Geno and the Giamaris were held as the murderers.

In the affidavit repudiating his former testimony Baldo says:

"I was absolutely unable to recognize any of the three men or to describe them and would not know any of them if I should see them. I had never, to my knowledge, seen any of them before or since the shooting.

"In the latter part of January Rocco Carnivel and two other men came to me and as nearly as I can recollect they started describing certain individuals to me and wanted me to say that those were the persons who did the shooting.

"They described one man as being rather tall and another one short, and another of medium height. As they described the parties to me they named the persons they were attempting to describe, but I have no recollection of the names they gave me. When I told them that I could not recognize the descriptions and did not know the men, they told me that I must say it was the men they had named, or else that I, Rocks Carnivel, and Fenimore would be accused of the murder. They kept pleading with me to save them and myself and threatening me with arrest for the murder, and said we would all be ruined.

"About a month after this, as nearly as I can recollect, Officers Mitchelli and Carreo appeared at my home in Coney Island and told me that I was wanted at Police Headquarters. * * * The detectives brought me into a room at headquarters where there were several detectives and Rocco Carnivel. * * * Then they brought me into the Commissioner's room. In the Commissioner's room was another man by the name of Michael A. Rofrano. As soon as Rocco Carnivel came into the Commissioner's room he introduced me to Mr. Rofrano and said to him: 'Here is Mr. Baldo, the one who was with Cardello on that night. Mr. Rofrano, you must try to help him. He has a family and has a business at Coney Island, and if anything should happen to him and he should be detained as a witness it would be a hardship to his family.'

"Mr. Rofrano answered: 'If he tells the truth and identifies the three men who will be lined up before the Commissioner, he can go right home; otherwise he will be detained the same as another witness.'

"Rocks Carnivel and Mr. Rofrano had some considerable talk, and it appeared to me that Rofrano was quite an important man about headquarters, and Rocks said to me that Rofrano could have been Commissioner of Police instead of Rubin if he had wanted to. He said that Rofrano could let me go home, provided I did what they wanted; that is, to identify the three men they were going to produce. I was so impressed with what he said that I finally agreed to identify them.

"Rocks and I were taken into another room. The door was left slightly ajar, so that I could see into the room where the Commissioner was. Rocks first looked through the crack of the door, and then said to me, calling to me to look through, 'There is the one that did the shooting,' pointing to the man who was brought into the Commissioner's room. I said, 'All right.'

"When I had this conversation at the Commissioner's office, when Rofrano was present, I said to Rocks: 'See all the trouble you are making for nothing,' and he said: 'Never mind; you must identify these men and sign that affidavit, and you will never have to appear in court, and you will never have any trouble, because you can see that Mr. Rofrano is the boss here and that he won't let you be bothered any more with the matter.'

"About a month after I made the affidavit Rocco Carnivel and another man came to see me at my place at Coney Island and Rocco introduced him to me as the stepfather of John and Albert Giamari and told me that whatever had happened before the affidavit I had already made before the District Attorney and the Police Commissioner would have to be ignored, because he wanted to help the boys out. Since that time when he came to see me I could see that the real motive of Rocco Carnivel to make me sign such an affidavit was that the defendants had been his enemies and to straighten out his affairs and better his conditions and to arrange things so that they would not injure him he tried to make me lie, and to get the defendants in a position where they could not injure him. Since then my conscience has been bothering me, and voluntarily I went to the defendants' stepfather and without any promise told him that I would tell the truth."

Judge Wadhams, when the affidavit had been read, ordered subpoenas issued for Rofrano and Carnivel. Assistant District Attorney Brothers announced that the people's case was all in, but Judge Wadhams adjourned the trial until Monday in the interest of justice.

Rofrano, who is a lawyer, was formerly Superintendent in the Tenement House Department. Two years ago Rofrano and Eugene Driscoll broke away from the leadership of Thomas F. Foley, leader of the Second Assembly District. The seceders formed the Home Rule Democratic Club. Carnivel is a Rofrano man and the Giamaris are Foley men.

GIFFORD JURY COMPLETE.

All Are Married and the Twelve Have Thirty-five Children.

Special to The New York Times.

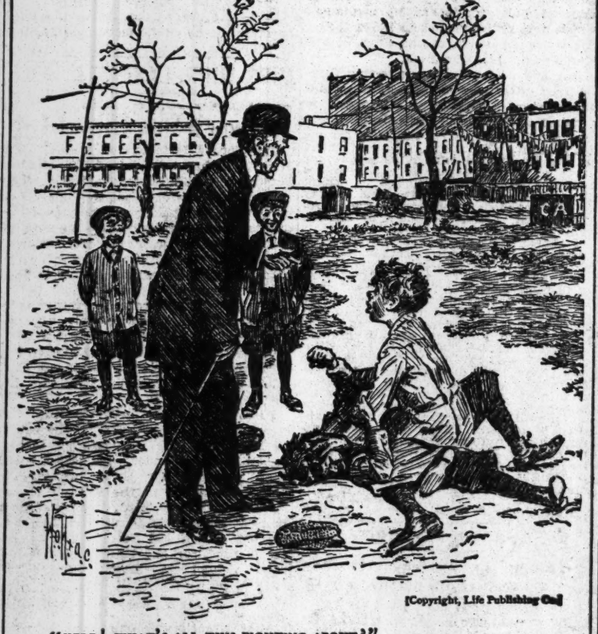
ALBANY, June 26.—The jury which is to try Malcolm Gifford, Jr., the Hudson student, for the murder of Frank J. Clute, was completed and sworn in tonight. William Travers Jerome, Gifford's leading counsel, was successful in his plan to obtain a jury of married men with families. Each man selected is the father of at least two children. The children of the twelve jurors number thirty-five, eighteen girls and seventeen boys.

The six jurors selected today were: James Mayell, real estate agent, Cohoes; Ernest Pfeiffer, woodworker, Albany; George Hatch, farmer, Feura Bush; Charles S. Fischer, carpenter, Albany; Charles Derwing, machinist, Albany, and James H. Quigley, painter, Albany.

Because of the great interest taken in the case the selection of the jury in so short a time as two days is considered remarkable.

Gifford's fifteen-year-old sister, Flora Gifford, sat beside the prisoner today. When she entered the courtroom with her mother, Gifford sprang up and kissed her.

The hearing of evidence will begin on Monday morning.



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"HERE! WHAT'S ALL THIS FIGHTING ABOUT?"
"WELL, I SAYS THE GIANTS HAS A BETTER TEAM THAN THE ATHLETICS, AN' HE SAYS I CAN'T PROVE IT, AN' I'M PROVIN' IT."

Most of us think we don't like to have our children too militant, but when Jack puts it over Billy or Tom next door, Father usually swells up with pride, and Mother—while pretending to feel very badly,—gets Jack over in a corner and kisses him!

Husky bodies and stout nerves depend—more often than we think—on the food eaten.

Grape-Nuts

made of whole wheat and barley, provides all the nutriment of these rich grains, including all their invaluable mineral phosphates.

Grape-Nuts is a capital food for growing youngsters—and just as good for grown-ups, as well. Comes ready to eat direct from the package—crisp and appetizing.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

—sold by Grocers everywhere.

FINDS ANOTHER MAN VISITED MRS. ANGLE

Stamford Police Chief Says She Had a Second Caller on the Night of Ballou's Death.

FIND VICTIM'S EYEGLASSES

Picked Up in Widow's Apartment with Lenses Unbroken, but Blood-stained—She Leaves Sanitarium.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., June 26.—All of the theories that have been advanced to explain the death of Waldo R. Ballou, who was found dying from a fractured skull Tuesday night in front of the apartment of Mrs. Helen M. Angle, may be exploded tomorrow when Chief of Police Brennan has completed an investigation based on a report that another man than Mr. Ballou was in Mrs. Angle's apartment on Tuesday night.

Chief Brennan said he knew that a second man was in the apartment, but that he did not know whether he was there before, after, or at the time Mr. Ballou was injured. The Chief said he knew the man personally; that he was a Stamford citizen, a friend of both Mr. Ballou and Mrs. Angle, and that he was in the crowd that gathered in front of the Rippowan Building after Mr. Ballou's body was found. But so far there is not the slightest evidence, Chief Brennan said, casting any suspicion on this man. For this reason the Chief refused to give the man's name. Mrs. Angle flatly denied tonight that she had entertained any other caller than Mr. Ballou on Tuesday night.

Homer M. Cummings, Prosecutor-elect of Fairfield County and also Vice Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, arrived here today and took up the investigation with Chief Brennan and Town Prosecutor Phillips. Their chief object was to determine whether Mr. Ballou could have fractured his skull in a fall, and although none of them would give his conclusions tonight, evidence which turned up today went far toward weakening that theory.

Find Ballou's Eyeglasses.

One of the things that tended most strongly to prove that Mr. Ballou did not fall was the discovery of his eyeglasses in a box in Mrs. Angle's bathroom. These were rimless spectacles, and although the lenses were smeared with blood, they were not broken. It has been established that if Mr. Ballou fell at all he fell face forward on his forehead. Such a fall certainly would have broken his eyeglasses. The glasses were identified by several persons who had seen Mr. Ballou wearing them.

Dr. Bruce S. Weaver, the specialist who was called into the case, took the flat-iron which was found in Mrs. Angle's room and will make a chemical examination of the red stains on it. These stains, he said, appeared to be dried blood, but he said he would not be able to fully determine this point until next Monday. The police look upon the result of Dr. Weaver's examination of the iron as of great importance. Dr. Weaver also took away for examination all of the clothing and the rug found in Mrs. Angle's apartment.

In his search of Mrs. Angle's rooms today Chief Brennan found several letters addressed to Mrs. Angle, and signed "Charlie" and "C." All the letters were typewritten, even their signatures. As far as they were examined by Mr. Cummings, their contents indicated that they were written by a petty officer on board the battleship Texas. Some of them were from Vera Cruz. The writer's attitude toward Mrs. Angle was very friendly, and in one letter he expressed regret that a temporary misunderstanding between himself and Mrs. Angle had been caused by a man whose name was not mentioned. Mr. Cummings took charge of all the letters.

Mrs. Angle was taken from the sanitarium of Dr. A. J. Givens this morning, to the home of one of her friends, Mrs. George Eagle, at 427 Main Street, this city. Remarkable improvement was noticed in Mrs. Angle's condition today. Twice she talked to reporters for more than an hour and the remainder of the day she sat in a front window of Mrs. Eagle's home reading newspapers and sewing.

Denies He Was Intoxicated.

In her talks to the newspapermen, Mrs. Angle added very little to her previous statements except to say that Mr. Ballou had not been intoxicated on Tuesday night. At the inquest all the witnesses who had talked with Mrs. Angle testified that she had said Mr. Ballou was intoxicated. Today she said:

"As far as I know Mr. Ballou was never intoxicated in his life. He was certainly not under the influence of liquor when he left my rooms on Tuesday night.

Mrs. Angle added that Mr. Ballou had complained to her of attacks of dizziness, and she was inclined to think such an attack had caused him to fall. She also said she could remember nothing that happened between the time when she said she found Mr. Ballou's body on the stairway and the time of Chief Brennan's arrival in her rooms. She insisted that she had no recollection of attempting to wash up blood stains, putting Mr. Ballou's hat in the cedar box in her room, or placing her stained clothing in the bureau drawer. She said she was so alarmed by finding Mr. Ballou's body that she was not conscious of what she was doing.

Mrs. Angle said that on Tuesday night she had worn a black skirt which was found in her room. It had a large stain in it. She told Chief Brennan that she was dressed entirely in white that night. The stain on this skirt has added mystery to the case. Mr. Cummings today suggested that Mrs. Angle might have wrapped the skirt around Mr. Ballou's head when she carried him downstairs.

Town Prosecutor Phillips and Harry Ballou, Waldo R. Ballou's son, went through Mr. Ballou's papers in a bank vault here to-day. They found life insurance policies amounting to several thousand dollars made in favor of Harry Ballou, and a will directing that Mr. Ballou's estate be divided equally between his two children. There is no mention of any one else. The will was made in 1910, just previous to the beginning of Mr. Ballou's close friendship with Mrs. Angle.

Coroner Phelan said today that he would finish the inquest on Monday. Mrs. Angle will be called to the stand again.

ZIONISTS PLAN WORK.

Delegates Gather at Rochester for Coming Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, June 26.—More than 100 delegates to the convention of the Federation of American Zionists arrived here this morning. It is expected that by Sunday 250 delegates will be here. Large delegations are expected from Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Baltimore, and Cincinnati. The advance guard of delegates is making plans for the work of the convention.

Dr. Max Raisin of Brooklyn will occupy the pulpit of Temple Berith Kodesh tomorrow morning, speaking on "Reform Judaism and Zionism." Dr. M. M. Kaplan of New York will speak at Beth Israel Synagogue. Dr. Eugene Kohn of Baltimore, Dr. Pool of New York, Dr. Schaffer of Baltimore, and Dr. Budzinsky of Chicago will speak at other synagogues.

The convention sessions will be opened on Sunday morning at the J. Y. M. A. Hall by Dr. Harry Friedenwald of Baltimore, President of the Federation. Dr. Levin of Berlin will address the delegates on behalf of the international Executive Committee, whose headquarters are at Berlin. Rabbi J. L. Magnes of New York will speak in behalf of the American Federation. Dr. Magnes will also be one of the chief speakers at the mass meeting to be held on Sunday night.

WANTS STORSTAD TO BEAR ALL BLAME

Counsel for Empress of Ireland's Owners Insists No Fault Lay with the Liner.

KENDALL STORY BORNE OUT

Aspinall Reviews Evidence to Show That Captain's First Report Was Fully Sustained.

Special to The New York Times.

QUEBEC, June 26.—The concluding stage of the Empress of Ireland wreck inquiry was entered upon today when Butler Aspinall, representing the Canadian Pacific Railway, reviewed the testimony in an address to the commission, and the investigation probably will close tomorrow afternoon. The decision of the commission, however, as to the causes of the disaster and where the blame for it lies probably will not be known for two or three weeks, the correspondent of THE TIMES being informed by Lord Mersey that he and his colleagues would in all probability be occupied for another fortnight in sifting and weighing the evidence.

Mr. Aspinall said the actual and sole cause of the collision was the fact that the helm of the Storstad was put hard aport at a time when the vessel possessed steerageway. He quoted the testimony of officers of the Storstad in support of his contention that the collier's helm was put aport under the mistaken impression that this would give the vessels more room to pass, the navigating officer of the Storstad thinking that the Empress of Ireland was on the port side.

Coming to the question of blame, Mr. Aspinall said it was remarkable that the story which was disclosed in the initial pleadings on behalf of the Canadian Pacific Railway and which was spoken of by Capt. Kendall had been full established by the admissions of members of the crew of the Storstad during the course of the inquiry. "Capt. Kendall contended," he said, "that the collision was caused by an alteration of course on the part of one or other of these ships, and we claimed that it was due to the helm of the other ship being ported. It is remarkable that, as this case has been developed, it has been established beyond all doubt that the helm of the Storstad was first ported and then put hard aport without any order to that effect being given by the navigating officer of the Storstad. Our claim is that this operation turned the Storstad into the Empress, which was herself without steerage way and lying practically a log upon the water."

Mr. Aspinall said the evidence given on behalf of the Empress of Ireland concerning the signals blown by Capt. Kendall had been fully borne out by the witnesses for the Storstad. He said the Storstad's contention that the Empress changed her course to port, throwing the vessel across the Storstad's bows, was entirely refuted by the testimony of Capt. Kendall, whose definite statement on this point he thought the Commissioners would be reluctant to doubt.

"Even Mr. Haight," he said, "frankly confessed his inability to explain the alleged starboarding of the helm of the Empress. He confessed that all he could do was to surmise that one officer of the Empress ordered the helm ported and that another officer subsequently ordered it starboarded. Mr. Haight obviously despaired of the possibility of proving this remarkable allegation without convicting Capt. Kendall of deliberate lying, and I think that this explains his long and labored attack on the steering gear of the Empress.

"I claim that the helm of the Empress was never put to starboard and that the steering gear of the vessel never failed."

Mr. Aspinall went on to quote the admission that the order to port the helm of the Storstad was given in order to give the Empress of Ireland more room to pass. He submitted that this was the sole cause of the collision.

At this point Lord Mersey remarked that it was important to remember that the man who should have been on the bridge of the Storstad was not there.

"More than that," said Mr. Aspinall, "when he was called he was told nothing about the dangerous proximity of another vessel. He was merely told that it was foggy and was apparently taken completely by surprise, the collision occurring thirty seconds after he reached the bridge."

GEN. WOOD COMING HERE.

Will Assume His Duties at Governors Island in a Few Days.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Major Gen. Leonard Wood, former Chief of Staff of the Army, will go to New York in a few days to assume command of the Department of the East.

Gen. Wood was assigned to command this department before the expiration of his detail as Chief of Staff last April, but in the meantime he was selected by Secretary Garrison to command the field artillery in the event of a Mexican campaign. The present determination to have him assume his duties in New York is taken here to indicate that officials do not expect a forward movement by the American forces in Mexico.

This Is Babies' Week

It is a time when the various factors directly interested in infant welfare work are getting together to create a great wave of sentiment that will result in giving the little ones a better chance.

WE are on the threshold of Summer. The season that takes an awful toll of infant life.

That this toll is less in New York City than in any other great town on earth speaks wonders for the work that has been done here.

But the mortality rate is still too high for this enlightened community.

The workers are starting out to cut the rate in half, and if they succeed it will mean thousands of lives saved.

Our part of this work has been going on for over a half a century.

Starting at a time when milk conditions were notoriously wretched, when adulteration and the use of preservatives were generally practised, it has been a glorious privilege to lead the movement which has given New York the best milk supply in the world.

From the day when Borden's began to supply clean, wholesome, fresh, country bottled milk, the doom of fraudulent, dangerous milk was sealed.

It has been a long fight and there is still much to be done, but those who know the milk business for twenty years back can tell of the enormous things that have been accomplished since Borden's made it possible for all who wanted good milk to have a pure product.

We speak of ourselves and our association with this movement not in a boastful spirit, but simply to record a fact and to publicly acknowledge the sense of responsibility we feel to the two million or more people who depend on us for their daily milk.

We know what we have done. We know that the future offers opportunities as great as those which have confronted us for the past sixty years.

Our organization, noted for its ideals and its efficiency, as well as for its size, has ever had for its aim the welfare of its clientele of consumers.

It has worked night and day, every day, that the babies might have better milk.

That this work has been attended with success is a notable part of the history of the milk trade.

That the public knows and appreciates this is shown by the tremendous support given by the consumers, resulting in the greatest milk business on earth and, according to our lights, the most dependable.

Our attitude toward the responsibilities imposed by this work is one of humility. The attitude that keeps every loyal Borden man keyed up to his best to be sure that the bottle of milk that reaches your door shall be right.

An attitude that keeps us always trying and advancing.

During the past year we have introduced

BORDEN'S GRADE A MILK

PASTEURIZED

From the viewpoint of quality, cleanliness and safety, and price, we believe it represents the best milk value on the market today.

The sale of this grade has reached a point which justifies our faith in it.

We Recommend It for the Babies and Sell It at a Price That Makes It Available for the Whole Family.

BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK CO.
108 Hudson Street Telephone Franklin 5360

GIMBELS

Broadway and Thirty-third Street

Store Open ALL DAY Today From 8.30 until 5.30

Fresh, New Summer Stocks Nearly $6,000,000 Worth Of Desirable Goods

Every Woman Should Have a Black Cape or a White Coat—or Both

GIMBEL Modes Are the Newest And Prices the Most Notable in New York

Black Capes, $10 to $25

Broadcloth, unlined, $10 Velvet, silk lined, $25
Serge, silk lined, $15 Serge, silk lined, $19.50

White Chinchilla and Blanket Coats, $15 to $25

NOTE—We are now disposing of our entire collection of Trotteur Coats, afternoon and Evening Wraps, at $9.75 to $47.50, were $15 to $95 and more. Third Floor

Women's $2 to $6.50 Parasols at $1.50 to $3.75

Here is the latest in a remarkable series of Parasol sales which has brought to GIMBELS the parasol business of the city, because of the fashionable, charming styles, the fine qualities, and the low prices offered.

1,500 Parasols in this newest lot, in all the favorite shapes, fabrics and colors.

Plenty of black-and-white effects; some with Bayadere stripes, others with ribbon insertions.

Plain taffeta in all colors, some with shirred edge or ribbon insertions. Also plain taffeta, in "Palm" shape, or tucked.

$3 to $4 Sun and Rain Umbrellas, $2

All colors, in a charming assortment of fancy borders. Main Floor

Men's Cool $2 & $2.50 Soft Shirts at $1.15

These are as fine Summer Shirts as ever sold at their regular prices. Now at savings of a third to half, or even more.

Cotton Crepes, Russian Cords, Reps, Satin Stripes and Mercerized Cottons in dozens of different patterns and color combinations. Plain bosoms, soft cuffs.

Especially good for the days when it is too hot to wear waistcoats. Main Floor

A Fine Purchase of Hammocks

$3,000 Worth to Sell for $2,000

We bought the surplus stock of a fine maker—about 600 Hammocks, and place them on sale today at a third or more below regular prices.

In corduroy, satin, rep and double weaves, in Jacquard and floral designs, in many rich color-combinations. All have throw-back upholstered pillows, wide valances, and very convenient, strong and simple hanging devices.

These are essentially high-grade Hammocks, and will be claimed in a jiffy by Summer vacationers.

At $4, regularly $6.50
At $3.50, regularly $6
At $3.25, regularly $5.50
At $3, regularly $5

Main and Fourth Floors

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1914.

ENCOURAGEMENT FOR BUSINESS.

"We are the friends of business," said the President in his talk to the Virginia editors, predicting the approach of a boom. It is not possible to doubt it. There is no hope for the Administration, or for the country, unless it is true, and it is not possible to imagine a President who would wilfully bring upon himself the opposition of men of business. They control the country whenever they give their attention to it, and they have lately come to an appreciation of the fact that they have been neglecting their duty as citizens as well as men of business. They have abstained from attempting to direct legislation because Congress gave notice that their advice was not wanted. In the case of business men of this city the notice was official and direct. It is different with the President. We have his own word for it, as follows:

> We know what we are doing. We purpose to do it under the advice—for we have been fortunate enough to obtain the advice—of men who understand the business of the country, and we know that the effect is going to be exactly what the effect of the currency reform was, a sense of relief and of security.

That is the most promising note the President has yet struck. It is more encouraging than the threat to hang higher than Haman anybody who maliciously did not prosper under the new dispensation, going on a hunger strike, as it were, or committing harakiri on the doorstep of the men they wished to charge with their misfortunes. The President did not carry the country with him in his suggestion of a conspiracy of misfortune for his discredit. But if he should fail to rally the business men of the country to his support he would have the country behind his demand that they should co-operate with their advice in the formulation of laws, and with their conduct in obedience to the laws, whether passed with or without their support.

Obviously the President's speech was intended to encourage, not to depress; it was designed as a message of comfort for business throughout the country, and we have no doubt that it will be generally accepted as reassuring and will serve to offset the ill-effect of some recent talk in Congress. The word of promise comes from the President, rather than from Congress. Its methods are not such as the President adopts for himself. He is all for creating conditions of certainty, so that business may be sure of its present and future. Some of the proposals in Congress have been described by business men as threatening them with the penitentiary by their obscurity, and by overthrowing their accustomed methods. The discussion of the Trade Commission bill reported yesterday is a case in point. "Unfair trade" is to be forbidden, as though it were now lawful.

Senators wanted to know whether this meant whatever was declared to be unfair by an edict of labor unions, themselves to be exempted from the effect of the law. They wanted to know whether the unfairness was to be determined by the customs of trade, or by the personal opinions of a Commissioner not yet appointed, whose mental processes are unknown, and which would alter with each appointment. They wanted to know whether Congress was to legislate, or whether this was to be left to the commission, which is charged with no such functions under our system of Government.

This illustrates, perhaps, a difficulty in the way of the President's boom, and the urgent need of his support by the men of business if his method is to prevail. He cannot alone enact his programme. He must get it through Congress. In his own time and manner no doubt he will disclose to the country what these advisers propose, and who they are. It makes no difference whether they are big men or little men, whether city men or country men, whether capitalists or unionists. All must live under the same laws, and the laws must be such as to be fair to all. It is not a matter of phrases, or friendship, but of substance. Law relates to conduct, not to business discretion. Common law is the expression of the common conscience, so far as it is good law. When statutes do not express the common law they express bad law, and law which cannot be enforced. This is the standard by which the President's constructive legislation must be tried.

TRUE PAN-AMERICANISM.

The idea that the United States has given up anything or has submitted to any sort of humiliation in the mediation proceedings at Niagara Falls is preposterous. This is the sort of talk that the interventionists, who are very active just now, are spreading through the country. We have not forgotten the insult to the flag at Tampico, to punish which we sent a fleet to Vera Cruz, captured the city, took over its Custom House, and garrisoned the port. That was ample punishment for the Tampico slight and others of the same sort. Nothing could be gained now by insisting on a salute to the flag by the diminished forces of the defeated Provisional President. Tampico is in the hands of the revolutionists, who have not insulted the flag. Our troops are still in Vera Cruz and will remain there until order is re-established in Mexico. Those persons who affect to believe, in spite of indications to the contrary, that order will not result from the proceedings at Niagara Falls have nothing to complain of. We are still in Mexico; what more can they ask?

Others, who are not possessed by the idea that it is our destiny to take Mexico away from the Mexicans, find the present situation gratifying alike to their sense of national honor and their humanity. For the first time since the word came into common use Pan-Americanism means something practical. The United States has joined with the three great republics of South America for the improvement of international relations on this hemisphere. The union thus formed, we believe, will last and be of service to all the nations of America, North and South. Its first act, and one that is likely to be remembered in history as a noteworthy incident of the twentieth century, will be the pacification of Mexico and the establishment there of a stable Government.

ALAS, FOR THE FENCES!

Representative HUMPHREY of Washington has been revealing the secrets of the prison-house. The prison-house is the Capitol, where an inexorable President has been insisting on confining a number of persons of previous good character and a fondness for travel. They have been assuring us that their desire for enlargement proceeded from attachment to the country's interests and a fear that these might suffer from further legislation. But Mr. HUMPHREY lets the cat out of the bag. Pointing an accusing finger to the vacant seats of three colleagues whom he describes as "pets of the teacher," he bursts into this cry of anguish: "They are telling "the rest of us to stay here this "Summer, while they are looking "after the fences."

Chained to his desk on the Potomac, Mr. HUMPHREY sees a vision of a fence far off on the Pacific Coast. It is dismantled and grown over with weeds, and through the gaps in it the Bull Moose and the Donkey plunge at their own sweet will, completing the devastation. As he paints the picture, each of his hearers sees a similar one. The fences are different, but each presents the same general appearance. They are going to wreck and ruin, while we sit helplessly here in Washington month after month, doing what? Nothing but what we draw our salaries for doing. It is a tragedy.

CLEANING UP 1907.

The Claflin failure is an episode belonging to the past rather than to the present or to the future. Its troubles are not of the current time, but were the product of a system which will pass with the establishment of the new banking system. It is a sequel of the time and the system when credit was made to take the place of currency. Currency was not to be had at times and in quantities to meet the demand under the system limiting the country's cash to the volume of bonds pledged. Neither was credit regulated by a highly organized system in the times when the Claflin obligations were undertaken. The concern secured credit from thousands of banks, none of which knew of the total obligations of the firm. They secured it upon paper such as the new Federal system would not accept. To a large extent their accommodations were obtained by indorsement of paper which was really their own, although the names upon it were different.

In the phrase classic since BAGEHOT's time "it was pig upon pork." Apparently it was two-name paper. Really it was paper with a single interest behind it to the extent that interownership mingled the assets and the obligations of the related concerns. So long as paper pays paper it is possible to put out and keep afloat an increasing volume and to show bookkeeping profits. But when payment is required and assets shrink with falling prices the end is near.

It was with this thought in mind that THE TIMES warned the country banks to be moderate in their expectations that the Federal reserve system would smash the Money Trust of the cities. On June 15 we said, in connection with the choice of Federal reserve managers, that it would be well that they should be representative of the interior provinces, so that the country "should learn from its own "chosen bankers that the wells of "credit are not choked and defiled "by the Money Power of the East. "* * * It will be necessary for the "bankers to explain that not all "commercial paper has rediscount "qualities. In the early stages of "the new banking freedom it may "even appear that commercial loans "are rather more difficult than when "made in the familiar manner." That is what has been disclosed. Instead of credit being restricted by the Money Trust it was made too easy by the unorganized banks of the interior. In the new system the lenders will be organized and overextension will be more difficult. When it occurs it will be liquidated in an orderly manner, and will not be complicated by dealings with thousands of scattered banks, none of which dares to be as generous as a centralized institution able to control the processes which it supervises throughout the entire country.

SALEM'S CALAMITY.

It is a pity that COTTON MATHER is in his grave. Perhaps his ghost stole out the other afternoon and looked on triumphantly while fire brought the old Witches' House at Salem to a few charred timbers and a heap of ashes. "I and Providence—we were right about the witches all the time," the ghost, if ghost there was, must have soliloquized. "After two centuries and "more, Providence backs me up and "sends a token to these modern scoffers. But plainly it is a sign," this with a glance toward Gallows Hill. "We should have followed our better impulses and burned, not hung, them."

Trust the Puritan to find the fly in the amber! Any normal ghost would have taken its enjoyment unquestioningly, without regretting the paltry concession to sentiment and finer sensibilities of two centuries since. But it is to be hoped that the ghost crept away from the scene of the Almighty's displeasure unseeing and unhearing, content now to return to its silent grave. We would not have had its enjoyment further marred. For had it met a disturbing thing or two, a car or a wagon that went rolling through the streets of Salem, with neither beast to draw nor hand of man to propel, or had it looked up and beheld a human being riding through the air—on a somewhat glorified broomstick, it must be admitted—what might that ghost not have decided?

But more than the so-called Witches' House, and a few of the other reminders of Puritanism, were burned in Salem's fire, a calamity of a sort which might well afflict any one of a dozen or more New England towns of the same size at any time. We know how to build in this country, but we are not putting our knowledge very rapidly into practice. In the Salem of today, or that of the day before yesterday, the ancient, so far as we Americans can be ancient, and the most modern are combined. Salem has become a great manufacturing centre. Its loss is heavy, but it will be helped to bear it, and the afflicted Salemites will feel no lack of sympathy. They may console themselves, too, with the reflection that the fire will turn out to be a good thing for the city, as the new Salem which will rise from the ashes of the old will be better to look upon and safer to dwell in.

JAPAN'S GRIEVANCE.

In the correspondence published yesterday between Secretary BRYAN and the Japanese Government it is unfortunately as plain as day that the one thing which cannot be officially recognized as important is the one thing of real importance. It is the race question. Japan argues that her treaty rights have been disregarded in the California legislation. Mr. BRYAN denies it and says that the question is one for judicial decision. Japan waves the suggestion aside. The question involved is, on the face of it, a question whether a law prohibiting unnaturalized aliens from owning real property or transmitting the ownership of that which they now possess is or is not in violation of treaty rights. That seems a question on which an agreement might easily enough be reached; but under the apparent subject of controversy lies the one to which Ambassador CHINDA alludes in his remark that "the racial distinctions inferable" from the law prohibiting the naturalization of the Japanese "is hurtful to their just national susceptibilities." He expressly disclaims any intention to protest against that law, but on its existence the whole debate rests. There is no arguing about race prejudice. Mr. BRYAN seeks to dispose of it by denying its presence and attributing the California legislation to economic causes, but Japan utterly refuses to accept the explanation and points out that the laws were enacted when Japanese immigration into the United States was decreasing, not increasing.

At the same time, it must be noted that Mr. BRYAN's policy of treating every apparently acute disagreement with a prescription of endless conversation has worked well. If the matter is still unsettled and a settlement is not in sight, at least the attitude of both countries has changed. It is difficult to realize now how high passion rose thirteen months ago, especially in Japan, and how close appeared a real breach. It is Secretary BRYAN's belief, and he acts on it with a courage proof against ridicule, that even when everything seems definitely at an end it is good diplomacy to go on talking about it. This idea he undertook to incorporate into his celebrated series of peace treaties, with no great results; but he acted upon it in the case of Japan, with the result that while nothing has been settled, a question full of dynamite has been relegated to the background for a year, and the violence of feeling in both countries is all gone. Nor will it be easy to arouse it again.

ROOSEVELT AGAINST FUSION.

There is reason to suppose that Col. ROOSEVELT would have preferred fusion if he could have got it on his own terms, but he is not only the leader of the Progressives in New York; he is also their leader in the nation, and has to consider the effect of his acts in other States as well as here. State Chairman WALTER F. BROWN of Ohio and JOHN M. PARKER, the Louisiana State leader, participated in the conferences which led to his declaration of yesterday of objections to Mr. WHITMAN, which, whether well founded or not, would apply to any Republican not actually opposed by the State organization. In Ohio the Progressives have already committed themselves against fusion, despite the efforts of leaders in their party, and JAMES R. GARFIELD, one of Col. ROOSEVELT's close personal friends, is running for Governor. In Louisiana the Progressives are expected to poll a large vote and to elect at least one Congressman, perhaps more. In Indiana BEVERIDGE is their candidate for Senator. The Colonel must have been told that fusion with Republicans in this State would be throwing GARFIELD and BEVERIDGE to the wolves, after they had burned their bridges behind them and sacrificed everything for him and his party.

His declaration means the nomination of a straight Progressive ticket. The only chance for fusion now would be for some Republican candidate to open war on BARNES and then run in the Progressive primary as well as in the Republican one. That seems extremely unlikely, and his success even more so. Last year the Progressives cast 195,000 votes for the lowest candidate on their ticket for Judge of the Court of Appeals. There is nothing to indicate yet whether they have lost any of that vote or still hold it. If they hold it, a Republican nomination for Governor will not be likely to confer much joy on its possessor. However, if the Republicans are anxious to beat the Democrats, they might accept the Progressive candidate. Suppose that should, after all, be the Colonel!

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Our Appeals for Gunda Misunderstood.

It is a cause of as much grief as regret, and not a little of either, that Dr. HORNADAY has interpreted wrongly the pleas of THE TIMES in behalf of the elephant Gunda. That he does so is only too clearly shown by the letter from him printed elsewhere on this page.

We have fought side by side with Dr. HORNADAY in many a battle for animals and birds, and expect to fight there in many another. We have on innumerable occasions recognized his authority as a zoologist, and as often we have eagerly sought and gratefully used his information and advice on matters connected with the domain which he has so well explored. And now, because we have and express an opinion of our own as to the chaining of Gunda, he thinks our friendliness and respect all gone, he charges us with attacking the institution of which he is so justly proud, and he declares that we are thirsty for the blood of his big prisoner and are compelling him to shed it!

Dr. HORNADAY has strangely mistaken our emotions, our desires, and our purposes. THE TIMES has not become his enemy or that of the Bronx Zoological Park. We have never even hinted that Gunda should be killed, except as action preferable to keeping the creature where and as he now stands, and our every contention has been based on the belief that in a different and less rigorous confinement Gunda would be a spectacle less shocking to sensitive observers and the public and his keepers be as well protected.

Dr. HORNADAY insists that Gunda is at present as happy and comfortable as a "mean elephant" deserves or needs to be. We can at least deny with confidence that Gunda is "mean" in any sense implying responsibility and justifying punishment.

When Dr. HORNADAY says that a sunken inclosure won't do for an elephant, we promptly yield to his superior knowledge and abandon that suggestion. But he has not yet convinced us that Gunda must either stay where he is or be slaughtered. Then the doctor asserts that he takes his stand on a universal negative, and universal negatives, logicians all agree, cannot be proved.

Against Dr. HORNADAY's severity to ourselves we do not protest, as we could "answer back" if we chose, but is he not unnecessarily unkind toward our correspondents, and especially toward the gentle poet who put Gunda's prayer in numbers so grave and sweet?

Mr. Marshall Makes a Record

Of all the subjects discussed by man, journalism is probably the one which, with the possible exception of hotel-keeping, is most often and most confidently talked about without warrant of either information or experience. At this late date, therefore, it is extremely difficult to make concerning the press a statement surpassing in inaccuracy all those hitherto uttered, but Vice President MARSHALL certainly succeeded in setting a new mark when he told the Virginia editors that newspapers ceased to be independent, or, as he put it, free, when they began to sell for less than 5 cents.

This assertion is so igeniously incorrect, it is contradicted by so many facts, it convicts the amiable Indianian of knowing so much that is wrong and so little that is right about what may be called the psychology and physiology of newspapers, that of him as of the old yacht America it can be said that he wins and the rest are nowhere. For the truth and Mr. MARSHALL's statement are poles apart.

The papers of the five-cent days gave, and to live with their small circulations had to give, their few advertisers much more than the space for which the advertisers nominally paid. Those were the days of the "reading notice," of the concealed puff, of fooling the subscriber with news that was not news, of subjugating the editorial room to the business office. It is large circulation, and nothing else, that makes a newspaper independent of the individual advertiser and of the individual subscriber as well, and enables it to view with composure the stopped subscription of the one and the withdrawn advertisement of the other.

Perhaps Mr. MARSHALL thinks that the old high-priced papers, to a greater degree than the modern cheap ones, depended for support on subscribers. If so, he is utterly mistaken. It is the high-priced paper, with its necessarily small circulation, that must get the patronage of particular advertisers or die, and to get it must often resort to expedients humiliating at best and dishonest at worst. For so much larger, proportionally, are its expenses of publication than those of the paper of large circulation that the price can never be high enough to come anything like as near meeting them as does the one cent paid for the paper which by its success in getting and its skill in presenting the news has earned a multitude of readers.

Momentous Questions Are Decided.

Grave issues have been raised in the Massachusetts Legislature—the "General Court," as they queerly call it there. Boston's east wind calmed down this week, and so high did the temperature rise that the statesmen under the gilded dome of the State House wilted and panted. One of them, who brings from Fall River the fine old name of MULVANEY, sought to mitigate his sufferings by taking off his coat before he entered the historic chamber, but no sooner had he appeared with outing shirt unblushingly revealed to his brother lawmakers than several of the more sensitive rose in passionate protest and demanded from the presiding officer to be spared the shocking spectacle.

Speaker CUSHING rose grandly to the emergency. He ruled, as against Mr. MULVANEY's claim of personal privilege, that though no law of which he, the Speaker, knew compelled the wearing of coats by members in legislative session, common understanding and practice made it necessary, and that therefore the gentleman from the mill town would have to sacrifice comfort to the proprieties or stay away.

Mr. MULVANEY, with a docility belying his patronymic, sacrificed as bidden.

Then another legislator rose and called the attention of the Speaker to the fact that the representative from Ware, the Rev. ROLAND D. SAWYER, had on his feet no—that is, only sandals. Was that right? Was it even tolerable? The Speaker with sighs and solemnity took up this new problem. He consulted his clerks and the books at hand, and then decided that—he wouldn't rule at all! That, of course, was in effect a ruling in favor of the Rev. ROLAND D. SAWYER, who continued happily to wiggle his unrestricted toes.

SUFFRAGE IN QUEENS

Might Have Enabled Women to Elect a Good District Attorney.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent, Mrs. Eleanor Phillips, asks a leading question: "Could Mrs. Eno have done more humane work with the vote?" The answer, undoubtedly, is in the affirmative. Had Mrs. Eno and the women of Queens County by voting assisted a right choice of District Attorney and political leaders, the whole crime and scandal might have been avoided.

Mrs. Phillips and your correspondent, Helen S. Harmon-Brown, adopt an inverse method of reasoning which is very difficult to follow. Perhaps these ladies will tell us if they are also of the opinion that the general public has a better opportunity for controlling the inner administration of a corporation than the stockholders, in whose power it lies to choose the Directors.

The interference of disinterested and irresponsible persons is not usually welcomed either by corporations or political rings, and in so vital a matter as the administration of law and justice, prevention of evil is surely better than attempts to remedy after evil has accrued.

Every right-minded person is bound to admit that the voters in Queens County failed on this occasion to make the best use of their power; but that the responsibility, whether they recognize it or not, ultimately rests with them, equally cannot be denied. The inclusion of women in that electorate might well have prevented a deplorable state of affairs. All good citizens, whatever special views on other topics they may hold, will honor Mrs. Eno and the women who have worked with her for the courage with which they have undertaken an unpleasant and difficult duty in the interests of public justice and honor. It is the strangest perversion of reason to argue that these women should, therefore, not be made responsible citizens.

MARY GARRET HAY,
Chairman Woman Suffrage Party.
New York, June 25, 1914.

The New "Mousetrap" Cars.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is there any valid reason why the rear motor of the new "mousetrap" Broadway cars should constantly gurgle and hiss and bang in one's ears? I understand that they cost the company $6,000 apiece.

A DESERTER.
New York, June 25, 1914.

THE LAND OF LONG AGO.

Does no little truant pathway tend
To the Land of Long Ago?
No little, recusant, rebel bend
Run back from the long road's forward trend,
Back through the clover and morning dew,
Through lanes where the pale pink wild rose grew,
To the Land of Long Ago?

What tints of skies to memory cling
In the Land of Long Ago?
A sudden flash of a blue-bird's wing,
And pale forget-me-nots of the Spring,
A hint of apple-blooms, pink and white,
With splashes of gold from bees in flight,
In the Land of Long Ago.

What are the sounds that remembrance brings
From the Land of Long Ago?
Faint the notes that the Long Ago sings:
Laughter of children, soft whirs of wings;
Songs in the meadow, the thrush's call—
Symphony magical, blending all,
From the Land of Long Ago.

Oh, a million miles from older years
Lies the Land of Long Ago!
Our eyes are blinded by mists of tears,
The mystic symphony no one hears,
But back, far back, where the wild rose dreams,
And tint of a blue-bird's pinion gleams,
Lies the Land of Long Ago.

ANNIE O'CONNOR.

HORNADAY ON GUNDA.

Calls Pleas for Chained Elephant Attacks on the Zoological Park.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I call what THE TIMES is saying about Gunda an "attack on the Zoological Park," because that is precisely what this campaign has become. Note the two letters of the all-wise and discriminating Mr. George.

Ever since the Zoological Park was opened, fifteen years ago, I have warned the Zoological Society that the day would come wherein we would be attacked. "Be thou as chaste as ice, as pure as snow, thou shalt not escape calumny." Sooner or later, great public favor is certain to react. Every pendulum must swing back, as well as forward. The day has come when fervid Oh-Lord poets and letter-writers feel cocksure that they know more about managing dangerous animals than we do.

From those whom we regard as our natural enemies, we always expect hostility; and we are not surprised when it comes. From the S. P. C. A., which we expected would be friendly, we never have had any recognition save complaints.

In our most extravagant moments, however, we never dreamed that one of the leading newspapers of New York City would promote an attack on the Zoological Park, keep it up day after day, and print such letters as those of the remarkable Charles J. George. It is rather odd—and a pity, too—that it should have been THE TIMES that started the movement that now seems very likely to lead to the shooting of Gunda at an early date, in response to the clamor of poets and editors and others who are so tender-hearted that they cannot bear to have him live any longer! It reminds me of the time when men were dedicated

To the thumbscrew and the stake for the glory of the Lord.

Won't it be a spectacle for gods and men when Gunda, munching hay in the most comfortable animal room in the whole Zoological Park, hears the roar of the elephant rifle that sends a steel bullet crashing through his skull and brain in the name of The Merciful, The Compassionate? When it is done, I shall insist that those who are now attacking my management of Gunda shall be compelled to come to the death chamber, and see it done. As for myself, I will ask to be excused.

I think that Gunda's days are numbered; and when he is finally shot to death we will erect a tablet to his memory bearing this inscription: "Shot to death in response to the demands of tender-hearted friends who wanted him to be free to turn completely around in his room."

I am not going to enter into any defense of the management of Gunda. If the people of New York are not satisfied with my thirty-seven years of study of the minds of the elephants, (my first article on that subject was published thirty-two years ago,) based on actual contact with elephants both wild and tame; my fifteen years of practical management of a collection of elephants, and the successful training of several elephant keepers, then the Georges and the "Taxpayer," and THE NEW YORK TIMES may have Gunda's blood—if the Zoological Society chooses to have him killed before it is really necessary. I have been trying to save Gunda from himself; but I will not fight THE TIMES in order to save the mean brute.

One thing, however, I will say to those who are flooding that mischievous elephant with bathos and literary bouquets. There are exactly two alternatives, and only two. Men in their senses do not try to keep elephants in concrete pits. The "pit" system, adopted only for bears in mediaeval times, was entirely too cruel to last, and the system belongs to the days of the thumbscrew and the rack.

Any one who talks about setting Gunda free advertises himself as a mental incompetent. Charles J. George, in writing as he does—particularly about our giraffes—makes a pitiful spectacle of himself. He says: "I never have known an animal with a cage-mate of its kind to degenerate into a criminal beast." Wise Mr. George! I think the public will appreciate the quality of his knowledge and his theories. As for myself, I am too busy to answer him according to his folly.

I repeat that there are just two alternatives for Gunda. Either let him alone where he stands, giving him a chance to recover from his present spell of ill-temper, (which possibly may come to pass,) or shoot him to death where he stands. If he ever begins really to suffer from his confinement, I will be the first one to know it, and to propose that his life be ended. If the editor of THE TIMES prefers to have his blood now, I shall not do anything more than file strong protests against it, and denounce it as being, at this time, unnecessary, and therefore cruel.

I take this opportunity to warn the readers of THE TIMES to pay no attention to anything that may be written by Charles H. George. It seems to be impossible for him to state anything truthfully, or to draw a correct conclusion of any kind.

W. T. HORNADAY.
New York, June 26, 1914.

GUNDA'S FEELINGS.

Reasoning by Analogy, He Must Be Very Unhappy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

From reading the comments of Dr. Hornaday and the keepers I take it that they rely to a very large extent for their defense of Gunda's treatment upon the assertion that he is not suffering on account of the close confinement to which he is being subjected. Being a criminal, it is only his due that he be tied down so as to have the least possible amount of freedom. It seems to be their contention that he is not suffering, but, on the contrary, is a perfectly happy and satisfied elephant. Dr. Hornaday's reasoning appears to be from the premise that he personally would much prefer to be chained down for some eighty possible years than be shot. Therefore, Gunda must be happy in the knowledge that, bad as his condition may be, it might be worse.

But is he happy? Perhaps the only rule available to our reasoning is that one which would be applied to ourselves.

I submit that close confinement is probably the one thing above all others which is conducive to unhappiness, and, if you please, to bad temper and a rebellious spirit.

It would seem to me that there is a way out of the situation which would meet with general approval. Gunda is a valuable asset to the Zoo. Such being the case, would it not be possible to provide adequate quarters for him, and make his eighty years at least more pleasant than they promise to be now? If he is worth $10,000, why not build for him an inclosure worthy of housing a ten-thousand-dollar asset? Two iron stakes, a few feet of chain, and two bracelets of iron surely are not worthy ornaments to a live asset of this magnitude, and "the largest of his kind in captivity." By the way, was Gunda consulted when he was taken captive? Was he given a chance to explain that he is a "bad elephant"? O. G. T.
New York, June 25, 1914.

A Pitiful Sight.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read with interest your account of Gunda, whom I often visit with other children. His lack of greater freedom is very pitiful to me. Cannot something be done to help him, for the sake of children as well as for his own comfort?

FANNY G. ELLSWORTH.
Bronxville, N. Y., June 25, 1914.

MAY MOVE ST. ANDREW'S.

Father Evers Withdraws His Opposition to the Court House.

President McAneny announced yesterday at the Board of Estimate meeting that a compromise had been reached with the parishoners of St. Andrew's Roman Catholic Church, and there was no need to delay the institution of the new condemnation proceedings for the Court House site. The Rev. Father Luke Evers, rector of St. Andrew's, expressed his acquiescence as Mr. McAneny explained that the City Planning Committee would consider the grant of a new site to the church, perhaps on the new avenue, and promised that the Cardinal should be consulted before any definite action was taken against the church.

Lawrence M. B. McGuire, President of the Real Estate Board, proceeded to file a series of protests against the new Court House site, and then asserted that the city was about to embark on a speculation such as no private individual would ever dare to undertake.

"You are going to take the taxpayers' money and put it in the Collect Pond in the hope of finding a foundation," he said. "You tell us you can find one, but you don't tell us what it will cost. You can make the preliminary borings in thirty days. Why don't you do that first?" Then Mr. McGuire said that the city had already too much land in the old Court House site on its hands. They had been told it cost $600 a day to carry. It was really nearly $1,000.

"I'm told we shall get more for that land than we paid for it," said the Mayor.

Mr. McGuire denied this, but Mr. McAneny said he expected to make at least 15 per cent. profit. It was absurd to suppose that land on the edge of such a great improvement as the Court House would not increase in value, he said. Then, taking up the question of the foundation for the Court House, he read an extract from a letter of Guy Lowell, the architect. This said:

"The question of borings is not as complicated as certain objectors would have us believe. The plans of the Court House do not call for a high building with heavy column loads. On the contrary, owing to the shape of the building, with its compact self-braced form and complete absence of heavily loaded corner piers, the loads are evenly distributed to an unusual degree; and even the most heavily loaded columns (which have already been calculated) bring such a comparatively light load to bear on these footings that the difficulties foreseen by those who think we should wait till borings are taken do not really enter into our problem. The existence of rock for foundations, which the objectors seem to imply is a necessity, is actually not a condition imposed by our problem."

"This matter has been gone into again and again," said Mr. McAneny a little testily. "I don't know what is the point of the opposition."

"I will help you to find the ulterior motive," answered Mr. McGuire sharply.

"I never said anything about an ulterior motive," retorted Mr. McAneny.

"The implication was strong," said Mr. McGuire. Then he began to talk about the possibility of heavy assessments on the property owners, and suggested that this was likely to happen with regard to the circular street around the Court House site and the diagonal avenue running up to the Manhattan Bridge.

Mr. McAneny denied that these particular parts of the proposed scheme had been adopted in reference to the Court House, and said that the avenue to the Manhattan Bridge was needed for the traffic which would be originated by the Manhattan Bridge, and in order to provide an outlet for the traffic which would come from the north by Fourth and Third Avenues.

Mr. McGuire still expressed great fear that the property owners would be assessed for these changes, and called attention to the heavy fees real estate lawyers obtained from property owners in getting undue assessments reduced.

The hearing was then closed, and on the suggestion of Mr. McAneny the vote on the institution of the condemnation proceedings was laid over until next Thursday's meeting. There will, however, be no public discussion on that occasion.

MISS RHINELANDER'S WILL.

Old New Yorker Ignores Nephew Who Married a Servant.

Miss Serena Rhinelander, who died on June 11 in her home at 14 Washington Square, left $160,000 to charitable institutions and provided that the balance of her estate, except for several minor bequests, should be divided among four of her nephews and a niece. Her nephew, William Copeland Rhinelander, who became estranged from his family in 1878 when he married a chambermaid in his father's employ, received nothing. His father cut him off with only a small allowance, and last February his mother, Mrs. Matilda O. Rhinelander, died and left him only $1,000 out of a $2,000,000 estate which went to his brothers.

Miss Rhinelander bequeathed all the silver that she received from the estate of William C. Rhinelander, her father, to Julia Rhinelander, her sister. She then provided for these bequests to charity: $50,000 to the Church of the Ascension; $50,000 to St. James's Church in East Eighty-eighth Street; $50,000 to the Children's Aid Society, the income to be used for the Rhinelander Industrial School in East Eighty-eighth Street, and $10,000 to the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary. The bequests to the churches were for endowment purposes.

Miss Rhinelander expressed the wish that Philip or T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, her nephews, or Mary S. Witherbee, her niece, should occupy her Washington Square home. The one who occupies it is to have the use and enjoyment of all the household and personal effects there, including all the family portraits.

To Maud Lee McKim and James P. Burrell were left bequests of $5,000 each. Miss Rhinelander provided for these bequests to her servants: $3,000 to Thomas P. Keating; $1,000 to James Reidlinger; $500 each to Martin Handley, Rose Brady, Daniel Dempsey, Mary Reidlinger, Agnes McDonough, Anne J. Boyle, and Martin and Agnes Hennelly; $250 each to Zelma Moeller, Patrick Delemere, and John J. Drennan; and an annuity of $100 to Catharine Boyce.

The rest of the estate was left in almost equal shares to William and Lispenard Stewart and Philip and T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, her nephews, and Mary Stewart Witherbee, her niece. Her four nephews and Frank S. Witherbee, the husband of her niece, were appointed executors. The will and two codicils were offered for probate yesterday.

No Lumber Trust.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You speak editorially of the dissolution of the Lumber Trust. There has been no such thing and could not be, as there is no Lumber Trust to dissolve.

The decree of the Supreme Court simply prohibits the issuance of a certain list. It does not even dissolve, or otherwise, interfere with the activities of the associations interested. They are still doing business along association lines, and will obey the law as it has always been their aim to do.

J. D. CRARY.
Managing Director New York Lumber Trade Journal.
Mystic, Conn., June 25, 1914.

The Art of "Loafing."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There are many more of us, besides Mr. Burroughs, who wish Mr. Roosevelt could learn to "loaf," or at least, to saunter. "He plunges." How happily Mr. Burroughs has characterized him.

C. F. GODDARD.
East Hampton, N. Y., June 24, 1914.

WANTS LABOR LAW MADE MORE ELASTIC

State Commissioner Tells Investigating Board He Needs More Authority.

CAN'T ENFORCE SANITATION

Contractors Complain of Rules for Public Works—Want Law Regulating Hours of Labor Repealed.

James M. Lynch, the State Labor Commissioner, in testifying before the Factory Investigating Committee in the County Court House yesterday, advocated many changes in the labor law to give the statute more elasticity. Many complaints made now against his department would be obviated, he said, if he was able to apply the spirit as well as the letter of the law. The present enactment, he asserted, gave the Labor Department no authority, so far as sanitation was concerned, over such institutions as hotel laundries and power houses.

Commissioner Lynch said he would have all factories put under the supervision of the Labor Department. He would also extend the scope of the Industrial Board, make it a more important body, require the associate members to devote all their time to the work of the board, and pay the members of it a salary commensurate with their office. The salary at present is $3,000 a year, but the Commissioner would have it increased to $7,000, the same as the rate of pay received by members of the Compensation Board. The board, he said, should be allowed to make its own rules.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, presided at yesterday's session of the commission. The first witness was George Hall of the New York Child Labor Committee, who displayed samples of artificial flowers, initials, neckties, and other articles made by children in tenement houses. Some of the children doing this work, he said, were between 5 and 8 years old. Mr. Hall exhibited a bunch of violets made by a girl 14 years old. He said the girl had to make 576 flowers and paste them up in wreaths to make 10 cents. The average earnings, he said, would not exceed $2 a week.

Another exhibit was a bunch of shipping and price tags to which a grandmother and her granddaughter, 14 years old, fastened wire and cord. They were paid 6 cents per 1,000 for wiring the tags and 5 cents per 1,000 for wiring the cords. In another case, a mother and her three children, the children ranging from 8 to 15 years, made artificial flowers, and their combined earnings were between $6 and $7 a week. Mr. Hall said the children began work at 5 o'clock in the morning and stayed at work until 9 o'clock in the morning, when they went to school. After school they worked until 10 o'clock at night.

Mr. Hall said the investigations of the Child Labor Commission bore out the truthfulness of other testimony that had been given before the Factory Commission in regard to children who worked in tenement houses, both those who had licenses and those who did not have them. Some of the children, he said, made articles the manufacture of which was prohibited in tenements. Mr. Hall opposed the request of bakers made the day before that boys under 14 years old should be allowed to make deliveries in this trade early in the morning. He said that he was opposed to allowing a boy less than 14 years old to work.

Clarence A. Crane, Secretary of the General Contractors' Association, representing 125 of the largest contractors for public works in the city and State, said the law regarding public contracts was so strict that the contractors, in making bids, had to calculate on spending large sums of money for counsel fees. Stipulations safeguarding public works were more stringent than those for private contracts, he said. Mr. Crane attributed to Mr. Gompers a statement that the law should not regulate the hours of labor for public works. Mr. Gompers replied that just the opposite was true—that in the case of public works the Government was directly and indirectly the employer, and that the hours should be regulated by law. Another statement by Mr. Crane to which Mr. Gompers took exception was the assertion that private laborers who worked more than eight hours a day were paid higher wages than those who labored on public works who worked only eight hours a day. Mr. Gompers cited the case of carpenters, bricklayers, and structural iron workers, who worked eight hours a day on public works. He said they were paid at a higher rate than the men in the same trades who worked longer than eight hours a day on private contracts.

Mr. Crane said that contractors preferred to do private work, because they were not hampered then by statutory requirements. Mr. Gompers asked the witness if he knew of a dearth of bidders when contract for a public work was to be awarded. Mr. Crane replied that there were no bidders when a subway contract was to be awarded in 1910. Mr. Crane requested on behalf of the

MISS SAVAGE, BRIDE OF W. R. J. PLANTEN

Niece of the Rev. Minot J. Savage Weds in the Church of the Messiah.

BROTHER GIVES HER AWAY

Bridegroom Is Son of Late John Rutger Planten, Consul General of Netherlands Here.

The wedding of W. Rutger J. Planten, son of the late John Rutger Planten, Consul General of the Netherlands at New York, and Miss Ruth Savage, the daughter of the late Rev. William H. Savage of Boston and of Mrs. Savage, took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Church of the Messiah, Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street. The bride is a niece of the Rev. Minot J. Savage, who was associated with the late Rev. Robert Collyer as minister in that church. The Rev. John Haynes Holmes of the church performed the ceremony.

The church was decorated with palms and clusters of lilies on the pews where the families sat.

The bride walked up the nave with her brother, R. B. Savage of Pittsburgh, who gave her in marriage. She wore a gown of white chiffon and princess lace. The scant tubular skirt was finished with a triple ruching of chiffon, and the princess lace was draped from the shoulders and in the centre back to outline a butterfly coat cape. The neck was cut square. She wore a white hat trimmed with white feathers laid flat on the brim and clusters of yellow roses and a necklace of aquamarines and diamonds, and carried lilies of the valley and yellow tea roses.

Mrs. Imlay L. Benet was the matron of honor. She wore a white crêpe de chine gown with a laced coat bodice and a long tunic skirt. It was cut square at the neck. Her large white hat was trimmed with bands and tiny white satin bows. She carried tea roses.

There were also two little flower girls, Miss Anne Gaillard, a niece of the bridegroom and the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Gaillard, and Miss Miss Carol Savage, a niece of the bride and the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Savage. They were gowned in white lingerie frocks with brocaded yellow sashes and hair ribbons and carried large leghorn hats filled with yellow and white daisies.

Mr. Planten had Ernest C. Ropes of Boston as his best man, and the ushers were George A. Street, Edwin C. Dusenbury, both of New York; C. Richard M. Coit, H. E. McGowan, R. S. Fletcher, and Dr. Robert E. Harbert of Brooklyn.

The bride is a sister of Paul Savage, and has made her home in New York with him. Mr. Planten was graduated from the Columbia Law School in 1900. He was formerly a resident of Brooklyn, but now lives at his country place at Lake Mahopac, N. Y., where he will take his bride.

MISS WARREN'S WEDDING.

Plans for Her Marriage to Robert Wilberforce in London July 1.

Miss Hope Elizabeth Warren, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler N. Warren of New York and Southampton, L. I., whose marriage to Robert Wilberforce, a son of the late Henry Edward Wilberforce, will take place on Wednesday, July 1, at 11:30 A.M., in the Brompton Oratory, London, will have Miss Alice Warren, her sister, as her maid of honor, and the flower girl will be a younger sister, Miss Agnes Warren. Her brother, Master Louis Warren, is to be the page.

Mr. Wilberforce will have Henry Stewart as his best man. Mr. Wilberforce is sub-editor of The Dublin Review, a great nephew of Samuel Wilberforce, Bishop of Oxford, a cousin of the present Archdeacon of Westminster, and a great grandson of the philanthropist and emancipator, William Wilberforce. Mr. Wilberforce was educated at Balliol, Oxford, and was graduated with honors in 1912.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren and their family are at Brown's Hotel, London, where the wedding reception will be held. They have been abroad about a year.

WEDDED AT DELMONICO'S.

Lisle Chamberlin and Miss Sanderson Married in Garden.

The marriage of Lisle Chamberlin, a son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Chamberlin of Syracuse, N. Y., and Miss Helen Rogers Sanderson, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Sanderson of 131 Riverside Drive, this city, took place at 11 o'clock yesterday morning in the Palm Trellis at Delmonico's. The trellis with its vines and flowing plants made a garden setting for the ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. David G. Wylie of the Scotch Presbyterian Church, West Ninety-sixth Street.

The bride wore a white satin gown trimmed with old lace and a lace veil, and carried lilies of the valley. Her maid of honor and only attendant was her sister, Miss Katharine Sanderson, who was gowned in pink chiffon topped by a leghorn hat with small pink roses, and carried red roses. George L. Colling of Syracuse was the best man, but there were no ushers. A breakfast for the bridal party and relatives followed the ceremony.

MARRIES MISS GRACE DELANO.

Prof. David L. Clark Weds Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Delano.

David Lee Clark, a son of Mrs. Rebecca Clark of Allen, Ky., and Miss Grace Delano were married last evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Delano, 512 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, by the Rev. William G. Ivie of Grace Episcopal Church. The bride, in white chantilly lace, with a cap to match and wearing pearls, had only one attendant, a classmate at Adelphi College, Miss Ruth E. Goddard. Mr. Clark's best man was Dr. William J. Mayo. The guests were confined to the families.

Mr. Clark is Professor of English in the Maine State University at Orono, Me., where he and his bride will live. He was graduated from the University of North Carolina in 1909 and from Columbia in 1913. Mrs. Clark was graduated from Adelphi College, and also from Barnard, and has been instructor in English at Adelphi.

Miss Anna M. Eade Engaged.

Mrs. George Eade of 129 Eighty-sixth Street, Bay Ridge, L. I., announced yesterday the engagement of her youngest daughter, Miss Anna Margaret Eade, to Herbert Ralph Tredwell of Freeport, L. I. Miss Eade is a daughter of the late George Eade, who for twenty-five years was the general manager for Thomas Cook & Sons in the United States and Canada.

Beautiful Silver

The Cromwell pattern, illustrated here, is much admired by all who love beautiful silver. Ask for

1847 ROGERS BROS.

"Silver Plate that Wears"

and you will get the heaviest grade of plate. Famous for over 65 years for its durability and beauty.

Sold by Leading Dealers

SUMMER CABARET CLUB.

New Society Organization to Meet at Plaza on Tuesday Nights.

A new Summer club for society, called the Summer Cabaret Club, has been organized, with well-known men on its Board of Managers and equally well-known women for patronesses. It will hold its meetings on Tuesday evenings at the Plaza, where the room for dancing will be open on all sides, and in addition a cold air plant is to be in operation. It is also to be decorated to be as much like a garden as possible, and the large dining room adjoining has been reserved as a lounge, where there will be card tables for those who wish to play.

Cooling drinks and supper will be served here and also on the terrace, which after the regular dining hour will be reserved for the club members. Members only are to be admitted and guests accompanying them. Unmarried members of a subscribing family who are under 25 will be admitted as guests of their parents, but those more than 25 will pay a membership fee.

Evening dress is not obligatory, as the club is organized for the comfort of its members who are passing through town. Admission up to July 1 is by invitation only, and after that date membership will be only through election by the Board of Managers. There is already a large membership and the success of the club is assured.

The Board of Directors is made up of J. Henry Alexandre, George E. Batchelder, John Clinton Gray, Jr., Joseph Howland Hunt, Emlen T. Littell, Frederic Potts Moore, Huntington Norton, W. Albert Pease, Jr., E. Vail Stebbins, Lindsley Tappin, and J. Lorimer Worden.

The patronesses are Mrs. Charles C. Auchincloss, Mrs. Donn Barber, Mrs. Frederic Foster Carey, Mrs. Arthur J. Cumnock, Mrs. John M. Dickinson, Mrs. G. Howard Davison, Mrs. William B. Dinsmore, Mrs. Louis du Pont Irving, Mrs. Effingham Lawrence, Mrs. James Parrish Lee, Mrs. Richard L. Morris, Mrs. Edward A. Manice, Miss Annabella S. Olyphant, Mrs. W. Albert Pease, Jr., Mrs. H. Hobart Porter, Mrs. Joel Rathbone, Mrs. J. Harsen Rhoades, Mrs. Harry S. Riker, Mrs. William R. K. Taylor, Mrs. Lindsley Tappin, Mrs. McLane Van Ingen, and Mrs. J. Prentice Kellogg.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The wedding of Miss Hazen Symington, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Symington of New York, and George de Forest Lord, a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Butler Lord, will take place today at Seabright, N. J.

The wedding of Miss Sybil W. Davis, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Davis of New York, and Charles Stevenson Davis of Plymouth, Mass., will take place today at Bournemouth, Mass.

Mrs. A. Ernest Gallant, who is in the Adirondacks, will shortly join Mr. Gallant at the club at Manhasset, Shelter Island, for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen C. Mullett and their family are sailing today on the Imperator to spend the Summer abroad.

Mrs. Auguste du Rest Blanchet has returned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Robert van de Velde at Beverly Farms, Mass., to Orange, N. J.

Mrs. Bayard Dominick and her son, Bayard Dominick, have taken an apartment at the Plaza.

Sir Edward Walker of Canada is at the Manhattan for a brief stay.

Mr. and Mrs. George B. Post, Jr., and Miss Harriett Post are among those booked on the Imperator sailing today.

Mrs. Eugene Philbin, Miss Eugenie Philbin, and J. Holladay Philbin sailed on the Celtic and will attend the Henley races and afterward go to the Continent.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ewing and Miss Alexandra Ewing of Washington, D. C., are at the Biltmore.

Prince Jean Sapieha of Paris, who has been at the Waldorf-Astoria for some time, is among those sailing on the Imperator.

William MacNeill Rodewald, the Misses Leontine and Marie Louise Rodewald, and W. MacN. Rodewald, Jr., are booked to sail on the Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Aspinwall are in town for a few days at the Wolcott before returning to Long Island to spend the Summer there.

The Rev. John I. Blair Larned and Mrs. Larned, who were married at Clifton, S. I., on June 11, are sailing today on the Zeeland to spend the Summer touring the Continent. On their return they will go to Glen Ark, where Mr. Larned has a church. He is the son of the late Walter C. Larned of Chicago, author and art critic, who married Miss Scribner of New York. Mrs. Larned is a daughter of Dr. William T. Jenkins, formerly Health Officer of the Port of New York.

OFF FOR EUROPE TODAY.

Some of the Passengers on Five Liners—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing today and some of those booked to leave on them are:

IMPERATOR (Hamburg)—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur L. Halmi, R. S. Adair, Miss Mary S. Ames, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. H. A. Blair, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Le Roy W. Baldwin, Miss M. C. Beeckmann, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Beale, Mrs. W. J. Chisholm, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Crossman, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Detmer, Mrs. Irene Demuth, Mrs. Russell Davenport, Mrs. J. M. Dillon, Mrs. Warren Delano, Miss Dickson, Mr. and Mrs. H. Disston, Mrs. J. W. Embree, Dr. and Mrs. A. Fordyce, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, Edward D. Easton, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Glass, Miss Muriel Gardiner, Mrs. M. Hummel, Mr. and Mrs. E. Finch, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Holmes, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Bradish Johnson, Capt. and Mrs. Charles W. Littlefield, Mrs. J. W. Loeb, Gen. W. M. Johnson, Mrs. F. S. Layng, Mrs. C. Laumeier, W. A. Marburg, Miss Camilla Morgan, Charles A. Morrison, Mrs. A. M. Moreland, Mr. and Mrs. G. Von L. Meyer, Mr. and Mrs. J. Magee, Lanfear Nome, Mrs. Stephen Pell, Samuel W. Peck, Mr. and Mrs. J. Plant, Mrs. R. Pyne, Mrs. J. C. Phelps, Mrs. G. P. Post, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Rice, Paul J. Rainey, Mrs. S. D. Riddle, Mrs. F. Ralston, Dr. and Mrs. B. Sachs, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Stern, Miss Jessica F. Terwilliger, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Underwood, Miss Gladys Underwood, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Bertram G. Work, John Wanamaker, Jr., Youssouf Zia Pacha, Turkish Minister to the United States; Louis Rosenberg, Frederick N. Sommer, and the Misses M. and E. V. Sommer of Newark.

PRINZ FRIEDRICH WILHELM, (Bremen.)—R. H. Adams, Miss E. G. Allen, Mrs. J. T. Baker, Miss Ella Budd, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Comer, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Davis, Mrs. J. M. Duncan, Mrs. S. V. Edgar, Miss A. V. Fowler, Miss Beatrice Greeff, the Rev. M. H. Harris, Miss Annie Harvey, Miss Marjorie Huston, S. F. Irwin, Mr. and Mrs. W. De Camp, Mrs. S. F. Kimball, Dr. and Mrs. F. Marshall, C. Jeff Miller, Mrs. T. A. R. Moffat, Mrs. J. P. Ogden, C. F. Palmer, Mrs. J. H. Perkins, Miss Ella Robb, Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Stoehr, the Rev. Edgar Tilton, Jr., Prof. G. M. Wahl, and Dr. A. L. Wolvarst.

MINNEAPOLIS, (London.)—Mr. and Mrs. T. Barratt, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Brown, C. M. Dennis, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Enslow, F. C. Hubbell, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Parker, George Lauder, Miss Elizabeth S. Lauder, Robert Miller, E. A. Savage, Miss N. S. Smith, J. G. Taylor, Miss L. C. Thierot, and Mr. and Mrs. John J. Wright-Clark.

CALEDONIA, (Glasgow.)—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Brooks, Mrs. T. Butler, Mr. and Mrs. W. Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. W. Boyd, Miss Anna Carter, Mrs. M. F. Denton, W. H. Engleton, Mrs. W. Fullman, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Hill, P. B. Henderson, Mr. and Mrs W. F. Hodge, Prof. and Mrs. T. M. Hodgman, B. A. Judd, Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Larkin, W. Murray, Mr. and Mrs. D. Morrison, Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Patterson, Miss E. C. Pollard, and B. M. Sheppard.

ZEELAND, (Antwerp.)—Miss Helen Adair, Mrs. E. M. Ashcraft, Miss Helen R. Britton, Mrs. Roy Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Donald, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Dorr, L. O. Dudley, Miss Kate Friend, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Goodell, Dr. and Mrs. S. H. Guildford, Miss L. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. T. Hughes, Miss O. Johnson, Mrs. J. M. Lamb, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Marshall, Dr. W. R. Murray, Mr. and Mrs. R. Ramsey, Dr. B. F. Terry, Capt. and Mrs. W. C. A. Vanneck, and Mrs. T. Wilson.

Some of the passengers arriving yesterday on the Aquitania from Liverpool were:

R. C. Armstrong, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bancroft, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Battles, Miss Grace Battles, the Rev. H. T. Beale, Alfred B. Booth, the Hon. Charles Booth, F. C. Charles Brown, Miss Ashley Burton, G. C. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Carr, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Chalmers, F. W. Corbett, C. W. Dustin, Mrs. T. Ewing, Miss Alexandra Ewing, Mrs. A. R. Forbes, S. S. Goodall, Mr. and Mrs. E. Gray, B. Griffin, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. M. Howell, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Inslin, Dr. and Mrs. W. B. James, Miss Alice Luce, W. T. Lucy, Duchess of Marlborough, Mr. and Mrs. H. Minott, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Morrow, Mrs. D. Nevin, Mrs. W. du Pont, E. T. Ridgway, C. F. Rockwood, Mr. and Mrs. J. Isidor Straus, C. W. Stuart, Mrs. P. L. Underwood, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Ward, Mrs. A. C. Williams, Miss Anna Wright, W. E. Lake, and E. E. Wilson.

BIG TEST TODAY FOR OCEAN FLIER

New Elevating Devices Not Completed in Time for Flights Yesterday.

PORTE TO BE THE JUDGE

Wanamaker Won't Accept the Transatlantic Airboat Until the Pilot Is Satisfied.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMMONDSPORT, N. Y., June 26.—The transatlantic airboat America did not make a trial flight today because its new elevators or hydroplaning devices had not been completed.

The new elevators, which Mr. Curtiss hopes will prove successful in helping the America to climb out of the water loaded with 800 gallons of gasoline for its flight across the ocean, are radically different from the hydroplaning boards originally installed and which were found to be inadequate. The original boards were rectangular sheets of metal, ten by eighteen inches, fastened horizontally on each side of the boat's bottom and about half way from the bow to the stern.

The new elevators in size and shape resemble thin canoes with blunt sterns. They are seven feet long and for the greater part of the length twenty-four inches in depth. The two sides of each elevator are ten inches apart at the top and curve inward until they join at the keel. The two canoe-shaped elevators are being built upon the two sides of the America at the bottom. The undersides of the canoes form continuations of the flat bottom of the airboat with a slight upward flare.

The new hydroplaning device has a strong interior frame of ash. The sides are made of three sheets of alderlite, each of a thickness of one-thirty-second of an inch, and are cemented together by marine glue. Alderlite is a wood prepared in Russia and sold for $750 a thousand feet.

Elevators of this type have only been used once before. That was on a hydroplane built by Mr. Curtiss for Harold McCormick. Building these new elevators upon the sides of the America was found to be extremely delicate work and could not be finished in time for a flight today, although workmen toiled on it all last night in the aviation field by the lamps lighted from the storage batteries of Mr. Curtiss's electric automobile. This went on again tonight.

The elevators will be completed during the night and the first trial is scheduled to take place between 7 and 8 o'clock to-morrow. Several trial flights will probably be made before a decision is pronounced by Lieut. Porte on the efficiency of the new elevators. They will have to lift the America successfully when it is loaded with 2,000 pounds of ballast before its is demonstrated that the America can climb safely out of water with its load of 300 gallons of gasoline. Mr. Curtiss tonight made plans for a new elevator construction should the one being built fail to do what is required.

The flights tomorrow will be more important than any yet made. If successful they are expected to prove that the America can carry enough fuel to take it across the Atlantic, provided other conditions are favorable.

These trials will be especially interesting in view of the issue between Orville Wright and Curtiss. When it was announced that Curtiss was building a transatlantic flier for Rodman Wanamaker, Orville Wright said that no machine could be built which could carry the gasoline for such a flight. Mr. Curtiss has great confidence in his new elevators.

Lieut. Porte is the judge who will give the final decision. The America, it is understood, will be accepted by Rodman Wanamaker as soon as Lieut. Porte says that he is satisfied.

Capt. W. F. Chambers of the Naval Aviation Service, who is on a leave of absence, spent several hours today watching the progress of the work on the America.

CHAMORRO RESENTS CHARGE

Nicaraguan Minister Says He Got $1,000 Only for Revolution Work.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Gen. Emiliano Chamorro, Minister of Nicaragua, in an interview this evening asserted that the suggestion of Senator William Alden Smith before the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations that he had received 3,500,000 pesos as his share of the 21,000,000 pesos distributed by the Government among the Diaz-Chamorro faction for claims for damages sustained under the Zelaya Government had no foundation in fact. He asserted that he had filed no claim against the Government, and said $1,000 in gold for his services in the revolution which overthrew Zelaya was all he ever had received.

Minister Chamorro said that his family, once among the wealthiest in Nicaragua, had received only $40,000 in gold to satisfy a claim of about $2,000,000, their fortune before Zelaya became dictator.

In reference to the documents on file in the State Department on which Senator Smith based his charge, which show that President Diaz, the Chamorro family, and others received in all 21,000,000 pesos, the envoy said that it was true that several orders on the Treasury had been issued to them by the Diaz Government soon after it came into power, but these never had been paid, owing to the depleted state of the exchequer. The 25,000,000 pesos, about $12,500,000, issued by the Government, from which the sum of 21,000,000 pesos, it is said, was taken, was, according to Gen. Chamorro, spent by the new administration in paying the country's debts.

Gen. Chamorro explained that the agreement for a settlement was not arranged until a year after the new Government assumed the reins of power. In the interval, he said, the administration had begun to settle the claims of those who had suffered pecuniary losses in the seventeen years that Zelaya remained in power. On the list of the claimants Minister Chamorro said appeared the name of his family, members of which still held due bills from the Government, for about 10,000,000 pesos, but were unable to collect them because of the country's financial plight. Gen. Chamorro, to support his statements, exhibited a cable dispatch he had received today from Managua in reply to one he addressed to the President of the Court of Accounts. Here is the dispatch:

Gen. Emiliano Chamorro, Washington, D. C.

To you individually nothing has been paid out of the Treasury, but to your father there have been paid $40,000 gold on account of sums due him from the Government.

JUAN DE DIOS MATOS,
President of the Court of Accounts.

Should the treaty with the United States be arranged Mr. Chamorro said that the $3,000,000 which Nicaragua would receive in that event would be used by the Government to liquidate part of her foreign debt and for the country's internal improvements.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

In order that Raymond Hitchcock and his company may enjoy a short vacation prior to the opening of their second season in "The Beauty Shop" on Aug. 10, that musical play, which has been presented at the Astor Theatre for the last four months, will end its run tonight. Tonight, also, "Seven Keys to Baldpate" will close at the Gaiety Theatre, when George M. Cohan's mystery farce will have run eleven months on Broadway.

Fred Lincoln, Western representative of Marcus Loew, is in town conferring with his chief about Loew's policy on the Western circuit, which he takes over Aug. 1.

Before sailing on the Philadelphia yesterday, Orlando Daly signed a contract with H. H. Frazee to play one of the important roles in the London production of "A Pair of Sixes," the farce now playing in the Longacre Theatre. Mr. Daly returns to London after an absence of eight years. He last played there in "Billie's Little Love Affair." In the London cast of "A Pair of Sixes" he will interpret the role of George B. Nettleton, which is being played here by George Parsons.

AMERICAN DUCHESS HERE.

Former Consuelo Vanderbilt for Suffrage, but Not Militants.

The Duchess of Marlborough arrived yesterday morning from England on the Cunarder Aquitania. She was accompanied by her maid, and will spend two months here, mostly at Newport, she said. Her brothers, William K., Jr., and Harold Vanderbilt, were at the pier to meet her. The Duchess wore a navy blue costume with a large straw hat, and a blue silk cloak over her shoulders. Her only ornament was a string of pearls.

After spending five or six weeks at Newport the Duchess expects to stay a few days in this city to do some shopping and visit some of the public institutions in which she is interested. In an interview with the reporters she said she had been especially eager for the American polo team to win, and hoped that the Americans would have better ponies next year to get the cup back.

"What do you think of the militant suffragists?" she was asked.

"I hardly dare express an opinion on the matter; it is rather dangerous," she replied. "But I may say that I am a suffragist, though not a militant."

"Do you disapprove of the English militancy?"

"I won't say that," the Duchess replied, thoughtfully. "It is for history to decide whether the English militants are justified in their methods or not. It is impossible to compare English and American suffragists, the conditions are so different. The men of England are not so open-minded as those of the United States. They are more stubborn."

The Aquitania made the passage across in 5 days 16 hours and 19 minutes, at an average speed of 23.21 knots over the long course of 3,164 miles. Capt. W. T. Turner swung his ship skillfully into the pier on the flood tide without touching anything in twenty-three minutes from the time he reached the pier head.

Alfred A. Booth, Chairman of the Cunard Line, came over on the Aquitania, and went to Hoboken to inspect the Hamburg-American liner Imperator. There were also a number of passengers from the Kaiser Wilhelm II. on the Aquitania.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 26.—The Duchess of Marlborough arrived tonight to visit her mother, Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont, at Marble House. Mrs. Belmont will give a Chinese ball and a series of dinners and luncheons for her daughter. The Duchess will be one of the speakers at the conference of the Political Equality Association at Marble House on July 8.

SEEKS TO SEE HER CHILDREN

Divorced Mother Has Been Separated from Them Nine Years.

Mrs. Hortense Green, wife of Dr. H. C. Green, a wealthy dentist of Brooklyn, appeared before Justice Garretson in the Queens County Supreme Court yesterday with an application to see her two children, Florence and Stewart Powers, children of William H. Powers, a wealthy resident of Brooklyn.

In 1905 Mr. Powers got a divorce from his wife, naming as co-respondent a well-known Brooklyn man. The children were given to Mr. Powers. Mrs. Powers was married to Dr. Green four years ago.

For several years the children have been in a village in New England. Mr. Powers is planning to take them to France to finish their education. The mother has not endeavored to disturb the children, according to her attorneys, but as they are now 15 and 18 years old and do not go abroad for an extended period she wants to see them.

In support of the opposition of the father affidavits were presented that the social standing and future prospects of the children would be impaired if their mother visited them. Among those making such affidavits were the senior member of the firm of Spencer Trask & Co., Mrs. Sheppard Homans, and Mrs. Margaret De Witt.

Mrs. Green submitted affidavits from the Rev. G. E. Parks, Thomas Edward Snooks, Dr. Byrnes, and Dr. Keith in support of her application. Justice Garretson reserved decision.

FEAR MISSING BOY DROWNED

Little Companion Says Herbert Carver Sank in Harlem River.

A general alarm was sent out last night by the police of the West 152d Street Station for Herbert Carver, 7 years old, of 367 Edgecombe Avenue, son of Arthur Carver, a painter. Mr. Carver took to the station house Werner Kolbenheyer, 6 years old, of 365 Edgecombe Avenue, who told the police that he and Arthur Carver had been wading in the Harlem River and that he had seen the Carver boy sink. At first he told the police this occurred near the High Bridge Dam Bridge on the Bronx side but later he said it was at the end of the Speedway on the Harlem side.

Kolbenheyer said that on his return home, through fear, he had not mentioned the supposed drowning to his parents, and it was not until last night, when Mr. Carver was passing his home that he told the father.

A search by detectives on either side of the river failed to reveal the clothes of the boy, though they may have been washed out by the tide.

CONWAYS' GOLDEN WEDDING

Theatrical Manager and Actress Celebrate Fifty Years' Union.

Mr. and Mrs. George Conway last night celebrated their golden wedding anniversary at the home of their son-in-law, Ben Hendricks, an actor, of Bradish Avenue, Bayside, L. I. They were married on June 26, 1864, in Philadelphia. Both have been in the theatrical profession continuously since their marriage. Mrs. Conway is widely known under her stage name of Lizzie Conway. Mr. Conway is manager of William A. Brady's production, "Bought and Paid For."

The marriage of the Conways followed a romance that began while both were attending a theatrical school in Philadelphia fifty-one years ago. She was then Miss Lizzie Letford. Her first appearance was with Edwin Forrest in the Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia.

Mr. Conway served in the civil war with the Sixth Pennsylvania Cavalry. He is a member of the Philadelphia Lodge of Elks, the Actors' Fund, and the Actors' Order of Friendship.

LAWYER HELD IN WILL CASE.

Martin Early Accused of Failing to Pay Bequest to Church.

Martin Early, formerly a lawyer at 51 Chambers Street, was held in $1,000 bail yesterday by Magistrate Herbert in the Tombs Court for examination today on complaint of Katherine Werner of 412 East 159th Street, who charged that he failed to turn over to Father John O'Donovan, pastor of the Church of Our Lady Queen of Angels, $500 bequeathed by Elizabeth Binninger.

The complainant was executrix of the will. The priest submitted an affidavit that he had never received the money.

Mr. Early had been a patient at Bellevue for several weeks and he was served there with a Magistrate's warrant.

Gov. Glynn Back at His Desk.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 26.—Gov. Glynn returned to Albany this afternoon from his trip to Chicago with W. R. Hearst and went directly to the Capitol. He at once tackled the mail and accumulated business on his desk and denied himself to all newspaper men.

IT LIFTS HERCULES WATER THE COAL IT LIFTS

For samples write to Elmer-Mendelson Co., New York.

MINISTER ROJAS OF VENEZUELA DIES

Succumbs to Heart Disease at Atlantic City, Where He Was Seeking Health.

EXILE FOR SEVERAL YEARS

Foreign Affairs Minister During Boundary Dispute of Venezuela and British Guiana.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 26.—P. Exequiel Rojas, Minister from Venezuela to the United States, died at a hotel here today at the age of 53. He came here on June 3 for his health and death was due to heart disease, from which he had suffered for several years. His body will be sent to Washington tomorrow on a private car of the State Department and will lie in state at the Venezuelan Legation until Tuesday, when the funeral will take place in St. Matthew's Church. The body will be taken to Hampton Roads on the Presidential yacht Sylph, placed on the United States battleship Kansas, and conveyed to La Guayra, Venezuela.

The funeral services will be attended by members of the Diplomatic Corps, the Cabinet, the Foreign Affairs Committee of Congress, and probably by President Wilson.

Señor Rojas had been identified with politics in Venezuela from his early manhood. He was imprisoned several times and forced into exile for a number of years. From 1893 until 1898 he was Minister of Foreign Affairs, and during his term of office the famous dispute arose between his country and England over the definition of the boundary between British Guiana and Venezuela. Señor Rojas was formerly Minister to Chile and Argentina and had been President of the National Congress of Venezuela and both a Representative and a Senator. He was appointed Minister to this country by President Gomez in April, 1909, after the downfall of Cipriano Castro.

It was rumored in April of this year that he had resigned owing to his having been humiliated by his Government, but this report was denied at Caracas. Señor Rojas's only surviving relative is Dr. Emanuel Rojas, a nephew, of New York City.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Secretary Bryan tonight sent messages of condolence to Manuel Rodriguez, the Venezuelan Minister of Foreign Affairs, and to the Venezuelan Chargé who was in Atlantic City with Minister Rojas at his death.

"It is with great sorrow and regret," said Mr. Bryan, "that I learn of the lamentable death of Señor Don P. Exequiel Rojas, which comes as a great shock to me. On the part of the Government of the United States I express to you its profound sympathy on this sad occasion, and I am directed by the President to extend through you to the President of Venezuela his sincere condolences. High qualities of statesmanship and friendly sentiments have always marked the relations of Señor Rojas with this Government, and his memory will be highly cherished in the United States."

WOULDN'T NAME HIS AGENTS

Research Official Says Voorhis Refused Information About Election Sleuths.

James A. Taylor, one of the lawyers of the Bureau of Municipal Research, was principal witness for the prosecution yesterday morning at the hearing into the charges of negligence and inefficiency made against John R. Voorhis, State Superintendent of Elections, which was continued in the Bar Association's Building at 42 West Forty-fourth Street. Mr. Taylor told of having asked Mr. Voorhis to investigate alleged illegal registrations and he said that the Municipal Bureau had asked for a list of the names, shield numbers, and assignments of the Superintendent's investigators.

The list was refused, he said, the Superintendent informing him that the investigators were in the same position as police detectives and that he did not care to give out information about them on the same ground that the Police Commissioner would not give out information regarding the assignments of detectives. Regarding the charges against those alleged to have registered illegally, the Superintendent told him, Mr. Taylor said, that he did not want to swell an already large list of challenges, but that he would investigate the allegations.

Throughout the day, as on the first day of the hearing, there was a great deal of wrangling over legal technicalities between the lawyers for the prosecution and John T. Dooling and Leslie J. Tompkins, the counsel for the defense. The hearings will be resumed next Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock, and they will continue on Thursday, after which there will be hearings every Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday until the case is completed.

GREEN SHIRT STARTS ROW.

Wearer Defends the Flag and Becomes Town Hero.

Emil Steiger of 1 Hudson Avenue, Union Hill, appeared in his town yesterday afternoon with a green shirt. Jacob Bauer of 825 Walnut Street, West Hoboken, met him near the Post Office and began to laugh.

"What are you laughing at?" asked Steiger.

"That's a fine shirt for a Dutch town," replied Bauer.

Steiger resented this and an argument followed. The talk drifted to national topics and Bauer said some things which didn't suit Steiger, a German-American. There was talk about United States soldiers being inferior to Mexicans and the German Emperor's soldiers being superior to all in the world. Bauer also said something about the American flag.

"You have not only insulted me, but you have insulted the American flag," finally shouted Steiger. And in a little while a policeman separated the fighters. Bauer was worsted and pressed a complaint of disorderly conduct.

When the case came before Recorder Hauenstein he told the complainant Bauer a few things about insulting the flag.

"I refuse to entertain your complaint," said the court to Bauer. "I think you got what you deserved."

Steiger, with his green shirt, was the hero of the town.

Park Concerts Postponed.

It was announced yesterday by the Department of Parks that the concerts which were to start today in the smaller parks and recreation piers would be postponed until the afternoon of July 4. This does not refer to the concerts in Central Park, which have begun. No reason was given for the change.

CHARITIES.

A WORK SUCH AS THIS DESERVES YOUR SUPPORT

Founded for the care of advanced and hopeless cases, patients in all stages of consumption are now received, without restriction as to sex, age, or race, fitted if possible to return to their homes capable of self-support, or given a home until death overtakes them.

Although there is a long waiting list, no patient is discharged to be a menace to his family and the public because his place is needed for another.

Your help is needed to enlarge the facilities.

NON-SECTARIAN
Supported by voluntary contributions

The Hospital and House of Rest for Consumptives,
At Inwood-on-Hudson, New York City.
Checks may be sent to Wm. M. Cruikshank, Treasurer, 34 floor, 49 E. 19th St., New York City.

INTEREST PART OF ESTATE.

Surrogate Cohalan Reversed by Appellate Division.

The Appellate Division decided yesterday that Robert A. Chambers, who is now 14 years old, is not entitled to any interest accruing from the estate of his mother, Mrs. Josephine B. Chambers, since her death, and that the interest must be held as part of the estate. The estate left by Mrs. Chambers amounted to $917,221 in 1912. It mainly consisted of 1,208 shares of the Singer Manufacturing Company valued at $579,840, on which dividends amounting to more than $100,000 had been paid.

Application was made to the Surrogate for the immediate control of this money for the use of the heir. The application was approved by Surrogate Cohalan, and the case was taken to the higher court, which has reversed this judgment. The decision said that this money, having accrued to the estate since Mrs. Chambers died, it must remain as a part of the estate, and could not be diverted into any other channel.

GEN. G. N. WHISTLER DEAD.

Inventor of Smokeless Powder Came of a Line of Soldiers.

PENSACOLA, Fla., June 26.—Gen. Garland N. Whistler, aged 66 years, U. S. A., retired, is dead at his Summer home here. Gen. Whistler was the inventor of smokeless powder. He also invented a system of fire control for artillery coast defense, by which the exact position of approaching vessels may be mapped out at a central station.

Gen. Whistler retired two years ago. He was a Colonel at that time and was retired under the age limit law as a General. He came of a line of soldiers, being the descendant of Major John Whistler, who came to this country under Burgoyne and was captured by the Continentals at the battle of Saratoga.

Gen. Whistler was not a West Pointer. He entered the army as a Second Lieutenant in the Field Artillery in 1867 and was made a Colonel in 1907. He was an authority on explosives and was in command of the School of Submarine Defense at Fort Totten for a long time. Gen. Whistler was born in this city.

DR. MOSELEY FOUND DEAD.

Hospital Alienist Stricken with Apoplexy in Bathroom.

Dr. William B. Moseley, an alienist, who had been in charge of the psychopathic ward of the Kings County Hospital, at Clarkson Street and Albany Avenue, Brooklyn, for eleven years, was found dead yesterday morning in the bathroom of his apartments at the hospital. It was at first supposed that he had died from the effects of the heat while preparing to take a bath, but Coroner's Physician G. A. Tong, who examined the body yesterday afternoon, gave apoplexy as the cause of death.

Dr. Moseley was born in Dallas, Texas, forty-five years ago. He was graduated from the Annapolis Naval Academy, took up the study of medicine at the University of Virginia. He had been in the service of the city for about twenty years. He was formerly a member of the hospital staff on Blackwell's Island. He was a member of the Army and Navy Union, the Crescent Athletic Club, Brooklyn Lodge of Elks, and the Medical Society of Kings County.

James Madison Horton.

James Madison Horton, the well-known ice cream manufacturer, died yesterday at his home, 112 West 126th Street, at the age of 79. Mr. Horton was born on a farm near Middletown, N. Y., and in 1853 came to this city with his brother to engage in the milk business. From 1858 to 1869 he was President of the County Milk Association and in 1870 first started in the ice

DOUBLE VICTORY FOR GIANTS---YANKEES LOSE---TURF

GIANTS BAG TWO GAMES IN BOSTON

Mathewson and Fromme the Winning Pitchers in a Double Header.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., June 26.—The Giants came back to their own today in their second double-header with the ambitious Braves, handing them a double defeat, which tumbled them back to the bottom of the National League ladder. Christy Mathewson won the first game from George Tyler 8 to 4, and in the second contest Arthur Fromme was an easy winner, 10 to 4.

It was "bump" day for the leaders, for they got thirteen hits in the first game and fifteen in the second, all hands sharing the satisfaction of hearing the hickory ring. Bob Bescher laced out three doubles and two singles, Burns produced a single, a double, and a triple, Merkle getting three singles and a double, and "Chief" Meyers going into the .300 class again with his five one-base hits. Connolly, Boston's high batsman, pasted out a home run in each game. The Giants' defense was tight today, and the men seemed really on their toes for the first time in the long series here.

Mathewson took things in his habitual easy manner in the introductory contest, Mann tying the Giants' first-inning run with a homer into the middle field settlement, but the champions immediately getting the point back and holding its 2 to 1 edge down to the fifth inning. At that time a bunch of two singles by Matty and Bescher, a pass to Burns, Fletcher's triple, and a badly bounding throw from Mann to the plate were worth four runs and the game. In this interesting inning a pass to Burns filled the corners just prior to Fletcher's triple. Catcher Whaling figured Burns was out on a called strike and whipped the ball to Deal at third and ahead of Mathewson. There was a storm of protest registered against Umpire Rigler when he walked Burns, and before the oratory subsided Tyler, Gilbert, and Johnny Evers were railroaded to the Boston clubhouse, and the Braves were handicapped for the second game as well as for the remainder of the first.

That the Giants did not break into the first game with two runs, instead of one, was due to Murray's stopping Fletcher at third, being seen to do so by Rigler. Bescher opened with a hit, and after Burns filed to Connolly Fletcher hit safely to right. Both runners moved up on a passed ball, and then Snodgrass hit past Deal, Bescher scored, and Fletcher would have had an even chance except for Murray stopping Fletcher by touching him at third, for which Artie was declared out. Boston got the run back immediately on Connolly's home-run drive into the centre field bleachers, but the Giants went ahead again in the second inning and never were headed.

The start of the final lead was established on Merkle's pass and steal and Meyers's single, which sent Merkle out, and which Mann fumbled in centre field. After this the game was uneventful until the fifth, when the champions registered four runs, making the contest their own. After Meyers had fanned Mathewson singled to right and Bescher doubled. Tyler then passed Burns, with all Boston claiming a strike-out. Fletcher then pasted a triple down the left-field foul line, this counting for three runs, and Fletcher coming home when Mann laced the ball past Whaling after taking Snodgrass's short fly, on which Fletcher originally made no effort to score.

It was after this cluster of runs that Tyler, Gilbert, and Evers kicked themselves out of the game. Boston retrieved two of these runs in their half of the fifth. Mann's bunt went safe, and, following Whaling's fly to Bescher, Rudolph, batting for Tyler, was passed. Murray, who dispiaced Gilbert, took two bases on Grant's error, Mann scoring, and Rudolph making third, from where he scored on Connolly's scratch hit to Fletcher, who made a great running stop, but failed to throw to the mark. Crutcher held the Giants down in the sixth and seventh, but in the eighth Merkle opened with a single and scored on Stock's double to the right-field fence. Meyers beat out a "Texas leaguer" toward third base, and Stock scored from second, as Whaling did not cover the plate after his own tardy heave to Gowdy. The Braves' run in the eighth came on Connolly's opening double and outs at first on Fletcher's throw from the deep short field.

Neither team made much progress in the first two innings of the windup, although in the second inning Merkle produced a double against Bill James. In the next session the champions got going for three runs. Meyers singled and galloped to third on a wild pitch, but being at bat after Fromme had fanned on Bescher's shot to Maranville, Burns walked, going to third while Bescher scored on Fletcher's hit to right, Pitcher James then filling the corners by passing Robertson, and Merkle timely singled to centre being worth two runs. Robertson was thrown out by Mann trying to make third on the hit.

The Braves did not get a hit against Fromme until the fifth—in fact, Maranville was the only man to see first base, and he was hit by the pitcher. In the fifth Deal got a single with one out, and after Mann's fly to Burns Whaling and James beat out infield hits, which filled the corners. Fromme walked Murray, who batted for Collins, forcing in a run, and then Fletcher engaged James in pleasing conversation off second base with the result that Bill was caught napping on Fromme's throw to Grant.

James lasted only a few moments in the sixth, Merkle hitting safe and Grant walking. Crucreham then took the mound for Boston, and the Giants proceeded to hammer in six runs after Stock had hit to Gowdy, forcing Merkle at third. Meyers singled and Fromme and Bescher started the real fusillade with doubles, while three singles were laced out in a row by Burns, Fletcher, and Robertson. With six runs in and a 9 to 1 lead, Fletcher was out at the plate trying to score on Merkle's fly to Mann.

In the seventh Fromme fanned three men, but the Braves got a run on singles by Deal, Crutcher, and Murray. Each team scored in the eighth, the Giants on Bescher's single and Burns's triple, and the Braves on Connolly's homer out on the avenue. Whaling's single, passes to Crutcher and Dugey, followed by Connolly's scratch hit to Fletcher, netted the Braves a run in the ninth. The scores:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
B'ch'r, cf.	5	2	3	8	0	Gilb'rt, rf.	2	0	1	1	0
Burns, rf.	4	1	1	1	0	Murr'y, lf.	2	0	0	1	0
Fl'ch'r, ss	5	1	2	2	3	Evers, 2b.	2	0	0	2	1
Rob'ts, lf.	5	0	1	1	0	Dugey, 2b.	2	0	0	1	1
Merkle, 1b.	2	2	1	12	0	C'lly, lf, rf.	4	2	2	1	0
Grant, 2b.	4	0	0	1	5	M'ville, ss.	4	0	0	4	5
Stock, 3b.	4	1	1	1	3	Gowdy, 1b.	4	0	1	4	0
Meyers, c.	4	0	3	2	0	Deal, 3b.	4	0	0	3	2
J'l'an, c.	0	0	0	0	0	Mann, cf.	4	1	2	1	0
Mat'n, p.	4	1	1	0	2	Whal'g, c.	4	0	1	8	4
						Tyler, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	37	8	13	27	13	*Rudolph.	0	1	0	0	0
						Crutcher, p.	2	0	0	0	0
						†Martin	1	0	0	0	0
						Total.	36	4	7	27	13

*Batted for Tyler in the fifth inning.
†Batted for Crutcher in the ninth inning.

New York	1	1	0	0	4	0	0	2	0	8
Boston	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	4

Two-base hits—Bescher, Gowdy, Connolly. Three-base hit—Fletcher. Home run—Connolly. Hits—Off Tyler, 8 in five innings; off Crutcher, 5 in four innings. Stolen base—Merkle. Double play—Maranville, Dugey, and Gowdy. Left on bases—New York, 7; Boston, 6. First base on balls—Off Tyler, 5; off Mathewson, 1. First base on errors—Boston, 1; New York, 2. Struck out—By Tyler, 5; by Mathewson, 2; by Crutcher, 2. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Hart.

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
B'ch'r, cf.	5	3	2	3	0	C'llins, rf.	2	0	0	0	0
Burns, rf.	3	2	1	2	0	J. M'y, lf.	2	0	1	1	1
J. M'y, rf.	0	0	0	0	0	Dugey, 2b.	4	0	0	3	2
F'cher, ss.	3	1	2	3	5	Con'lly, lf.					
R'tson, lf.	4	0	1	0	0	rf.	4	1	2	1	0
M'kle, 1b.	5	0	3	7	0	M'v'le, ss.	4	0	0	4	4
Grant, 2b.	4	1	1	3	1	Gowdy, 1b.	3	0	0	9	0
Stock, 3b.	4	1	0	0	0	Deal, 3b.	3	1	2	3	0
Meyers, c.	3	1	2	4	0	M'tin, 3b.	1	1	0	0	1
McL'n, c.	1	0	1	5	0	Mann, cf.	4	0	1	1	2
F'me, p.	4	1	1	0	2	Wh'l'g, c.	4	0	1	5	3
						James, p.	2	0	1	0	1
						C'ham, p.	0	0	0	0	1
						C'cher, p.	1	0	1	0	1
						*Strand	0	1	0	0	0
Total.	36	10	14	27	8	Total.	34	4	8	27	16

*Ran for Whaling in ninth inning.

New York	0	0	3	0	0	6	0	1	0	—10
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	— 4

Two base hits—Merkle, Fromme, Bescher. Three base hit—Burns. Home run—Connolly. Hits—Off James, 6 in 5 innings; none out in sixth; off Cocreham, 5 in 1 inning; off Crutcher, 3 in 3 innings. Double plays—Dugey, Maranville and Gowdy; Fletcher and Merkle. Left on bases—New York, 5; Boston, 9. First base on balls—Off James, 4; off Fromme, 4. First base on errors—Boston, 2; New York, 1. Hit by pitcher—By James (Burns, Fletcher); by Fromme (Maranville, Gowdy). Struck out—By Fromme, 7; by James, 2. Wild pitch—James. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hart and Rigler.

Honus Wagner Steals Home.

PITTSBURGH, June 26.—A triple by Mitchell, followed by Kelly's sacrifice fly, gave Pittsburgh a 3 to 2 victory over St. Louis in the tenth inning today. The Pirates started the scoring in the second inning, when Wagner received a base on balls, went to second on Konetchy's sacrafice hit, to third on Mitchell's out, and stole home while Sallee held the ball. The visitors tied the score in the fourth on Miller's single, an out, a wild throw, and Butler's single. In the fifth Huggins walked, stole second, and scored on Cather's double. Pittsburgh tied the score in the sixth on Mitchell's double and Kelly's triple. Both sides fielded sharply. Only fast work by the St. Louis infield prevented the Pirates from scoring in the eighth and ninth innings. The score:

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey, lf.	5	0	2	1	0	H'g's, 2b.	4	1	0	6	1
M'rey, 3b.	4	0	2	1	1	Cather, cf.	5	0	1	2	0
Viox, 2b.	3	0	0	0	6	Dolan, lf.	4	0	0	0	0
W'g'r, ss.	3	1	0	4	3	Miller, 1b.	4	1	2	12	0
K'chy, 1b.	4	0	1	16	1	Wilson, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
M'ch'l, rf.	5	2	3	1	0	Butler, ss.	2	0	1	1	4
Kelly, cf.	3	0	1	2	0	Snyder, c.	4	0	1	3	5
Gibson, c.	0	0	0	2	1	Beck, 3b.	2	0	0	2	3
*Menosr	1	0	0	0	0	Sallee, p.	3	0	0	0	4
C'man, c.	1	0	1	0	1						
Cooper, p.	2	0	0	1	2						
†Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0						
McG'n, p.	1	0	0	0	1						
Total.	32	3	11	30	16	Total.	32	2	5	28	17

*Ran for Gibson in sixth inning.
†Batted for Cooper in sixth inning.
Errors—Butler, Cooper.
One out when winning run was scored.

Pittsburgh	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—3
St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Cather, Mitchell. Three-base hits—Kelly, Mowrey, Mitchell. Hits—Off Cooper, 4 in 6 innings; off McQuillan, 4 in 4 innings. Stolen bases—Huggins, Beck, Wagner, Carey. Double play—Beck, Huggins, and Miller. First base on balls—Off Sallee, 8; off Cooper, 3; off McQuillan, 2. Sacrifice hits—Sallee, Konetchy, Viox. Sacrifice fly—Kelly. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; Pittsburgh, 12. Struck out—By Sallee, 2; by Cooper, 2; by McQuillan, 1. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Quigley.

Cubs Take Two from the Reds.

CINCINNATI, June 26.—Chicago won a double-header from Cincinnati today, the first game 6 to 2, and the second, 1 to 0. The second game was called at the end of the seventh inning on account of darkness. Chicago won the first contest by hitting Douglass hard, two triples, and a home run being made off him in the third inning. The second game was a pitchers' battle between Humphries and Ames. The former had the better of the argument, for in the fourth Schultz's double, Corridon's single, two of the three hits made off Ames, brought Schulte home for the only run scored during the contest. The scores:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leach, cf.	2	1	1	1	0	Moran, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Good, rf.	5	1	1	1	0	H'zog, ss.	3	1	1	3	5
Saier, 1b.	5	2	2	13	1	Groh, 2b.	4	0	1	4	1
Z'man, 3b.	3	1	1	0	2	Miller, lf.	3	0	0	3	1
Sch'te, lf.	2	0	0	2	0	N'hoff, 3b.	3	0	1	1	2
Sw'y, 2b.	4	0	0	2	4	H'tz'l, lf.	3	0	0	2	0
C'don, ss.	3	0	1	2	3	Holden, rf.					
Lar's, c.	4	0	2	3	0	cf.	4	0	0	2	0
Clark, c.	3	0	0	3	2	Daley, cf.	3	0	1	1	1
Gonz's, c.	1	0	1	3	0	†Boone	0	0	0	0	0
Pfe'fr, p.	1	0	0	0	1	Cook, rf.	0	0	0	0	0
Lear, p.	1	0	0	0	1	N'm'r, c.	4	1	1	5	3
*Kellogg	1	0	0	0	0	W'ms, 1b.	3	0	1	14	0
‡Uhler	1	0	0	0	0	Fisher, p.	2	0	0	0	6
‡Lohr	1	0	0	0	0	‡Rogers	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	34	2	7	27	13	Total.	32	1	5	30	17

*Batted for Douglass in fourth inning.
†Batted for Leary in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Moran in ninth inning.
Error—Zimmerman, 2; Herzog, Groh.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0—6
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—2

Two-base hit—Zimmerman. Three-base hits—Saier, (2;) Leach. Home run—Vaughn. Hits—Off Douglass, 5 in 4 innings; off Lear, 2 in 6 innings. Sacrifice flies—Zimmerman, Corridon. Stolen bases—Good, (2;) Uhler, (2.) Double play—Miller, Herzog, and Groh. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; Cincinnati, 8. First base on balls—Off Vaughn, 3; off Douglass, 2; off Lear, 4. Struck out—By Vaughn, 7; by Douglass, 3; by Lear, 2. Wild pitches—Douglass, Lear. Time of game—Two hours and six minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie.

SECOND GAME.

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leach, cf.	3	0	0	0	0	Moran, rf.	3	0	1	2	0
Goode, rf.	3	0	0	2	0	H'zog, ss.	3	0	1	2	1
Saier, 1b.	2	0	0	7	0	Groh, 2b.	3	0	0	2	4
Z'man, 3b.	3	0	0	1	2	Miller, lf.	3	0	1	0	0
Sch'te, lf.	2	1	1	0	0	N'h'f, 3b.	3	0	1	1	4
Sw'y, 2b.	1	0	1	2	1	H'tit'l, lb.	2	0	1	12	0
C'don, ss.	2	0	0	2	3	Larose, cf.	2	0	0	1	0
Br'han, c.	2	0	0	8	3	Clark, c.	1	1	0	2	2
H'ph's, p.	2	0	0	0	1	Ames, p.	2	0	0	0	4
						†Uhler	0	0	0	0	0
						‡Bates	1	0	0	0	0
						§Gonz's	0	0	0	0	0
						§Bergh'r	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	21	1	3	21	8	Total.	24	0	5	21	15

*Ran for Miller in seventh inning.
†Batted for La Rose in seventh inning.
‡Ran for Clark in seventh inning.
§Batted for Ames in seventh inning.
Errors—Saier, Zimmerman.

Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	—1
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Called end of seventh inning: darkness. Two-base hits—Schulte, Sweeney. Three-base hit—Herzog. Sacrifice hits—Sweeney, (2.) Hoblitzel. Stolen bases—Bresnahan, Good. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Cincinnati, 5. First base on balls—Off Humphries, 2; off Ames, 6. Struck out—By Humphries, 6; by Ames, 3. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie.

Cobb Will Stick to Detroit.

DETROIT, June 26.—"All this talk about Ty Cobb going over to the Federal League is piffle," said Frank J. Navin, President of the Detroit American League baseball club today with reference to reports that Cobb is dissatisfied with local conditions. "He is more anxious than any one else to prove that that unfortunate affair Saturday night was a mistake of the head and not of the heart. When he gets back in the game he will do everything he can to make up for lost ground. To prove his loyalty to me this year he signed a two-year contract when he could have merely signed for one year and watched developments in the Federal League."

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

New York State League.

At Troy—Troy, 4; *Birmingham, 2.
At Scranton—Utica, 5; Scranton, 1.
At Albany—Albany, 3; Elmira, 0.
At Wilkes-Barre—Wilkes-Barre, 3; Syracuse, 2.

Eastern Association.

At New Britain—New Britain, 4; New Haven, 3.
At Springfield—Pittsfield, 6; Springfield, 5.
At Bridgeport—Waterbury, 4; Bridgeport, 2.

New England League.

At Portland—Portland, 1; Lowell, 0.
At Lewiston—Lewiston, 4; Lawrence, 0.
At Lynn—Lynn, 8; Fitchburg, 5.
At Worcester—Worcester, 9; Haverhill, 6.

American Association.

At Kansas City—Minneapolis, 11; Kansas City, 8.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 3; Columbus, 3. (Called in twelfth inning; darkness.)
Other games postponed; rain.

Tri-State League.

At Harrisburg—Trenton, 6; Harrisburg, 1.
At Wilmington—Reading, 4; Wilmington, 1.
At Allentown—York, 6; Allentown, 5.

Southern Association.

At Mobile—Mobile, 5; New Orleans, 2.
At Birmingham—Birmingham, 2; Montgomery, 1.
At Atlanta—Memphis, 9; Atlanta, 1.
Nashville at Chattanooga, postponed; rain.

RED SOX DEFEAT RAY FISHER, 2 TO 1

Yankee Boxman's Wild Pitch in Tenth Counteracts Previous Fine Work.

Ray Fisher tried to win a game for the Yankees all by himself yesterday, but, after holding the Red Sox down to four hits in nine innings, he made a single slip in the tenth inning, a wild pitch, which permitted Janvrin to score, and gave the visitors the game by the score of 2 to 1. With any kind of hitting behind him, Fisher would have had the game won without any extra inning. Harry Williams, strange as it may seem, drove in the Yankees' only run with a single over second.

The Yanks got four hits besides Williams's single, but his was the only one which came at a time which could cause trouble. Peckinpaugh got two of the other four, and Daley and Nunemaker got one each. Bill Carrigan introduced a young gentleman by the name of Coumbe to do the pitching for Boston. No one has ever ranked Coumbe in the Joe Wood or Walter Johnson class, but he was quite sufficient to hold the weak hitting Yankees in check.

Fisher only allowed the Red Sox five hits, and was never in serious trouble until the tenth. His slip up came after Fritz Maisel had booted a grounder hit by Janvrin, who later got to third on Larry Gardner's single.

That one run in which Williams figured so notably was scored by the Yankees in the fifth inning. Holden started the inning by flying out, but Pete Daley, who followed, got to first on Yerkes's error. Nunemaker grounded to Gardner and forced out Daley at second. Nunemaker then promptly stole second base. There was applause when Williams came to the plate. The crowd figured that by the law of averages he was due for a hit. He proved to be the right man in the right place in this instance, and drove a vicious single over second base, which gave Nunemaker a chance to cross the plate ahead of Tris Speaker's rather feeble throw. After this gallant rally, the Yankees subsided for a while.

The Red Sox tied the score in the very next inning. Cady started the trouble by accepting a base on balls. Coumbe struck out, but Cady got to second on Hooper's out at first. Scott, who is substituting for Heine Wagner at short stop, then came through with a single over second which scored Cady. Daley threw about ten feet wide to the plate, but Nunemaker got the ball and threw to Truesdale in time to get Scott going to second.

The Yankees made another of their one-hit rallies in the ninth inning, which Peckinpaugh started off by singling to right field. Hartzell sacrificed him to second. Daniel Boone, who got a chance to bat in place of Daley, was not happy by a base on balls, but Holden struck out, and Nunemaker grounded out to Yerkes and another bright chance of scoring was lost.

Janvrin opened the tenth inning by driving a hot one directly at Maisel, who fumbled it and gave the Boston first baseman a chance to reach first in safety. Larry Gardner then drove a single to right field, which put Janvrin on third. While pitching to Yerkes, the next batter, Fisher threw a wild one over Nunemaker's head, and the ball rolled to the front of the grand stand, giving Janvrin a chance to cross the plate. The Yankees were unable to do anything with Leonard, who had succeeded Coumbe, in their half of the tenth.

Roy Hartzell provided the one fielding event of the day, when he made a diving catch of Coumbe's liner to left field in the third inning. The ball looked as if it would land ten feet out of Hartzell's reach, but he threw himself forward and grabbed the ball. He then slid along the ground on his shoulder and turned a somersault. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'per, rf.	3	0	1	2	0	M'zel, 3b.	3	0	0	2	0
Scott, ss.	4	0	1	5	5	T'dale, 2b.	3	0	0	2	5
Sp'ker, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	P'p'gh, ss.	4	0	2	2	2
Hoo'r, lf.	4	0	0	2	0	H'tz'l, lf.	3	0	0	2	0
J'rvin, 1b.	4	1	1	15	0	Holden, rf.					
G'd'r, 3b.	4	0	3	1	4	cf.	4	0	0	2	0
Y'kes, 2b.	3	0	0	2	3	Daley, cf.	3	0	1	1	1
Cady, c.	2	1	0	0	2	†Boone	0	0	0	0	0
C'man, c.	1	0	0	2	0	Cook, rf.	0	0	0	0	0
Co'mbe, p.	2	0	0	1	1	N'm'r, c.	4	1	1	5	3
*Engle	1	0	0	0	0	W'ms, 1b.	3	0	1	14	0
Leon'd, p.	1	0	0	0	0	Fisher, p.	2	0	0	0	6
						‡Rogers	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	33	2	6	30	17	Total.	32	1	5	30	17

*Batted for Coumbe in eighth inning.
†Batted for Daley in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Fisher in ninth inning.
Error—Yerkes.

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1—2
New York	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—1

First base on errors—New York, 2. Two-base hit—Hooper. Sacrifice hits—Yerkes, Fisher, Hartzell. Stolen bases—Peckinpaugh, Nunemaker. Left on bases—New York, 6; Boston, 4. Double play—Fisher, Peckinpaugh, and Williams. Bases on balls—Off Fisher, 2; off Coumbe, 1; off Leonard, 2. Struck out—By Fisher, 4; by Coumbe, 1; by Leonard, 2. Wild pitch—Fisher. Hits—Off Coumbe, 4 in seven innings; off Leonard, 1 in two innings. Time of game—Two hours and three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Hildebrand.

Faber Holds Tigers to Three Hits.

CHICAGO, June 26.—Chicago won the seventh consecutive game today when they made it three straight from Detroit by a 2-to-1 score. The game was a pitchers' duel between Faber and Dubuc, the former having a shade the better of the argument. It was Faber's double in the sixth inning which started the locals to victory. Weaver followed the pitcher with a single and Faber moved to third. Blackburn forced Weaver at second and Faber scored. Blackburn stole second and scored the winning run on Demmitt's single. Detroit was held to three scattered hits, and saved a shut-out in the sixth inning on Stanage's single, Weaver's error of Dubuc's grounder, and an infield out. The fielding of Fournier, Weaver, and Bush were features. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
W'ver, ss.	4	0	2	5	4	Bush, ss.	4	0	1	1	3
Bl'b'n, 2b.	2	1	0	1	5	P'tell, 3b.	4	0	0	1	2
Dem'tt, lf.	3	0	1	1	0	H'lig'h, cf.	3	0	1	1	0
C'llins, rf.	3	0	0	0	0	C'ford, rf.	3	0	0	0	0
F'nier, 1b.	3	0	0	16	1	Veach, lf.	4	0	0	4	0
Bodie, cf.	3	0	0	2	0	K'v'gh, 2b.	4	0	0	3	2
Mayer, c.	3	0	0	2	3	Burns, 1b.	3	0	0	11	0
B'ton, 3b.	3	0	0	0	4	St'ge, c.	3	0	1	3	1
Faber, p.	3	1	2	0	2	Dubuc, p.	3	0	0	0	3
Total.	27	2	5	27	19	Total.	31	1	3	24	11

Errors—Weaver, Fournier, Breton.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	—2
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two-base hit—Faber. Sacrifice hit—Blackburn. Stolen base—Blackburn. Left on bases—Detroit, 5; Chicago, 2. Bases on balls—Off Faber, 2. Struck out—By Faber, 3; by Dubuc, 1. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Dineen.

Browns in Second Place.

ST. LOUIS, June 26.—Gus Williams's home run drive over the right field fence, the longest hit made here in years, with Shotten on first base, gave St. Louis two runs and put the home club in second place in the pennant race. Cleveland was helpless before Hamilton and lost 2 to 0. On two different occasions Cleveland had the bases full with only one out, but could not score. Score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sh'ten, cf.	3	1	0	3	0	G'ney, lf.	3	0	2	2	0
Pratt, 2b.	4	0	0	4	2	T'ner, 3b.	4	0	0	0	0
W'ms, rf.	3	1	2	3	0	L'bold, cf.	3	0	0	4	0
C. W'r, lf.	3	0	0	0	0	Olson, 1b.	1	0	1	1	0
Leary, 1b.	3	0	1	9	0	La'e, 2b.	2	0	0	3	3
Austin, 3b.	3	0	0	0	2	J'son, 1b.	3	0	0	8	0
Lavan, ss.	2	0	1	2	1	B'ham, cf.	1	0	0	0	0
Gr'sin, c.	3	0	0	6	0	Wood, rf.	4	0	1	3	0
H'ton, p.	3	0	1	0	4	C'man, ss.	4	0	2	1	5
						O'Neill, c.	4	0	0	2	1
						C'more, p.	4	0	0	0	3
Total.	27	2	5	27	9	Total.	33	0	6	24	12

Error—Lavan.

St. Louis	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Leary, Chapman, Lavan, Olson. Home run—Williams. Double plays—Lavan, Pratt, and Leary; Lajoie, Chapman, and Johnson. Left on bases—Cleveland, 9; St. Louis, 3. Bases on balls—Off Hamilton, 3; off Collamore, 2. Struck out—By Hamilton, 4; by Collamore, 2. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Evans.

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BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston, 2; New York, 1.
(Ten innings.)
Philadelphia, 9; Washington, 0.
(Forfeited.)
Philadelphia, 6; Washington, 5.
(Ten innings.)
St. Louis, 2; Cleveland, 0.
Chicago, 2; Detroit 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 8; Boston 4.
New York, 10; Boston, 4.
Brooklyn, 7; Philadelphia, 4.
Pittsburgh, 3; St. Louis, 2.
Chicago, 6; Cincinnati, 2.
Chicago, 1, Cincinnati, 0.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Baltimore, 6; Brooklyn, 4.
Buffalo, 4; Pittsburgh, 2.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Rochester, 3; Newark, 2.
Montreal, 7; Jersey City, 5.
Providence, 6; Toronto, 2.
Buffalo, 10; Baltimore, 9.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Philadelphia	37

HERRESHOFF YACHT WINS AGAIN

RESOLUTE COMES HOME FIRST AGAIN

Defiance Sails a Surprisingly Good Race and Vanitie Does Poorly.

THE RACE BY FIGURES.

	Resolute. H.M.S.	Vanitie. H.M.S.	Defiance. H.M.S.
Start	1:01:26	1:00:27	1:01:30
First leg	2:20:13	2:21:35	2:24:17
Second leg	3:08:43	3:11:06	3:19:21
Third leg	4:08:41	4:08:16	4:13:58
Fourth leg	4:58:12	4:42:36	4:50:21
Fifth leg	5:04:46	5:00:56	5:17:44
Finish	6:08:15	6:11:17	6:18:33
Elapsed time	5:06:41	5:10:50	5:16:57

Elapsed Time By Legs.

FIRST ROUND.

Miles.	H.M.S.	H.M.S.	H.M.S.
First leg..... 4½	1:18:47	1:21:08	1:22:41
Second leg..... 4½	0:48:30	0:49:41	0:55:38
Third leg..... 5¼	0:54:58	0:57:10	0:54:35
Total..... 15¼	3:02:15	3:07:59	3:12:22

SECOND ROUND.

First leg	0:24:31	0:34:20	0:36:22
Second leg	0:26:34	0:27:20	0:27:23
Third leg	1:03:27	1:01:21	1:00:49
Total	2:04:32	2:03:01	2:04:35

Resolute defeated Vanitie by 0:04:03, and Defiance by 0:10:10, actual times.

Vanitie defeated Defiance by 0:06:07, actual sailing time.

No time allowances given.

Resolute added one more to her monotonous string of victories in the tenth trial for the America's Cup candidates on the Sound yesterday. In a freakish race that started in almost no wind at all, the Herreshoff yacht showed the way to both Vanitie and Defiance over a thirty-and-a-half-mile course, finishing 4 minutes and 3 seconds ahead of Alexander Smith Cochran's sloop and 10 minutes and 10 seconds ahead of the tri-city candidate.

These were actual sailing times. The Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht Club's Regatta Committee, which managed the match, gave out no time allowances on the ground that an overnight change in Vanitie's lead keel had altered her rating. But time allowances were not needed, for Resolute's margin was big enough to make her the winner, anyway.

The thing that made the yachting sharps sit up and take notice was the great race put up by Defiance. The big Owen knockabout displayed speed that few had credited her with. The race was twice around the triangle, and in the first circuit she was held back by hard luck at the start. After that she got down to business and outsailed both rivals. Defiance covered the second fifteen and a fourth miles in 2:04:35, which was only 4 seconds slower than Resolute's time and 1 minute and 34 seconds slower than Vanitie's. On her time allowance—5 minutes and 21 seconds for the full distance—Defiance beat both the others, with considerable to spare.

The Owen boat has been saying unkind things about Defiance had to take their hats off to her yesterday. The second round was the only fair test of the boats, and it was Defiance's round without a question. With an even breeze the tri-city yacht sailed faster to windward than either Resolute or Vanitie. It was only when it came to running before the wind that her lack of headsails and her ill-fitting ballooner held her back.

On the six legs of the journey Resolute won the first, second, fourth, (on corrected time,) and fifth. Defiance won the third and sixth, each being a beat of five and three-quarter miles across the Sound. She beat Resolute 21 seconds and Vanitie 2 minutes 33 seconds the first time, and she beat them respectively 2 minutes 38 seconds and 32 seconds the second time.

Defiance was sailed alternately by George M. Pynchon, her amateur skipper, and Capt. S. B. Howell, the professional, they handled her smartly, and the crew were on their toes every minute, their work at the sails being a big improvement.

Vanitie made her poorest showing of the series. She was never better than a poor second, and the third and fifth legs she was in last place. The experiments that are being made in Vanitie have thus far done more harm than good, apparently.

The race was the first of two for a cup offered by Commodore Harold S. Vanderbilt of the Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht Club, and the second will be held today. The start was off Lloyd Neck, at the mouth of Oyster Bay. The Race Committee, composed of Victor I. Cumnock, Chairman; Beverley R. Robinson, H. H. Landon, Colgate Hoyt, Jr., and Alfred R. Whitney, Jr., chose a course which would give the sloops a run of 4¾ miles across the Sound, northwest by north, half north, to Greenwich Point, a reach of 4¾ miles along the Connecticut shore to Long Neck, and a beat of 5¾ miles back to Lloyd Neck, south-southwest, three-quarters west.

Edmund Randolph's Spartan won the cup for fifty-footers, being the first to defeat J. P. Morgan's Gryfalg since Carolina's victory in the first race of the season. In the thirty-footers Edmund Fish's Oriole outsailed the fleet, and H. C. Smith's Ahmakole was the victor in the Stamford schooner class.

SHAMROCK'S REAL TRIAL.

Cup Challenger Beats Old Shamrock 1 1-2 Minutes in 17-Mile Race.

TORQUAY, England, June 26.—Shamrock IV., Sir Thomas Lipton's new challenger for the America's Cup, had her first real official trial under cup conditions today. She beat the old Shamrock over a 17-mile course by 4 minutes 53 seconds elapsed time. The corrected time was estimated at about a minute and a half.

Shamrock IV. had today reverted to her sloop rig and both yachts carried jackyarders.

The challenger was steered by William P. Burton, and crossed the starting line one second after the gun fired at 1:15. The trial boat followed 59 seconds later.

Beating out into the Channel in very light airs the challenger pointed higher footed and appeared faster than she had previously showed.

The breeze was fluky, and the challenger was only 1 minute 46 seconds ahead rounding the weather mark.

Running in with her spinnaker set she came home in fine style. She crossed the finishing line at 3 hours 41 minutes 24 seconds, and was followed by the trial boat at 3 hours 46 minutes 17 seconds.

PARIS COOL ON PRIZEFIGHT

Johnson-Moran Encounter Tonight Excites Little Interest.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 26.—The Johnson-Moran fight tomorrow night has excited scarcely any interest in Paris, aside from the American sporting contingent, who are thronging the American bars in the Rue d'Anjou.

The indications are that the fight will be a financial fizzle, owing to small attendance. Americans have bought the highest priced seats and the popular seats are unsold.

The press are not evincing much interest aside from a few clearly inspired statements. Excelsior says:

"Since beating Jeffries, who was a 'has been,' Johnson has not trained or been seen in the ring except in the parody with Jim Johnson last Winter when he was nearly knocked out."

One of the French experts, commenting to THE NEW YORK TIMES on Moran's condition, said:

"He has not worked for the last eight days. He has overtrained, yet he looks fat and muscle-bound."

Willie Lewis, his supposed trainer, has been spending his evenings recently at a well-known American bar.

The lack of betting indicates that the fight is not taken seriously.

The promoters are still pursuing the method of charging the press $50 for each messenger boy taking dispatches from the ring, having failed in the attempt to obtain $1,000 for a ringside wire.

Experts regard Carpentier as referee as laughable, as he has never had any experience.

PARIS, June 26.—Both "Jack" Johnson, heavyweight champion of the world, and Frank Moran of Pittsburgh, who has challenged him for the title, finished their training today and each of them declared himself in the best possible condition for the contest tomorrow night.

"I shall win sure," was the contents of a cablegram sent by Johnson to his mother in Galveston, while a friend of Moran who visited him at his training quarters at Meriel on the Oise today was no less positive as to the chances of the challenger.

Moran today submitted to a thorough physical examination, and the doctors found his heart and general condition excellent.

New York A. C. Golf Victors.

The semi-final stage of the golf championship of the New York Athletic Club over the links of the Fox Hills Golf Club was reached yesterday, with Chisholm Beach, James B. Batterson, W. L. Richard, and R. M. Tarleton the survivors. They will meet today in the order named. The summary follows:

First Sixteen.—First Round—Chisholm Beach, Fox Hills, beat Norman W. Peters, Englewood, by default; Stephen McHie, Englewood, beat Arthur H. Pogson, Fox Hills, 3 and 2. James B. Batterson, Fox Hills, beat C. A. Spofford, Garden City, 3 and 2; Raymond J. Kirwan, New York A. C., beat Capt. S. M. Milliken, New York A. C., 4 and 3; James D. Foot, Apawamis, beat John H. Bell, Wykagyl, 5 and 4; Walter L. Richard, St. Andrews, beat Robert Collier, Dunwoodie, 7 and 5; R. M. Tarleton, Oakland, beat Stanley Gifford, Fox Hills, 2 up; J. A. Richard, St. Andrews, beat E. P. Martin, Englewood, 7 and 6.

Second Round—Beach beat McHie, 4 and 3; Batterson beat Kirwan, 5 and 4; W. L. Richard beat Foot, 1 up, (19 holes;) Tarleton beat Richard, 1 up.

Second Sixteen.—First Round—J. P. Kirwan, Oakland, beat F. W. French, Forest Hill, 4 and 3; Dr. C. C. Sichel, Englewood, beat Eugene Van Schaick, Sleepy Hollow, 3 and 2; Howard Woolley, Fox Hills, beat F. S. Viele, Ardsley, by default; Nelson F. Griffin, Richmond County, beat Dr. W. G. Pralick, Los Angeles, 3 and 4; W. R. Delehanty, Deal, beat John R. Garside, Oakland, 2 up; H. W. Hillman, New York A. C., beat W. J. Elias, 2 up; A. P. Roth, Manhattan, beat L. S. Conklin, Fox Hills, 5 and 4; Dr. G. G. Hamlin, England, beat W. D. Judkins, Wykagyl, 3 and 4.

Second Round—Sichel beat Kirwan, 1 up; Griffin beat Woolley, 7 and 6; Hillman beat Delehanty, 3 and 2; Roth beat Hamlin, 2 up.

Semi-Finalists in Braeburn Golf.

NEWTON, Mass., June 26.—J. P. Gilbert, the young Manchester (N. H.) golfer, will play Frank H. Hoyt of Woodland in the upper half of the semi-final round of the Braeburn open golf tournament tomorrow as a result of his victory by 1 up today over J. H. Sullivan, Jr., of the Commonwealth Golf Club, a former interscholastic champion. In the lower half of the semi-finals John G. Anderson of Braeburn will play B. W. Estabrooke, a clubmate. Anderson's play was the feature of the day. He went around in 76 in the morning and took 79 for the afternoon round, defeating S. K. Stearns of Tatnuck 1 up. Estabrooke won his way into the semi-finals by defeating Vincent Lawrence of Woodland 6 and 4.

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WOMEN'S DOUBLE TITLE IS DECIDED

Mrs. Raymond and Mrs. Beard Are Victors in Middle States Tennis.

Spectacular playing marked the semi-final rounds of the Middle States lawn tennis championships yesterday on the courts of the South Orange Lawn Tennis Club at Mountain, N. J. Before a big gallery men and women racquet experts showed unusual skill and kept the spectators keyed up with excitement until sundown. The four championship events were well advanced, and the committee will make an effort to bring the tournament to a close today in order not to interfere with the Kings County championships, which are scheduled to start on Monday.

Mrs. Louise H. Raymond and Mrs. C. N. Beard won the first championship of the tournament, defeating Mrs. Marshall McLean and Miss Edna Wildey in the final round of the women's doubles. The winners qualified for the finals through a victory over Mrs. L. G. Morris and Miss Katherine Force, while Mrs. McLean and Miss Wildey won from Mrs. L. H. Underhill and Miss Polly Sheldon. The new champions surprised the spectators with their court work, as they lost the first love set, but recovered and captured the next two. The final set went to deuce for a decision.

The final match for the women's singles championship promises to be replete with interest. Mrs. Marshall McLean was forced to the limit to defeat Miss Polly Sheldon in three hard sets, while Mrs. Louise H. Raymond scored an easy straight set victory over Miss Edna Wildey. The summary:

Men's Singles.—Semi-Final Round—Karl H. Behr defeated Holcomb Ward, by default; Theodore R. Pell defeated W. M. Hall, 6—4, 6—4.

Men's Doubles.—Semi-Final Round—Theodore R. Pell and Karl H. Behr defeated A. H. Coffey and T. Stickney, 6—1, 6—2; George L. Wrenn and C. F. Watson, Jr., defeated G. H. Miles and Major J. H. Randolph, 6—3, 6—7.

Women's Singles.—Semi-Final Round—Mrs. Louise H. Raymond defeated Miss Edna Wildey, 6—3, 6—3; Mrs. Marshall McLean defeated Miss Polly Sheldon, 3—6, 6—1, 6—2.

Women's Doubles.—Semi-Final Round—Mrs. Louise H. Raymond and Mrs. C. N. Beard defeated Mrs. L. G. Morris and Miss Katherine Force, 6—3, 6—6. Mrs. Marshall McLean and Miss Edna Wildey defeated Mrs. William H. Underhill and Miss Polly Sheldon, 6—3, 6—1.

Final Round—Mrs. Louise Raymond and Mrs. C. N. Beard defeated Mrs. Marshall McLean and Miss Edna Wildey, 0—6, 6—2, 6—3.

SCHOOLGIRLS' GOOD TENNIS

Miss Coward Plays Clever Game in Bronxville A. A. Tournament.

Miss Eleanor Coward, the fourteen-year-old Bronx schoolgirl, played a splendid game yesterday in the Bronxville Athletic Association tennis tournament at Bronxville, when with Arthur Ferris as a partner in the mixed doubles she forced Mrs. Rawson Wood and F. T. Hunter, the Cornell champion, to three hard-fought sets, two of which were deuces. Little Miss Coward covered the court in fine style and made a number of brilliant shots, repeatedly passing her opponents, while her service was sure and strong. The first set was decided by a 7 to 5 score in favor of Miss Coward and her partner, and at a time it appeared as if the latter pair would capture the match in straight sets, but Mrs. Wood and Mr. Hunter rallied, carrying the score to 10-8 for a decision. The prolonged effort showed its effects on the schoolgirl in the third and deciding set, and she dropped off in her playing.

The defeat of Arthur M. Lovibond, the Seventh Regiment player, in the semi-final round of the men's singles was the surprise of the day. The miss-and-out style of play of the latter pair would capture the match in straight sets, but Mrs. Wood and Mr. Hunter rallied, carrying the score to 10-8 for a decision. The prolonged effort showed its effects on the schoolgirl in the third and deciding set, and she dropped off in her playing.

The defeat of Arthur M. Lovibond, the Seventh Regiment player, in the semi-final round of the men's singles was the surprise of the day. The miss-and-out style of Cedric Major in a straight-set match, the second set being a deuce one. Major will play Dr. William Rosenbaum in the final round, the latter qualifying through a victory over M. I. L. Galvao in a match full of interest. Summary:

Men's Singles.—Semi-final Round—Dr. William Rosenbaum defeated M. I. L. Galvao, 6—1, 8—6; Cedric Major defeated Arthur M. Lovibond, 6—2, 8—6.

Men's Doubles.—Third Round—Clifford Black and F. Rogers defeated George S. Groesbeck and C. Bishop, 4—6, 6—3, 6—1; F. T. Hunter and A. J. Ostendorf defeated Arthur M. Lovibond and Paul Mead, 2—6, 6—4, 7—5.

Semi-final Round—Leonard Beekman and Allan Tobey defeated Clifford Black and F. Rogers, 6—1, 6—1; F. T. Hunter and A. J. Ostendorf defeated H. Rothschild and Abraham Bassford, Jr., 7—5, unfinished.

Mixed Doubles.—Second Round—Mrs. Rawson Wood and F. T. Hunter defeated Miss Eleanor Coward and Arthur Ferris, 5—7, 10—8, 6—3.

Third Round—Mrs. Rawson Wood and F. T. Hunter defeated Miss Rustin and Ingo Hartman, 6—1, 6—1; Miss Clare Cassel and Leonard Beekman defeated Miss Margaret Grove and Harry Steinkamp, 6—1, 5—7, 6—1; Miss Marie Wagner and A. J. Ostendorf defeated Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Britton, 6—3, 6—2.

Hanley Now a Free Agent.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 26.—The identities of two players were determined here today in the finding handed down by the National Baseball Commission, in which the Supreme Court of baseball reversed a decision of the National Board. The finding, in part, follows:

"During the Winter of 1911-12 the Mobile Club of the Southern League contracted with John H. Hanily for the season of 1912. A dispute arose as to the identity of this player. The National Board ruled that the contracting player was James P. Hanley and awarded his services to the Mobile Club. He is a left-handed pitcher. Player Hanily, who is a right-handed pitcher and whose name is signed to the contract, submitted an affidavit setting forth that he is the party who signed with the Mobile Club.

"James P. Hanley denied under oath that he received or signed this contract. The signature of each player was secured and compared with that subscribed to the contract with the Mobile Club, with the result that there is no question that John H. Hanily executed the contract under which that club claimed the services of James P. Hanley.

James P. Hanley did not sign the contract, and, therefore, the commission overrules the decision of the National Board and declares him a free agent."

Stuyvesant H. S. Field Day.

Stuyvesant High School's athletic association held its annual field day at Pelham Bay Park yesterday. More than 1,000 boys participated. Class 6D, with 20 points, carried off the point trophy. Six B was second with 8 and 2N third with 6. Gold medals were presented to the victors. The winners:

50-Yard Midget—Won by Welgner, 3L; 300-Yard Handicap, (Track Team Only)—Won by Green, 3L; 220 yards; 7B Dash, First Year Boys—Won by Sambach, 2B; Broad Jump Relay (10-Boy Team)—Won by Class 6D; 80-Yard Dash—Won by Nieberg, 3E; Leap Frog Relay, (10-Boy Team)—Won by Class 6D; 90-Yard Dash—Won by Maurer, 6D; Flag Relay, (10-Boy Team,) 880 Yards—Won by Class 6D; All-Around Football Contest of Punting, Drop Kicking and Forward Passing—Won by Samson, 4B; 100-Yard Dash—Won by Fuchs, 8B; 220-Yards—Won by Samson, 6B.

Crack Cyclists in Tonight's Race.

Frank L. Kramer will start tonight in the five-mile national championship race for the professional bike racers at the Brighton Beach Motordrome. Against him will be Walter Rutt, world's champion; Jackie Clarke, Alfred Grenda, Alfred Goullet, Joe Fogler, Frank Cavanaugh, and forty others. All the stars will also start in the one-mile handicap, to be run in two heats and a final. In the two-mile invitation handicap Iver Lawson, formerly world's champion, will go from scratch. The amateur bike riders will have three contests, and there will be several motor-cycle races with the best of the speed demons competing.

Three Ten-Rounders at the Stadium

It will be east side against the west side at the Stadium A. C. tonight. Three boxers from each section will be pitted against each other.

In the main bout Johnny Marto, the strong, aggressive lightweight, will box Eddie Fitzsimmons; Joe Mooney will clash with Frankie Conifrey in the semi-final, and in the opening ten-rounder Knockout Eggers will oppose Kid Taylor.

KIDNAPPERS TO PRISON.

Brusco Gets Not Less Than 20 Years, His Wife 10 to 12.

After conviction for kidnapping five-year-old Giuseppe Gumnia of 305 East Seventy-first Street, on April 28, Pietro Brusco and his wife, Niva, were sentenced yesterday by Judge Nott in General Sessions. The man was sent to Sing Sing for not less than twenty or more than thirty years, and the woman was sent to the Auburn prison for women for not less than ten or more than twelve years.

The jury suggested clemency for Mrs. Brusco, who was influenced by her husband. The new kidnapping law provides a penalty of not less than ten years, and the maximum term is fifty years. Judge Nott said he had learned that Brusco was the leader of a band of blackmailers, whose victims were woll to do Italians.

He said it appeared that the Gumnia boy was subjected, during his confinement in Brusco's house, to contagious diseases from which the man and his wife were both suffering. Furthermore, he said, he believed that Brusco had committed perjury on the witness stand.

Shortly after Giuseppe Gumnia disappeared, his father, Domenico Gumnia, a grocer, received a letter demanding $2,000 ransom. Unless that amount was forthcoming, the writer threatened to cut the boy into small pieces and send the parts to the father by parcel post.

NO INHERITANCE TAX ON GIFT

Surrogate Upheld in Case of Mrs. Mary B. Francis.

The decision of the Surrogates' Court that $236,288 in securities given to Mrs. Mary B. Francis by her husband before his death and while he was in good health, was not subject to the inheritance tax, was sustained yesterday by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. The State Controller insisted the property belonged to the estate of the decedent.

In previous cases of this kind it was held that the real owner could be discovered by learning who had collected the income from the property. In this case it appeared that Mrs. Francis had been the sole beneficiary. The testimony revealed that when Mr. Francis put the property in the vault he called his assistant, James I. Burke as a witness that it was placed there in the name of Mrs. Francis and that it was her property.

Mrs. Francis said that her husband was in good health when he gave her the property, and that he did not do so in expectation of death.

ST. JOHN'S SAFE FOR 2 YEARS

Trinity to Maintain Chapel and City to Build Foundation.

President George McAneney of the Board of Aldermen has evolved a plan to save St. John's Chapel, owned by Trinity Corporation, for at least two years. The chapel was in danger of destruction because of the building of the Seventh Avenue subway, which is to run under it. At a conference with the Vestry of Trinity Church and representatives of the architectural and historical societies interested in the preservation of the landmark, Mr. McAneny proposed that the church remain as it is for two years, the Vestry to maintain it, and the city to furnish $7,000 to reinforce the subway under the sidewalk. At the end of two years, if no definite plan for permanently retaining the chapel, either by public or private means, is forthcoming, then the church shall be at liberty to do as it pleases with it.

The Vestry voted on Thursday to accept Mr. McAneny's offer, and yesterday Col. William Jay, on behalf of the Vestry, conveyed this information to Mr. McAneny.

DRUG SELLERS SENTENCED.

Woman Confesses Ownership of Cocaine Worth $1,000.

Carrie Oliver, 32 years old, of 220 East Twenty-fifth Street, was sentenced to six months in the penitentiary yesterday by Justices Wilkin, Russell, and Herrman in the Court of Special Sessions on her plea of guilty to a charge of possessing cocaine. She was arrested by detectives who trailed a man, who they saw pick up a note dropped from an Essex Market Court prison van. The man went to Carrie Oliver's house, where six satchels containing cocaine said to be worth $1,000 were found. In the rooms was found a list which indicated that the drug was being sold through the mails in several cities.

Morris Golden, 32 years old, of 316 East Thirteenth Street, was sentenced to a year in the penitentiary for selling heroin. Golden was arrested with John Hurlburt, 24 years old, of 326 Greenwich Avenue, on June 18. Hurlburt, who was also convicted, was remanded a week for sentence.

To Confer with Exporters.

Consul General Joseph I. Brittain of Auckland, New Zealand, will visit this city next Monday and Tuesday for the purpose of conferring with business men interested in trade with New Zealand. Mr. Brittain will make his headquarters at the local office of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Room 313, Custom House. He is anxious to meet exporters to New Zealand, not only to furnish them any information possible in regard to markets for American products, but also to obtain suggestions from them with respect to commercial reports relating to the country, to be prepared on his return.

Levinsky Wins Easily.

Battling Levinsky of the east side, had an easy time outpointing Bert Kenny, one of the "Four Kerny Brothers" of Brooklyn, last night in the main ten-round bout at Brown's Far Rockaway Athletic Club. The east sider had the advantage from the start, and several times seemed to ease up in his attack. He was the aggressor throughout and administered a severe beating to his opponent. Kenny got home several hard blows, but Levinsky took these without flinching and came back to the attack.

The semi-final ten-round bout, in which the Zulu Kid and Young Sharkey were the contestants, resulted in a good draw.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 26.—Forecast: N. Car., S. Car., Ga., and Fla.—Local thunder showers Sat. and probably Sun.; gentle to moderate shifting winds.

Ala.—Fair in n., local thunder showers in s. Sat. and Sun., local thunder showers; gentle to moderate shifting winds.

Miss. and La.—Generally fair, continued warm, Sa. and probably Sun.; gentle south winds.

East. Tex.—Fair, continued warm, Sat. Sun., fair; not so warm in n. w.; gentle to moderate s. winds on the coast.

West. Tex.—Generally fair Sat. and Sun.; cooler Sat. in the Panhandle.

Utah—Fair Sat.; warmer in n. Sun., fair.

Okla.—Fair, continued warm, Sat. Sun., fair; not so warm

Ark.—Fair, continued warm, Sat. and probably Sun.

Tenn.—Generally fair Sat. and Sun.; continued warm.

Ky.—Generally fair Sat. and Sun.; probably not so warm Sun. in n. and w.

Ohio—Thunder showers Sat. and probably Sun.; moderate, shifting winds.

Ind.—Thunder showers Sat. and probably Sun., except generally fair Sat. in extreme s, not so warm Sun.; moderate e. to s. winds.

Ill.—Thunder showers Sat., except fair in extreme s. Sun. fair, not so warm in s.; moderate s. winds, shifting to n. by Sat. night over n.

Lower Mich.—Thunder showers Sat. and probably Sun.; moderate e. to s. winds, shifting to n. w. by Sun.

Upper Mich.—Thunder showers Sat., cooler at night; strong e. to n. e. winds. Sun., unsettled, probably showers in e.

Wis.—Thunder showers Sat., with strong e. to s. e. winds. Sun., probably fair.

Minn.—Thunder showers Sat.; cooler in s, w.; strong shifting winds; moderate n. e. gale near Lake Superior. Sun. probably fair, warmer in w. and s.

Iowa—Probably thunder showers and cooler Sat. Sun. fair.

Mo.—Fair, continued warm Sat. Sun. fair, probably not so warm.

N. Dak.—Showers Sat. Sun. fair, warmer.

S. Dak.—Fair Sat., preceded by showers in cen. and e.; cooler in cen. and e. Sun. fair, warmer.

Neb.—Fair in w., thunder showers in e. Sat., followed by fair, cooler. Sun. fair, warmer.

Kan.—Fair not so warm Sat. Sun. fair.

A RITZ-CARLTON GRADUATE.

Klicks Returns to Hotel in Berlin with A. H. M. Degree.

The Ritz-Carlton sent out yesterday another graduating class composed of one, on whom Manager Keller conferred, it is said, the degree of A. H. M. The graduate was Gunther Klicks, son of the proprietor of one of the big hotels in Berlin, who for three years, has been pursuing a course in American hotel methods, and who sailed yesterday on the Philadelphia for home.

Many of the clerks at the Ritz-Carlton, since its opening, have been sons of European hotel proprietors, who have been sent over here to learn how best to deal with Americans, and Ritz-Carleton graduates are now running hotels in Russia, Germany, Switzerland, and France. Mr. Klicks had no desire to be graduated so soon, but he was due to go back to finish his service in the German Army, in which he is a non-commissioned officer, and he could not resist the temptation of the delicious "Commis-brodt," the hard bread which is said to make German soldiers do the goose step, and, of course, being a German subject, there was the law to remember. Having served an apprenticeship in Paris and in London before coming to New York, Mr. Klicks believes he can keep a hotel in almost any language.

As to the degree bestowed upon Mr. Klicks yesterday by Preceptor Keller, there is a difference in opinion in the hotel whether it means "Master of American Hotellics" or "American Hotel Manager." Anyhow it indicates that the holder knows just how they do things in New York hotels. Nowadays, few big European hotel proprietors who wish their sons to follow in their footsteps fail to send them to New York to get the finishing touches to their training.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers: Sergts. Wm. Irving, 23, to 62; P. H. Rice, 283, to 274; Richard Kerwick, 283, to 285. Patrol. Patrick Ryan, 35, to Public Office Squad, to duty with Municipal Civil Service Commission; Morris Greenberg, Public Office Squad, to 63, duty with Municipal Civil Service Commission, discontinued; A. R. Ludwig, 152, to 283, assigned to mounted duty. Bicycle Patrol. J. E. Cone, 283, to 171, duty at booth, Fort Hamilton Parkway; 78 St. and 7 Av. Patrol. W. A. Loehmann, 69, to clerical and house duty; Act. Det. Sergt. J. G. Neun, 32, to Manhattan Headquarters.

Temporary assignments: Sergt. C. H. Burns, 161, to B. B. H. Squad, clerical duty in office of Borough Inspector, for 10 days. Patrol. J. R. Buckley, 15, to Det. Bu., for 15 days; detailed to Dist. Atty's office, New York; W. J. Connor, 15, to C. O., clerical duty in office of First Deputy Commissioner, for 10 days; M. J. Gilligan, 16, and J. F. McCoy, 17, to C. O. duty in bookkeeper's office, for 30 days; C. B. Koechacher, 19, to Det. Bu., for 10 days; N. J. Macklin, 80, to Boiler Squad, for 30 days. To Det. Bu. from Prects. indicated, for 10 days: Stanislaus F. Mazurkiewicz, 28; Francis D. Pickett, 83; Albert T. Hill, 165; John P. Werle, 283; Stanislaus Kieturkiewicz, Jr., 28; George H. Cole, 99; Christian R. Wackerly, 167; F. A. Doherty, 102. To Manhattan Headquarters: Act. Det. Sergts. George Yunge, Adolph Blaha, P. J. Slevin, and J. J. Kennel, 2, and O. E. Wagner, 61, for 10 days.

Leaves: With pay—Capts. W. Thos. 29, 2 days; H. W. Burfeind, 163, 2 days. Without pay—Patrol. Andrew Gallagher, 2, 16 days; W. J. Tobin, 6, 1 day; H. L. Aubert, 21, 3 days; J. H. Kelly, 21, 1 day; J. J. Huebshman, 43, 2 days; Enrico Gaudioso, 31, 1 day.

Application for full pay approved: Patrol. Otto Rausch, 23, from May 17 to May 28, while under suspension; T. J. Shea, 23, from Feb. 13 to Feb. 19, while under suspension.

Granted full pay while on sick report: Patrol. Francis Kane, 169, from June 17, during disability.

Advancements: to $1,150 grade: Harry Cohen, 10; John Boylan, 14; E. A. Raschke, 14; M. J. O'Brien, 16; P. J. McCloskey, 18; T. E. Marcellus, 25; F. J. Grote, 31; P. F. Smyth, 35; Harry Goodman, 60; F. H. Briggs, 39; Philip Koenig, 62; H. J. T. Donnellan, 62; John H. McLaughlin, 74; C. A. Noye, 146; Edward Keyes, 146; R. A. Steck, 146; William Quayle, 146; L. Churlo, 146; Michael Imbriale, 149; Paul Schubert, 6 Dist.; P. M. Dunne, 12; Charles Schauss, 14; Angelo Cava, 15; C. E. Kirk, 18; Samuel Hirsch, 25; W. H. Kellermann, 35; Lewis Walters, 35; S. J. Battle, 38; W. H. Pfeiffer, 62; J. B. Fisher, 62; M. J. Harrison, 65; A. F. C. Porter, 146; J. J. Murphy, 146; P. R. Tobin, 146; Philip Quell, 146; Peter Kraft, 146; F. J. Savanagh, 146; Anthony Garone, 158; W. P. Hayes, 16 Dist.; E. A. Smith, 10.

Dismissed from the dept.: Patrol. C. M. Smith, 283, conduct unbecoming an officer; failed to comply with court order.

Fire Department.

Advancements in grade on July 1, fourth to third grade, (No. of engine follows name:) Thos. Bolger, 72; J. J. Hastings, 74; J. A. Gaffney, 40; F. C. Meyer, 92; E. S. Quinn, 220; T. F. Carroll, 234; H. M. Murray, 269; J. A. McCrea, 231; A. G. Benson, 203; Peter Keeper, 215; J. W. Ryan, 22; Peter McCullagh, 30; J. J. Burns, (No. 3,) 8; James Costello, 30; G. F. Norton, 211; Thomas Ford, 72; Emil Schoeck, 232; Albert Pfund, 218; G. H. Anderson, 233; J. Joyce, Jr., 221; G. F. McCormack, 224; Henry Roth, 33; R. W. Grant, 23; John Ziegler, 235; Edward Heins, 28; J. P. Watts, 5; Moses Strauss, 8; Theodore Fink, 27; E. P. McCormick, 208; J. B. S. O'Keefe, 211; J. F. Dunleavy, 234; L. V. Hendrickson, 216; Thos. Gargan, 235; Fred. Kukelkorn, 233; J. F. Bedell, 207; D. M. Lynch, 58; W. J. Driscoll, 13; C. Bell, 204; J. A. Holahan, 210; D. W. Lane, 18; J. A. Tynan, 208; M. T. Tracy, 59; W. F. Gallagher, 213; E. L. Schwab, 227; A. H. Holler, 207; Hugh O'Hanlon, 238; Hugh Brown, 233; O. Tollefson, 233; J. J. A. Sheridan, 56; Julius Lang, 251; F. A. Swift, 157; W. J. Schultz, 36; Stephen Lukacs, 209; J. A. Hoppenhauer, 235; W. C. Schencke, 19; W. J. Geyer, 21; C. A. Willing, 48; A. E. Donovan, (No. 2,) 18; H. L. Koecher, 155; T. J. Barry, 222; M. L. Waldeck, 240; W. C. R. Heynes, 226; Leon Pavelet, 229; M. G. J. Urgo, 244; H. J. Kinney, 219; C. L. Lockwood, 221; L. Goldschneider, 76; P. F. O'Brien, Jr., 220; W. F. Martin, 74; William Luthrin, 159; W. E. Prush, 39; Nathan Hanover, 80; C. J. Lloyd, 217; J. A. Flanagan, 44; F. W. Miller, 217; William Hasper, 21; J. J. Hayes, (No. 2,) 26; William Busse, 31; C. W. Lynch, 269; Anthony Youngsworth, 2; G. A. Strohschein, 5; G. H. Shields, 28; M. J. Brosnan, 17; Louis Gerken, 231; Max Vilinsky, 231; J. A. Harley, 32; G. M. J. Shiler, 212; E. M. McGarry, 270; C. G. Seewald, 209; Carl Noller, 212; Herman Tewes, 227; John Kisterberger, 225; J. B. Wienants, 36; G. W. Reilly, 17; T. F. Doyle, 2; J. W. Tocher, 30; James Loughman, 35; A. P. Ryan, 229; H. C. Bate, 31; H. J. Sauerbrey, 67; S. O. A. Williamsen, 72; H. F. Miller, 237; T. J. Barry, (No. 2,) 40; W. F. Simendinger, 251; W. Harmuth, 230; W. W. Heinrich, 233; Thomas McDonough, 13; C. S. Corbett, 20; W. C. Adams, 208.

On July 9: A. E. Rowan, 4; W. J. Deasy, 14; J. H. Tiedermann, 20; W. H. Crowley, 30; T. M. White, 58; F. A. Erhardt, 76; J. J. Ryan, 215; Hugh Haas, 217; John F. Wood, 13; P. J. McArdle, 18; F. W. Low, 22; T. V. Behan, 54; D. A. Nixon, 74; Edward Fox, 212; F. M. Stenson, 216; H. M. Hardrover, 218; G. T. Gattung, 220; Wm. Kramer, 227; Wm. Waddell, 233; H. F. R. Simonis, 283; M. J. Flood, 269.

On July 13—J. J. Snyder, 13.

Fourth to 3d grade, July 1 (No. of H. & L. follows name:)—B. F. Carter, 107; W. R. Stilwell, 79; E. P. Hegewald, 131; H. C. Schryver, 44;

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Bond and Open Market Securities Department
T. F. SHIELDS, Mgr.
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NEW ORLEANS SAN FRANCISCO

International Navigation Company
(Now called International Mercantile Marine Company)
First Mortgage Sinking Fund 5% Gold Bonds
Due First day of February, 1929.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to the terms of the mortgage dated the first day of February, 1899, two hundred and fifty-two (252) of said bonds, of $1,000 each, numbered as below, have been drawn for redemption by the Sinking Fund at par and accrued interest, as of August 1st, 1914, when all interest thereon will cease.
The numbers of the bonds drawn are as follows:

5	21	113	114	125	178	231	242
289	417	421	470	625	768	794	935
980	987	1008	1134	1148	1193	1201	1265
1362	1577	1581	1626	1756	1851	1862	1926
2030	2079	2109	2263	2383	2531	2540	2562
2612	2686	2831	2922	3000	3012	3169	3173
3318	3319	3394	3479	3683	3853	3884	3906
3953	3957	4009	4089	4117	4219	4219	4304
4336	4461	4507	4623	4666	4704	4898	4953
4971	5063	5111	5206	5248	5310	5411	5415
5497	5699	5724	5754	5790	5862	5928	6080
6131	6222	6250	6382	6526	6547	6566	6946
6962	7034	7190	7188	7283	7288	7345	7401
7532	7551	7626	7823	7874	7931	8076	8181
8486	8580	8602	8908	8938	8991	9004	9101
9209	9425	9466	9655	9779	9804	9859	9924
10008	10022	10157	10354	10362	10381	10393	10396
10548	10589	10616	10784	10767	10776	10854	11015
11157	11161	11203	11301	11321	11380	11544	11770
11782	11869	11908	11918	11946	11987	12066	12077
12081	12283	12404	12495	12613	12838	12885	13019
13072	13094	13102	13165	13280	13541	13617	13661
13742	14032	14042	14134	14142	14172	14204	14214
14309	14384	14409	14433	14519	14818	14851	14854
14859	14896	15025	15043	15302	15321	15323	15356
15358	15369	15382	15426	15435	15469	15545	15782
15989	15961	16049	16089	16097	16218	16253	16271
16343	16404	16423	16505	16651	16788	16916	16937
17178	17263	17315	17351	17366	17494	17832	17908
18164	18196	18252	18346	18400	18454	18477	18503
18823	18829	18854	18906	19104	19225	19242	19266
19643	19879	19891	19937				

The above bonds will be paid upon presentation on and after August 1st, 1914, with all unmatured coupons attached, at the office of the Trustee, FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY, 325 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; August, 1914, coupons payable in New York.
INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY.
R. G. PHILIPS, Treasurer.
FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY.
June 15, 1914. R. ELLIS, President.

BINGHAM AND GARFIELD RAILWAY COMPANY,
25 Broad Street, New York.
FIRST MORTGAGE CONVERTIBLE GOLD BONDS.
Notice is hereby given that under the terms of the mortgage deed of trust to Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee, dated July 1, 1910, securing the First Mortgage Convertible Gold Bonds of Bingham and Garfield Railway Company, THE RIGHT TO EXCHANGE SAID BONDS FOR STOCK OF UTAH COPPER COMPANY WILL EXPIRE ON JULY 1ST, 1914. The basis of exchange is par for the bonds and $50 per share for the stock.
Bondholders desiring to make the exchange should send their bonds with all coupons maturing subsequent to July 1st, 1914, attached to Mr. D. A. Crockett, Transfer Agent, Utah Copper Company, 165 Broadway, New York, who will effect the exchange and forward the equivalent Utah Copper stock.
BINGHAM AND GARFIELD RAILWAY COMPANY.
By C. M. MacNEILL, President.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned has made application for the renewal of Certificate No. 3855 for 1 share of stock of The Northern Central Railway Company, issued to Anna M. Runkle and dated the 1st day of January, 1907, the same having been lost or destroyed.
ANNA M. RUNKLE,
M. ARLENA SUTTER.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Recover Briskly on Relatively Little Trading--Prospect of Business Improvement.

Prices on the Stock Exchange yesterday closed at practically the highest figures of the session after a vigorous advance, which reflected relief after the unsettling news of the previous day. The limits of the unfortunate situation which resulted in the Claflin receivership were more clearly defined yesterday, and this did away with apprehensions of the previous day which were the outgrowth of uncertainty as to just how far the Claflin troubles might extend. The strength of the market was a practical reflection of the fact that other matters than prevailing business conditions have to be cited in explanation of this receivership. Normal conditions were not yet restored in the commercial paper market, but business was again being done, and at rates which reflected a high degree of confidence in the business situation as a whole. Not the least noteworthy phase of the stock market was the fact that the improvement in prices was brought about on relatively light trading, which suggested that speculative sales accounted for the greater part of the weakness which was shown on Thursday.

Confident as the financial community is of the soundness of the business situation as a whole, few, if any, were found to agree with the latest forecast from Washington regarding the business outlook. The promise of a gigantic boom, even if that were regarded as desirable, seemed based on too slight foundation to arouse friendly interest in the Washington view of the nearby business future. No one need regret, however, that facts are lacking upon which to base any confident forecast that this country will very soon be establishing new high records in business activity. It is enough that circumstances seem to favor recovery from present slackness, which in some industrial quarters amounts to depression, and such a change for the better can be hoped for in all reasonableness. Unless great disappointment comes later in the season we shall harvest crops so bountiful that the mere handling and marketing of them will add largely to the volume of commercial movements. That would mean improvement in railroad earnings and increased profits in other directions just as the production of such wealth from the soil would in itself serve to strengthen the situation as a whole.

Today's bank statement will reflect not only the loss of the gold shipped this week, but also the early preparations for the heavy July 1 requirements. That being so, the fact that call money did not yesterday go even as high as 2 per cent. offers striking testimony of the present abundance of money. It is clear that borrpwers have no lack of supply of money to contend with. Another $1,000,000 gold was taken for export, but demand sterling lost further ground. The indications are becoming more pronounced that the gold movement is practically at an end. The further widening of the margin between demand and cable transfers and the urgency which this suggested in the demand for European funds available before July 1 support the inference that, with the turn of the half-year, exchange will move further in our favor. The return to committee of the Stock Exchange bill reported to the Senate on Thursday caused much satisfaction on the Stock Exchange. This move was regarded as still further lessening the chances of this legislation being put through at the present session.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l
On call	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞	1⅞
A year ago	2½	1½	2	2
Since Jan. 1	10	1½	..	..
Same period 1913	7	2	..	..

	60 Days.	4 Mos.	6 Mos.
On time	2¼@2⅜	2¾@3¼	3¼@3½
Commercial paper	3@3½	Mos.	6 Mos.
Highest grade names	3¾@4¼		4@4½

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$278,803,283	$12,761,767
Sub-Treasury credit balance		1,227,875
Banks lost this week		19,057,000

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on
London	2½@2¾	1½@1¾	..
Paris	2¾	..	25f 19c
Berlin	2½@3½	2	20m 50 pf.

Foreign Exchange.
The range for demand sterling was:

	High.	Low.	Last.
Yesterday	$4.88	$4.8775	$4.88
A year ago	4.8675	4.8670	4.8670
Since Jan. 1	4.8910	4.8535	....
Same period 1913	4.8790	4.8570	....

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.88	$4.8880
Paris	5.16¼+3-64	5.15⅝+3-64
Berlin	95 3-16	95 5-16
Switzerland	5.16¼+3-64	5.16¼+3-64
Holland	40.22	40.27
Belgium	5.19⅝	5.18¾

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.85¾	$4.84⅞
Paris	5.18⅝	5.18⅝-1-16
Berlin	94⅞	95⅛

Bankers' Commercial Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.85¼	$4.84⅜
Paris	5.19⅜	5.20-1-16
Berlin	94 11-16	94¼
Amsterdam	40.00	39.89

Domestic Rates.
Rates on New York were:

St. Louis	.25c	Montreal	.62½c
Chicago	.5c	San Francisco	.35c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	.50c

*Discount.

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 26⅝d., up ⅛-16d.; New York, 56⅝c., up ⅜c.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.06	Mexican	.41
Alpha Con	.01	Occidental Con	.70
Andes	.01	Ophir	.13
Belcher	.29	Overman	.22
Caledonia	.42	Potosi	.01
Challar	.03	Savage	.05
Con. Cal. & Va	.13	Seg. Belcher	.06
Crown Point	.18	Sierra Nevada	.08
Hale & Norcross	.03	Union Con	.11
Justice	.02	Utah Con	.37
Kentucky Con	.02		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	6.70	C. O. D.	.06
Jim Butler	.96	Comb. Fraction	.05
MoNamara	.01	D'field Daisy	.04
Midway	.19	D'field Bl. Jack	.01
Mispah Exten	.23	Florence	.42
Montana	.72	G'field Con. M	1.87½
North Star	.26	G'field Merger	.06
Rescue Eula	.11	Jumbo Exten	.21
Tonopah Exten	2.35	Lone Star	.01
Tonopah Merger	.89	Silver Pick	.07
West End	.70	Vernal	.04
		Nevada Hills	.89
GOLDFIELD.		Round Mountain	.35
Atlanta	.14	MANHATTAN.	
Booth	.04	Manhattan Con	.05

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot	5¼	6	Jackpot	5	6
Elkton	45¼	46	McKinney	53	55
El Paso	.139	160	Old Gold	1¾	2⅛
Findley	.003	2	Portland	11.00¼	11.75
Gold Del	2¼	4	Vindicator	108¼	109
Isabella	11	11¼	R. B. H.	2¾	4

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co. took $1,000,000 in gold bars from the Sub-Treasury yesterday for shipment to Paris.

W. C. Harper has been appointed manager of the bond department of J. K. Rice, Jr., & Co.

Gross earnings of the Lehigh Valley Transit Company in May were $170,750, a gain over the same month last year of $28,068. The surplus of $36,379 left after charges and taxes were met showed an increase of $8,207.

The United Cigar Stores Company of New Jersey declared a dividend of 58 per cent. yesterday. The company has a capital of $900,000, all of which is owned by the United Cigar Stores Company of America.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Hopeful for Rock Island Plan.

Although complaints against the proposed plan for reorganizing the Rock Island system are said to have come from important holders of the collateral bonds, no opposition has been voiced directly to the two committees, and they are confident that the drastic cutting away of useless securities will be approved. Three of the five members of the Illinois Commission have given the plan their informal approval, but the commission as a body will not act until the proposals are submitted in their final form. Accordingly, the plan will be submitted to security holders at once, after which the revised draft will be sent to the commission. The underwriting is proving an easier matter than was expected, so much so that one of the bankers said that the syndicate was forming itself, and not waiting for invitations.

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Railway Official Encouraged.

President H. U. Mudge of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway said yesterday while in New York for a few hours that the railway's earnings for the fiscal year soon to close would be within 5 per cent. of last year's, and that he expected July to show an improvement over the corresponding month of 1913. If the railway has a big season it should be easier to persuade bond and stock holders of the wisdom of subscribing to the new preferred stock. Mr. Mudge said that the United States had never seen such a wheat crop as the one in sight. "The Winter wheat crop is made and half harvested," he says. "In Kansas alone the lowest estimates are for 135,000,000 bushels, and 100,000,000 would establish a record. The first shipments of wheat will probably be from the Southwest to the Gulf for export. This will be the first time in five or six years that there has been any extensive movement of wheat for export. Corn is looking fine, but it is too early to bank on that crop. Spring wheat and oats are doing well.

***

Check United Dry Goods Slump.

There were indications on the Stock Exchange yesterday that the sudden slump in the United Dry Goods shares had been checked. A rumor credited by the traders had it that buying orders had come from a big banking firm, and that with this house standing under the issue it was due for a rally. At any event, after dropping easily from 64¼ to 53, at which figure it had a loss of 12 points from the close on Thursday, United Dry Goods preferred recovered to 60 yesterday, and closed at that price with a net loss of 5 points. From the closing price of last week there has been a drop of 37¾. There were no sales in the common stock, but the morning quotation of 8 bid 50 asked had improved at the close to 10 bid and 50 asked. At Thursday's close it was 50 asked with no bids.

***

Cheer for the Brokers.

Stock Exchange members switched their attention from matters immediately connected with the market yesterday afternoon to developments in Washington. As soon as word came that the Owen bill to control Stock Exchanges was being discussed on the floor of the Senate the brokers clustered thick about the news tickers. The drift of the brief dispatches showed that there was plenty of opposition to Senator Owen's action in having the bill reported and the brokers rejoiced. Their feelings approached jubilation when, after a brief period of suspense, the words came, "Senate votes to recommit the Owen bill to the Committee on Banking and Currency." The members who were especially prominent in giving the opinion of the Stock Exchange at the hearings on the bill felt that this brief message repaid them in large part for their work.

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When Railroads Economize.

In the office of one railroad company which has carried its campaign of economy and efficiency to extreme lengths these warm June days are not liked. Electric fans that imparted some comfort to the hot spells last year are standing idle this Summer, while the dust settles on them thickly. A visitor expressed wonder yesterday that a fan over the desk of an officer was not scattering the waves of heat. "Electric current costs money," this officer observed, "and we are trying to save money."

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Mercantile Bills.

Representatives of Western firms said yesterday that they had been informed that a fair amount of activity in commercial paper was noticeable in Chicago, St. Louis, and other centres, with the tendency toward an increase of the flow, as it was demonstrated that no further complications in the dry goods situation were imminent.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 26.—Incorporated today:

North Atlantic Oyster Farms, Northport; $1,300,000; W. K. Dupre, Jr., R. Bennett, Jr., P. W. Russell, 14 Wall St., NYC.

Charles Froeb & Sons, distillery, brewery; $300,000; H. C. and C. Froeb, Jr., 671 Lafayette Av., Bklyn.

Beverly Land Co., realty; $150,000; M. Wilson, W. and J. Mackenzie, 607 Lafayette Av., Bklyn.

E. G. Webster & Son, silver and plated ware; $300,000; W. Mischler, R. H. Stevenson, J. C. Grier, 126 Greene St., Bklyn.

Minwax Co., waterproofing, bituminous materials, contracting; $100,000; L. Compton, A. B. and R. W. Harrison, 481 Riverside Drive.

Riverhead Development Co., realty; $50,000; F. P. Cox, B. and C. A. Holterline, 238 Bway.

Hill Medicine Co., Manhattan; $50,000; D. C. Britt, E. J. Curley, W. B. Curtis, 17 E. 11 St.

New York Wyoming Development Corpn., oils, gas, artesian wells; $35,000; M. J. Bach, A. A. and W. N. Kahn, 170 Bway.

Ward & Westerman Engineering Corpn., sprinkler, sash handling plants, civil engineering; $25,000; P. O. Keefe, B. M. Westerman, M. Wesley Ward, 1,877 Morris Av.

James C. Stoops, Inc., auto manufacturing; $15,000; L. C. Goetting, J. M. Palmer, J. C. Stoops, 345 W. 35 St.

Meyer Arnemann Co., delicatessen, grocery; $15,000; J. L. Arnemann, A. Meyer, F. H. Schumacher, 518 Sterling Pl., Bklyn.

Bed Head & Poultry Market, $5,000; Dicran Sunsarian, Philip Mazor, F. Streimer, 501 W. 168 St.

Wyker Mfg. Co., Salina, willow ware, $5,000; F., M. C. and A. H. Wyker, Liverpool.

Nelson Restaurant Co., $5,000; G. S. Titimalo, R. Portinard, C. Sanatoromita, 188 Thompson St.

Western Tire Co. of America, $5,000; F. H. Cross, J. Jacobs, L. W. Lissberger, Wellington Hotel.

Frances Weist Co., women's apparel, $5,000; A. Aberoch, Misig Kriesman, A. Moskowitz, 363 Wyona Av., B'klyn.

L. & H. Stern, pipe, mercantile, $50,000; R. Zeichner, H. Stern, Ludwig Stern, 106 Morningside Drive.

Federal Service, vehicles, $5,000; A. C. Weickert, R. A. Barriscale, G. A. Abel, 658 Crotona Park So.

American Highway Advertisers, Buffalo, $10,000; A. E. Dyment, G. W. Miller, R. E. Babcock.

Ariston Pearl Co., buttons, $5,000; M. H. Behrman, E. and L. S. Hirshfield, 74 W. 32 St.

Burnol Fuel Corp'n, Manhattan, hydrocarbons, products, $10,000; E. M. Stevens, T. A. Ennis, F. Colety, 107 W. 75 St.

Standard Soil Fertility Co., of America, Manhattan, $5,000; R. Kirby, H. M. Ward, P. W. Sothman, 17 Battery Pl.

Capital Increase.—Southampton Water Works Co., Southampton, $75,000 to $125,000.

Voluntary Dissolutions.—Asa W. Lafrance Fire Engine Co., Elmira; B. M. Brank & Co., N. Y.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, June 26.—Charters filed:

Javas Bread Co., Inc., Newark, $25,000; John and Nicholas Kafalas, Peter Javas.

Astors Lunch Co., Newark, $100,000; Edward M. Minton, Thomas F. O'Grady, Howard Isbermood, Newark.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Except in a Few Instances, Prices Recover, but Trading Falls Off.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 40,902 shares of stock and $64,300 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 7,585; oils, 1,979, and mining, 31,428. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
600	Am. Tob.	21⅜	21⅜	21⅛	21⅛
1,200	A. T., new	21⅜	21⅜	21⅛	21⅛
10	Kelly S. Tire	57	57	57	57
350	Max. Motors	13¼	14	13¼	14
50	M. M. 1st pf.	40	40¼	40	40½
250	M. M. 2d pf.	16⅝	17⅛	16⅝	17⅜
50	Pneb. S. & R.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,200	Riker & H.	8½	8⅝	8½	8⅝
1,400	Steel G., w. i.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅛	6¼
1,000	U. S. S. Co.	85⅝	87	85⅛	87
550	U. P. S. Corp.	4⅜	5	4⅜	5
25	Willys Ov'l'd.	79	79	79	79
900	World Film	4⅞	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
200	Anglo-Am. Oil	16¼	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
16	Atlantic Ref.	578	575	578	+ 6
120	Buckeye P. L.	138	136	136	— 2½
25	Continental	210	213	213	+ 1
50	Cumber. P. L.	54	54	54	— 1½
17	Eureka P. L.	263	258	263	+ 7
25	Indiana P. L.	129	128	128	..
60	National Trans.	38½	38½	38½	..
30	N. Y. Transit.	271	268	268	— 4
25	Northern P. L.	105	104¼	104¾	— ¾
310	Ohio Oil	173½	170	173	+ 4
20	Pierce Oil	78	77	77	+ 1
127	P. O. & G.	432	420	428	+ 2
3	Southern P. L.	220	220	220	..
25	S. W. P. P. L.	148	148	148	— 3
35	South P. O.	277	272	277	+ 4
225	S. O. of Cal.	308	305	309	+ 4
38	S. O. of Ind.	455	449	455	+ 5
5	S. O. of Kan.	408	408	408	+ 1
8	S. O. of Neb.	350	350	350	—18
130	S. O. of N. J.	403	399	402	+ 6
335	S. O. of N. Y.	209	206	208	+ 2
26	Union T. L.	84	83	84	+ 1
121	Vacuum Oil	217	215	217	..

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
118	Con. Gas rts.	1 11-16	3 11-16	3 11-16	3 11-16
500	R. I., new, w. i.	39¼	39⅝	39⅜	39
300	R. I. pf., new, w. i.	86	86	85⅝	85⅝
6,800	R. I. rights	3⅝	3⅝	3½	3½
900	U. Pac. rts.	25⅛	25⅛	25¼	25⅛

MINING STOCKS.

200	*Atlanta	14½	14½	14½	14½
340	Boston Mont.	9⅞	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛
100	Braden Cop.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
75	Buf. Mines	1	1	⅞	⅞
200	B. & N. Y. Cop.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
6,300	*C. Gold Sil.	9	9	8½	9
300	Canada Cop.	2	2	2	2
1,000	*C. O. D. Con.	3	3	3	3
1,400	Con. Ariz. S.	½	½	½	½
100	Cop. M. Cons.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
1,800	Crown Res.	1 1-32	1 1-32	1 1-32	1 1-32
50	E. Paso, new	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
2,500	*Florence	41	41	40	41
50	Goldf'd Con.	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16
175	Gr.-Cananea	30½	31½	30	31½
1,493	*Greenwater	6	6	5½	5½
700	Iron Blossom	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
2,000	*Int. Mines	28	28	28	28
400	Ker. Lake	4 15-16	5¼	4 15-16	5¼
2,000	La R. Cons.	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 5-16	1 5-16
200	*McK.-Dar	65	67	65	67
300	*Man. B. F.	4	4	4	4
1,000	M. & C. Lpf.	1½	1½	1½	1½
795	Nip. Mines	6⅜	6½	6⅜	6½
2,000	*Oro	9	9	8½	8½
100	Pac. Smelt.	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
500	Rst. L.	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16
200	Stewart	1 1-16	1¼	1 1-16	1¼
1,750	Ton. Exten.	2⅝	2 13-16	2 5-16	2⅝
1,000	*Ton. Jim B.	98	98	97	97
2,000	*Ton. Merger	41	41	40	41
100	Ton. Mining	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
100	Ton. of Nev.	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
200	*Ton. R. Eula	12	12	12	12
1,200	West. E. Con.	71	71	70	71

BONDS.

$300	C. C. C. & St. L.	2	2	2	2
$4,000	Can. 6% notes	104	104¼	103⅞	103⅞
$9,000	C. Gas cv. 6s	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞

*Sells cents per share. †Ex dividend.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
Amal. Cop.	5	Mar. 15, '15	100¼	100½	4.20
Am. Locomo.	5	July, 1915	100	100⅜	4.60
Am. T. & T. sub.	5	Apr., 1916	99⅝	100¼	4.92
Austrn Ore	4½	June, 1915	100¼	100⅜	4.05
Balt. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1915	99⅞	100¼	4.85
Beth. Steel.	5	June 11, '15	99⅛	99⅞	5.12
F'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	99⅜	99⅞	5.05
Can. Pacific	4	Dec. 24	103⅛	104⅛	5.45
Ches. & Ohio.	5	June, 1919	94⅝	95	6.10
Chi. & W. Ind.	5	Sept., 1915	99⅝	100	5.00
Chi. Elev	5	July, 1914	99⅞	100	5.00
C. P. (Minn.)	6	May, 1917	99¼	99⅝	6.35
Cub. Ry. & I.	5	July, 1915	98⅞	99⅛	5.50
Erie	5½	April, 1917	98⅞	99½	5.80
Erie	5	Oct., 1914	100¼	100⅜	3.00
Erie	5	April, 1915	99¾	100	5.00
Fed. Sugar	5	Nov. 1, '14	98	100	5.00
Gen. Motor	6	Oct., 1915	100⅞	101¼	4.75
Gen. Rubber.	4½	July, 1915	97⅞	98½	6.00
Har. R. & Port.	5	May, 1915	98½	98⅝	6.30
Hock. Val.	5	Nov., 1914	100¼	100⅜	3.50
Ill. Central.	4½	July, 1914	100	100⅛	1.00
Int. & Gt. Nor.	5	Aug., 1914	88	92	75.00
Int. Harv.	5	Feb. 15, '15	100¼	100⅜	4.40
Lack. Steel.	5	Mar., 1915	97	98	6.85
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar. 2, '15	100	100¼	3.95
Minn. G. El.	6	June, 1917	99	99¾	6.10
Minn. & St. L.	6	Feb., 1916	90	93	7.70
Mo., K. & T.	5	May, 1915	89	93	12.25
Mo. Pacific.	6	June, 1915	91	94	12.00
Montr. T. & F.	6	April, 1915	99¾	100½	5.40
N. E. Nav.	6	May, 1917	98¾	99¾	6.20
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep. 15, '14	100¼	100⅜	2.50
N. Y. Cent.	6	Nov. 1, '14	100¼	100⅜	3.25
N. Y. Cent.	4½	May, 1915	100½	100⅝	3.95
N. Y., N. H. & H.	5	May, 1915	98¼	98⅜	6.30
Nor. Pacific.	6	July 9, '14	100	100⅛	1.50
Pac. G. & E.	5	Mar. 28, '15	99⅝	99⅞	5.20
Pub. S. Corp. N J	5	Mar., 1916	99	99⅝	5.30
Seab'd A. L.	5	Mar., 1916	99¾	100¼	4.95
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	99¾	99⅝	5.10
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	99¾	99⅝	5.40
St's of Tenn.	5	July, 1914	100	100⅛	1.25
Sulsberger	6	June, 1916	99¾	100¼	5.75
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	98	98½	5.40
Union Typw'r	5	Jan. 15, '16	98	100	5.15
United Fruit.	6	May, 1917	101	101⅜	5.20
United Fruit.	5	May, 1918	98¼	98⅝	5.35
Utah Co.	6	April, 1917	100	101	5.80
Westingh	6	Aug., 1915	102	102⅜	4.00
Western U.	5	July, 1935	89	90	5.90
West. Power.	6	July, 1915	98½	100	6.00

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

Atlantic C. Line.	4	1914-'21	4	@4⅛	4.60
Balt. & Ohio.	4	1914-'23	4⅛	4.45	4.40
Buf., Roch. & P.	5	1914-'20	4½	@5	4.50
Ches. & Ohio.	5	1914-'17	4		4.60
Chi. & N. W.	5	1914-'17	4½		4.50
Chicago, Ind. & L.	5	1914-'23	4½		4.80
Del. & Hudson.	4	1922	4½		4.80
Erie Railroad	4	1914-'23	4½	@5	4.75
Hocking Valley	5	1914-'23	4	@5	4.80
Illinois Central	4	1914-'23	4½	@5	4.50
Int. Great North.	5	1914-'23	5		6.25
Louis. & Nash.	4	1914-'23	5		5.45
Miss., K. & T.	4	1914-'23	5		5.80
Missouri Pacific.	5	1914-'22	5		6.00
N. Y. Cent. Lines.	4	1914-'28	4½	@5	4.70
Pere Marq.	5	1914-'23	4	@4½	4.50
St. Louis, I. M. S.	5	1914-'24	5		5.00
Seaboard Air Line.	5	1914-'23	5		4.75
Southern Railway.	5	1914-'24	4½	@5	4.75
Southern Pacific.	4	1914-'23	4½		4.60
Virginia Ry.	5	1914-'19	5		5.00
Wabash	5	1914-'21	5		6.50

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Friday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	16¼	16⅜	16	16⅛
Atlantic Refining	575	585	570	580
Borne-Scrymser	230	300	300	310
Buckeye Pipe Line	136	139	136	139
Chesebrough Mfg	650	660	650	660

SUE THE ROCK ISLAND ON KEOKUK LEASE

Preferred Stockholders Ask $5,000,000 Damages and an Accounting.

SAY TRAFFIC IS DIVERTED

Mrs. Hetty Green, Whose Father Drew Lease in 1878, Owns Stock, but Is Not a Party in Action.

A suit to recover more than $5,000,000 in damages from the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company was begun yesterday in the Supreme Court of New York by James J. Franc, a lawyer of 30 Broad Street, on behalf of New York holders of preferred stock in the Keokuk & Des Moines Railway Company, which is operated under lease and controlled by the Rock Island. In the plaintiffs' brief allegations of gross mismanagement of the leased line, neglect, willful diversion of traffic from the Keokuk to other lines owned outright by the Rock Island, and utter disregard of the terms of the lease are made. An accounting for the rentals due under the lease, which was made in 1878, is also asked, together with an accounting of the gross earnings of the Rock Island through its operation of the Keokuk.

The suit was instituted by Henry L., Herbert H., Henry L., and Josiah H. Clark, members of the firm of Henry I. Clark & Co., stock brokers, of 66 Broadway, and Abraham Sartorius and Samuel Einstein, of the firm of Sartorius & Einstein, 20 Broad Street, who, it is said, own among them about 4,000 shares of the Keokuk preferred stock, and represent owners of another 1,000 shares, putting them in control of the majority of the stock not owned by the Rock Island. The defendants are called on to file their answer within twenty days.

The complainants allege that although the population and wealth in that section of Iowa through which the Keokuk runs have increased 300 per cent since the lease began, the income from the railroad is no greater than it was in 1878, and that the Rock Island, finding the territory a rich field for railroading, built the St. Paul & Kansas City Short Line as a competing railroad to divert traffic from the Keokuk. In building the new road, they continue, the Rock Island transported ties, rails, and other building materials over the Keokuk lines without crediting the Keokuk with any sum for the freight-age. It is further alleged that at the time the lease began, the Keokuk had the most advantageous location in the city of Keokuk, and that the Rock Island has permitted the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company, which it is said to have a controlling interest, to acquire the superior strategic position in the city at the expense of the Keokuk. Part of the real estate for the improvement of the Burlington's position, it is alleged, belonged to the Keokuk and was given to the competing line. The damage in this particular instance is estimated at $1,300,000, though it is stated that, until an accounting is had, the damage can not be arrived at conclusively.

In this connection it is stated that, due to the construction of a dam across the Mississippi at Keokuk, "said City of Keokuk is destined to become a manufacturing city of great and commanding importance." The complaint recites that the freight used in building the dam should logically have been transferred over the Keokuk line, but was diverted to another line. In all, thirteen causes of action are named in the complaint.

One of the most important of the causes of action is based on the charge that, instead of crediting the Keokuk with 25 per cent. of the gross earnings derived from the use of its property, as called for in the lease, the lessee, or Rock Island, credited the lessor with only 25 per cent. of the net earnings, making the lessor bear part of the expense of maintenance, upkeep, and operation of the road in violation of the agreement.

In the case of the freight business between Des Moines and Peoria and Chicago, and all points east and south of Chicago, the Keokuk stockholders were to receive 45 per cent. of 33 1-3 per cent. of the gross earnings of both their own and the Rock Island's roads, according to the agreement. The Rock Island, it is alleged, got around this section by constructing freight depots and yards at Valley Junction, near Des Moines, and has since failed to credit the Keokuk with any of the freightage leaving these yards or coming to them. The Keokuk stockholders hold that Valley Junction is only a suburb of Des Moines and should be included in the terms of the lease.

One item in the list of damages asked is based on the alleged use of eleven miles of the Keokuk between Altoona and Keokuk as part of the Rock Island's main line without the payment to the Keokuk of any part of the large earnings of this section of its road.

Mr. Franc, attorney for the plaintiffs, said yesterday that the lease, as drawn, was a favorable one for the stockholders of the Keokuk, but he said it had been accepted by both sides and should have been lived up to. He said the Keokuk was formerly owned by Mrs. Hetty Green's father and that it was he who had the lease drawn up. Mrs. Green owns part of the stock of the road at present, he said.

Due to the fact that the Rock Island had completed control of the road, he said, Directors of the Keokuk who were dominated by the Rock Island Directors had been elected and would not sue for the stockholders' rights. The holders of preferred stock in the Keokuk, he said, were supposed to receive 8 per cent. per annum on their investment, but, since the line was first operated by the Rock Island, the usual interest received by the preferred stockholders had been about 1¾ per cent., except in the past two years, when he said it was increased to a little over 3 per cent., because of the fact that there was considerable talk of beginning a suit against the company. At no time, he said, had the holders of common stock received dividends under the lease. Had the railroad been managed properly and in accordance with the lease, Mr. Franc said, it would have been easy to declare the annual dividend of 8 per cent. on the preferred stock and a handsome dividend on the common stock as well.

As one instance of the lack of interest the Rock Island had taken in maintaining the standard of the Keokuk, he said that on one section of the line only one passenger train was run each Sunday, and that one in the opposite direction from the logical route for securing revenue. Railroad engineers report, he said, that over the whole Keokuk system the average number of cars operated daily is less than one car a mile of trackage, and that on the lines owned outright by the Rock Island an average of five cars a mile a day are operated. The total rental under the lease had the road been properly managed, he said, should have amounted to about $2,500,000 a year, while the Rock Island credited the road with only about $650,000 per year.

HELD FOR HIDING ASSETS.

Bankrupts Said to Have Got Away with $35,000 Worth of Goods.

Louis Novick and Israel Novick of the bankrupt firm of I. Novick & Co., cloaks and suits of 133 West Twenty-third Street, and Edward Reich were sent to the Tombs yesterday by Commissioner Houghton on the charge of conspiring to conceal assets.

The firm became bankrupt on June 25 with $25,000 liabilities, and it is alleged that from April 1 to June 25 the defendants hid about $35,000 worth of goods.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JUNE 26, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales June 26, 1914	283,227
Same day last year	135,521
Total year to date	37,700,368
Same period last year	45,751,633
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net changes	67.48 +.56
Same day last year	66.42 —.35

	High.		Low.	
This year's range	73.30	Jan. 31	65.24	Apr. 25
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
26¾	26⅞	900	Alaska Gold Mines	26⅝	27	26⅝	27	+ ⅜
68	68½	30,350	Amalgamated Cop	67¾	68½	66⅞	68	+1
25⅜	25½	300	Am. Beet Sugar	25¼	25⅝	25¼	25⅝	+1⅛
26¼	26½	2,300	Am. Can	25¼	26⅝	25¼	26⅝	+1⅛
50½	51¼	1,000	Am. Car & Fdry	49⅞	50⅝	49⅞	50⅝	+1⅛
62¼	63⅛	100	Am. Cities pf	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛	— ⅛
40	42	100	Am. Cotton Oil	40	40	40	40	+ ½
100½	104	100	Am. Express	101	101	101	101	+ ½
30	30⅝	1,000	Am. Ice Securities	29⅞	30⅝	29⅞	30⅝	+⅝
9	9¼	30	Am. Linseed	9	9	9	9	...
62	62¾	300	Am. Smelt. & Ref	61⅝	61¼	61⅜	61½	+ ⅜
101⅝	102	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	+ ⅛
29½	30¼	100	Am. Steel Fdries	30	30	30	30¼	— ¼
106	106¾	400	Am. Sugar Refining	104½	106¼	104¼	106¼	+2⅛
121⅜	122½	200	Am. Teleph. & Tel	122	122	122	122	+1
227½	228¼	100	Am. Tobacco	227¾	227¾	227¾	227¾	+1¾
106½	106⅝	100	Am. Tob. pf., new	107	107	107	107	...
13	15½	200	Am. Woolen	13	13	13	13	...
30¾	30⅞	1,400	Anaconda Cop. Co	30⅝	30⅞	30⅝	30⅞	+ ⅛
97⅝	97⅞	1,800	Atch., Top. & S. F	96½	97⅝	96¼	97⅝	+1⅜
101¼	101⅝	310	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	101½	101½	101½	101½	+ ¾
118	119¼	100	Atlantic Coast Line	119	119	119	119	— ¼
89	89½	2,100	Baltimore & Ohio	88¼	89¼	88¼	89¼	+ ¼
80½	81⅝	100	Baltimore & O. pf	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	— ⅛
41¼	43	1,200	Bethlehem Steel	40¾	41⅜	40¾	41⅜	+1½
89½	90⅛	2,200	Bklyn Rapid Tran	89¼	90	89¼	90	— ⅛
188½	191¼	800	California Petrol'm	18⅝	19	18⅝	19	+ ⅛
192½	192⅝	2,900	Canadian Pacific	192	192¾	191½	192⅜	+1⅝
35	35¼	2,000	Central Leather Co	35	35⅞	34⅝	35⅝	+ ⅛
101	102	200	Cent. Leather Co pf	101	101	101	101	...
50¼	50½	1,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	50	50⅝	49⅝	50⅝	+ ⅝
14	14⅜	100	Chi. Gt. Western	14	14	14	14	+ ⅛
37⅞	38¼	2,900	Chi. Gt. West. pf	37	38	36⅝	38	+1¼
98	98¼	2,300	Chi., Mil. & St. P	98	98½	97¼	98	+1
128½	131⅛	100	Chi. & Northwest	131	131	131	131	+2½
40	40¼	2,100	Chino Copper	39⅞	40¼	39⅞	39⅞	+ ⅛
37½	39⅞	250	Continental Can	37½	37⅝	37½	37⅝	— ⅛
88	91	200	Continental Can pf	85½	86½	85½	86½	+1½
64	64	600	Corn Products Ref	8	8⅝	8	8⅝	...
146	147½	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	63	63	63	63	...
399	406	1,250	Delaware & Hudson	146⅞	147¾	145¾	147¾	+ ⅛
10⅜	11	580	Del., Lack. & West	400	400	400	400	+1
14	15¼	100	Den. & Rio Grande	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅛
28⅛	28¾	400	Distillers' Securities	13⅞	14	13⅞	14	...
42	42¾	2,925	Erie	27⅞	28⅛	27⅝	28⅛	+ ⅛
146¾	148	200	Erie 1st pf	42	42¼	42	42¼	+ ⅛
90	92	250	General Electric	146	146⅝	146	146⅞	+ ⅛
92¼	95	1,400	General Motors	90	92	90	92	+2
23⅛	24	100	General Motors pf	92¼	92½	92¼	92½	— ½
86¼	87¾	400	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	22	23⅛	23	23⅛	+ ⅛
122⅝	122⅞	200	Goodrich pf	87¼	87¼	86¼	86¼	-2
31⅜	31⅝	2,325	Great Northern pf	121¾	122¾	121¾	122¾	+1⅝
52½	52¾	1,200	G. N. certs.ore prop	30½	31⅜	30½	31⅜	+2⅛
112	114	700	Guggenheim Explor	52	52⅝	52	52¼	+1⅛
16¾	16⅞	300	Illinois Central	112¼	112½	112¼	112¼	— ⅛
13⅞	14⅛	400	Inspiration Copper	17	17	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
61⅝	61¾	100	Inter.-Met. v. tr. ctfs	14	14	14	14	...
104⅞	105	1,900	Inter.-Met. pf	61¼	61⅝	61	61⅜	+ ⅛
102	103	300	Int. Harvester, N. J	104⅛	104⅛	104	104	...
7¾	8	200	Int. Harvester Corp	102	102	102	102	—⅛
3	4	100	Int. Paper	8	8	8	8	...
26½	27	100	Int. Steam Pump	4	4	4	4	...
60⅜	61½	100	Kan. City Southern	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼	+ ¼
89	91	200	Kan. City South. pf	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾	— ⅝
134⅜	134½	18,500	Kayser (J.) & Co	90	90	89¾	89¾	+ ¼
30	32	500	Lehigh Valley x d	134¾	135	133⅝	134½	+ ¼
136	137¼	200	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	30¼	30¼	30	30	— ⅛
120½	130¾	740	Louis. & Nash	137	137	137	137	...
56	59	300	Manhattan Elev	130⅛	130⅞	130⅛	130⅝	+ ⅛
10½	12	200	May Dept. Stores	55	57½	55	57½	+1½
58½	59⅜	100	Mer. Marine pf	10¼	10⅜	10¼	10¼	— ¼
21⅞	22	100	Mexican Petroleum	59	59½	59	59½	+⅛
130	132½	170	Miami Copper	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
37¼	38	100	M.-St.P. & S.S.M. pf	130	130	130	130	— ⅛
103⅝	105	3,523	Missouri Pacific	37	37	37	37	— ¼
44¾	47½	100	Nat. Lead Co	16⅜	16½	16⅜	16½	+ ⅛
13⅜	14	100	Nevada Con. Cop	45¼	45¼	45¼	45½	+ ¼
88¼	88⅜	2,800	N. Y. Central	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	...
65	65¼	1,500	N. Y., N. H. & H	88	88⅝	88	88⅝	+1½
22	23½	100	N. Y. Ont. & West	64¼	65	64¼	65	+ ⅝
104½	104⅝	300	Norfolk & Western	23	23	23	23	+ ⅛
71½	72½	100	North American	104½	104½	104¼	104½	...
109½	112	2,000	Northern Pacific	72	72	72	72	—⅜
110	110¼	2,300	Penn. R. R.	108¾	110	108½	110	+1½
119½	120	300	People's Gas, Chi	109⅝	110	109½	110	+ ⅝
71	74	300	Pr. Co., G. & St. L	119	120	119	120	+ ¼
19¼	19¾	400	Pitts. Coal	70	74	70	74	+ ¼
89	100	100	Pitts. Coal pf	19	19¼	19	19⅛	+1
42¼	43	1,870	Pressed Steel Car	88	88	88	88	+1
102¼	102¼	100	Pressed Steel C. pf	42¼	42¼	42	42	...
20⅜	20⅝	2,300	Ray Con. Copper	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	— ⅛
161⅞	162	52,500	Reading	20⅜	20⅝	20⅜	20½	+ ⅛
22¼	23	200	Rep. Iron & Steel	161⅝	162¼	160⅞	162	+1⅛
2	2¼	1,350	Rock Island Co	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼	+ ¼
3⅛	3⅜	112	Rock Island Co. pf	2	2	2	2	...
10	10⅛	100	Rumely, (M.,) Co	10	10¼	3¼	3¼	+ ⅛
18¼	18½	300	Seab. Air Line	10	10	10	10	...
53¼	53½	600	Seab. Air Line pf	18¼	18¼	18	18¼	...
94¾	95	19,575	Southern Pacific	53	53½	52¾	53½	+ ⅝
23½	24¼	1,100	So. Railway ext	93⅞	95½	93⅞	95	+1¾
28⅜	28⅞	100	Studebaker Co	23½	23⅝	23½	23⅝	+ ⅛
82	83	100	Studebaker Co. pf	28	28	28	28	...
32¾	33	400	Tennessee Copper	82	82	82	82	—1
142½	143½	200	Texas Co	32⅞	33	32¾	33	+ ⅝
40	41	300	Third Avenue	144	144	143	143	+ ⅛
102¼	103	300	Twin City, R. T	40½	40½	40½	40½	+ ⅝
73	76	100	Underwood Typew	102	102½	102	102½	+ ½
13¼	14	200	Union B. & P. Co	73¼	73¼	73¼	73¼	...
155	153½	24,730	Union Pacific	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	...
82½	83⅜	230	Union Pacific pf	152½	153⅜	151⅞	153⅛	+1⅝
64	65	965	Un. Dry Goods pf	82¼	82¼	82¼	82¼	+ ¼
32	35	400	United Rys. Inv. pf	64¼	64¼	63	63	—5
30	33	80	U.S.C.I. P. & F. pf	32	32	32	32	...
58	58½	500	U. S. Rubber	30	30¼	30	30¼	+ ½
108¼	108	350	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	57⅝	58¼	57⅝	58¼	+1¼
59⅞	60	49,760	U. S. Steel	102	102	102	102	...
108⅜	109	4,700	U. S. Steel pf	58⅞	60	58⅞	59⅞	+1⅝
57	57¼	100	Utah Copper	109	109	108⅞	108⅞	...
28¼	28⅝	100	Va.-Car. Chemical	56⅝	57¼	56¼	57	+1
96	99	300	Wells-Fargo Exp	28⅛	28⅜	28⅛	28¼	— ⅛
18½	19	100	Western Maryland	94	96	94	96	— ⅛
57	57¼	1,932	Western Union Tel	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
74	76⅜	3,900	Westingh. E. & M	56⅞	57⅛	56⅞	57	+ ⅝
94	95	500	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co	73½	74⅜	73½	73⅞	— ⅛
				93	94¼	93	94¼	+1¼

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96¾	97½
2s, c, 1930	97	97
3s, r, 1918	101¼	102
3s, c, 1918	101¼	102
4s, r, 1925	100½	110½
4s, c, 1925	110	111½
Pan 2s, r, 1936	96¾	

	Bid.	Asked.
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	
Pan 3s, r		
1961	100	102
Pan 3s, c		
1961	100	102

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	98	104
Allis-Chal.	10½	11⅝
Do pf	40	45
Am. Ag. C.	53	54
Do pf	95	98
A B S pf	73½	77
A B S & S Fdy	88½	90½
Do pf	134	136
Am C pf	89½	91
A C & F pf	114	117½
Am Coal	80	100
Am C Pr	83	90
Do pf	105	106
Am Cot Oil pf	93	95
A H & L	20	21
Do pf	26	29
Am Loco	29	31
Do pf	99½	100
Am Malt	5	6¼
Do pf	41	43
A S pf	83	84
Am Snuff	100	107
Do pf	105	108
A S R pf	112	113½
A T & C	50	60
Do pf	73	74
Am Wr Pa pf	10	12
Assets R	10	15
Bald Loco	42¾	46
Do pf	105¾	107¾
Beth S pf	83	88
Brown Sh	35	42
Do pf	84	90
B Un G	123	128
Bruns Ter	6	6¾
B, R & P	100	113½
Do pf	116¼	135
Burk Cr	25	29½
Calif P pf	54	55
Canada So		
ex div	56	..
Case (J.I.) pf	81½	90
C R R of N J	300	320
Cent & S A	105	106½
Chi & Alt	9¼	12
Do pf	13	24⅞
C & E I	50	80
C M & St Paul pf	131	140
C & N W pf	170	182
Chi, St P, M & Om	125	140
Do pf	135	145
C C C & St L	22	40
Do pf	100	101
Clett-P	65	67½
Col F & I	21½	21¾
Do pf	128¼	180
Col & So	22¾	23⅜
Do 1st pf	40	42
Do 2d pf	32	40
Cons Gas	128	129
Crex Carp	60	76
Cub-Am S	30	34
Cuba Cane	3	4
D & Co pf	93¾	94
D & R G pf	17¼	19
D M & Fr	3	4
Do pf	9	11
Det Ed	113¾	114½
Det & Mack	35	40
Do pf	85	91
Det U Ry	71	77
D, S S & A	5	11
Do pf	3	11

	Bid.	Asked.
Du P de N	104	105
Pow pf	84	87
Erie 2d pf	35	37
F M & S	9½	14½
Do pf	32½	36¾
Gen Asp	166	180
Do pf	108¾	110
Hav E Ry	70	79
L & P	70	95
Do pf		93
Helme (G W) Co	153	170
Do pf	108	117
Hock Val	125	
Homest'ke	114	116
Hyper-P	105	
Do pf	92	
Int Agric	6	9
Do pf	20	25
Int H pf	118	
Int P	115	
Int pf	33	33¼
Inter St P	10	15
Do pf	13	19
Iowa Cent	6	7
Do pf	13	
K C, Ft S & M pf		73
Kayser (J) & Co 1st pf	109	114
K & D M	4	8
Do pf	38	
Kresge(SS) Co	92	97
Do pf	102¼	105
Lack Steel	32	34
Lead Gas	94	95
Do pf	90	102
L E & W	5¼	9
Do pf	11	19
Lig & M	214	216½
Do pf	115	118
Long Isl'd	30	36
L-W B 1st pf	105¼	106
Do 2d pf	91	95
Lorill Co	168½	180
Do pf	113	
M'kay Cos	80	80⅞
Do pf	67½	68
M Dep Sts pf	95	100
Mer Mar	2⅝	3
Mex P pf		80½
Mich Cent, ex div	190	
M & St L	12¼	13
Do pf	26	27
Mo P pf	100	
S S M	122½	124
Do 1 l	79	82¼
M K & T	16½	17
M 1st pf	103¾	
M W & P	110	120
Mor & Es	166	170
Mon Pow	49	49½
Do pf	100⅜	101⅜
N C & St L	135	140
Nat B Ex div	123	129
Do pf	125	126⅝
Nat Enam	10½	11¾
Do pf	76	86
Nat L pf	107¼	108½
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	27½	35
Do 2d pf	11	12
N O, M & C pf		93
N Y A R	62	66
N Y, C & St L	36	40
Do 1st pf	92	100
Do 2d pf	65	80
N Y Dock	5	20
Do pf	8	26

	Bid.	Asked.
N Y, L & W	112	120
Norf So	26½	35
N & W pf	85	89½
N O T & Light	63½	64¾
Ont Min	2¼	2⅝
Pabst B pf	95	102
Pac Coast	75	90
Do 1st pf	80	90
Do 2d pf	75	90
Pac Mail	21¾	22
P T & T	23½	25
Do pf	86¼	90¾
Peo & E	8	12
Pett-Mull	12	17
Do 1st pf	62	99
Phelps-D	175	
Philа Co	78	84
Do 6 p c pf	83	90
P, C & St L	80	100
Pitts S pf	85	92
Pub S, ex div	111	
P'man Co	134	155
Quicksilver	1	2
Do pf	1½	2
R R Sec I C pf	84	86
R G M Co pf	100	110
Rumely(M) Co pf	25	25¾
St L & S Fran 1st pf	2½	3
Do 1st pr	7	12
Do 2d pf	4½	6
St L S W	20½	21
Do pf	50	55
Sears-R	180	187
Do pf	121	123
S-S S & I	24	30
Do pf	84½	96

	Bid.	Asked.
So P R S	30	
Do pf	80	100
So Ry	78¼	78¾
Do pf		
Stand Mill	34	37
Do pf	60	64
Texas Pac	14⅜	15⅛
T P L Tr	98	105
T St L & West	7	10
Do pf	12¼	15½
T C R T pf	126¾	
Und Type pf	105¾	113
Un B & P pf	20½	22
Un Cig M	47	47¾
Un Cig M pf	89	93
Un Dr Co	50	60
U Rys In	12	12½
U S C I P	7	9
U S Exp	73	77
U S I A	16	20
Do pf	80	85
U S R & Homest'ke	58	60½
U S R Fd pf	70	87
Vand R R	80	90
Va-Car Ch pf	102	104
Va I C & Coke	40	50
Va R & P	48½	50
Do pf	87½	
Vul Pet	102¾	
Do pf	22½	35
Wabash	⅝	
Do pf	3½	4
W Md pf	33½	39¾
W E & M 1st pf	123	125
Weym-B	215	300
Do pf	112	120
W & L E	3¾	4
Do 1st pr	14	18
Do 2d pf	5	8
Wis Cent	38½	40
W'ghn (F) Co	11	
W) pf	115	115¾

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday and of these two groups of stocks combined with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	77.36	76.66	77.29	+ .53
Industrials	67.77	67.24	67.68	+ .60
COMBINED AVERAGE.				
June 20	69.02	68.82	68.95	+ .13
June 22	69.29	68.84	69.25	+ .27
June 23	69.15	68.75	68.78	+ .27
June 24	68.37	67.67	67.78	-1.00
June 25	67.67	66.82	66.92	— .86
June 26	67.56	66.95	67.45	+ .56

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.	Low.	Last.
June to date	69.64	66.82	67.45
June, 1913	69.29	June 24	67.78
June, 1912	82.79	June 10	66.44
June, 1911	84.43	June 14	71.84
Yr. to date	78.30	Jan. 31	65.25
Year, 1913	78.30	Jan. 9	63.09
Year, 1912	85.52	Sept. 30	75.24
Year, 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Receipts and expenditures:

	June 25.	Month.	Fiscal year.
Customs	$862,663	$20,218,149	$288,793,229
Int. rev. ord.	903,189	20,828,358	301,449,189
Cp. & in.tax	1,791,507	19,698,858	30,256,059
Miscellaneous	410,054	5,975,956	50,557,384
Total rcts	3,968,415	67,123,451	677,086,384
Expend'res	1,704,951	45,177,885	688,342,086
Surplus	2,264,464	21,945,565	
Deficit			16,255,661

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.

Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

URGES ELECTION OF BANK INSURGENTS

A. B. Colvin Says Small Reservists Should Pick Their Own Men for Directors.

POLITICS NOT INVOLVED

Ex-State Treasurer Denies That Men Chosen at Albany Conference Were Suggested by Government.

Addison B. Colvin, ex-State Treasurer and now engaged in the banking business in and around Glens Falls, who was made manager of the campaign for the election of the two candidates chosen at the "insurgent" conference at Albany for Directors of the Federal reserve bank to represent the group of small member banks, has sent a letter to the 150 institutions concerned calling their attention to the fact that the election is soon to be held and urging their support. The candidates are Daniel D. Woodard of Granville and Leslie R. Palmer of Croton-on-Hudson. The "regular" candidates for the places are Franklin D. Locke of Buffalo and William H. Vary of Watertown, Master of the State Grange.

Mr. Colvin, in advocating the representation of the small banks by men drawn from among them or from the smaller towns, draws a distinction between the situation here and that in Canada, where branch banking prevails. "In the organization of this new Federal institution," he says, "whose scope is so far-reaching and whose directors are placed in a position of almost limitless power, we must act with greatest prudence.

"Elsewhere the banks in small places are all branches of the four or five parent institutions whose headquarters are in the larger cities. They have the financial backing, splendid advice, and fund of information as to credits, worth of securities, &c., possessed by the home banks, also their untold millions of assets. Notwithstanding this, a Director of each board is selected here and there from localities where business originates. Not all come from the larger cities.

"This practice, as old as the history of banking, maintains in the country across the border, and no attempt is made to crowd the ruralist, the small trader, and community of limited possibilities into oblivion. If this is a wise provision in a country where the small banks are simply a sub-station of gigantic enterprises at the great money centres, how much more necessary where the small banks have no such moral and financial backing.

"From that viewpoint of safe and sane banking can a Group III. bank refrain from voting for a Class A and Class B Director of its own selection and kind when given the opportunity? In a moment, how can they throw the weight of their influence to a Director, no matter how eminent, highly indorsed, or worthily selected, if he comes from a different environment and is placed in nomination through the manipulation and connivance of men who, at least, have no moneyed interest in Group III. banks?

"The fusillade of ready-made literature with reference to our movement, circulated in every conceivable form by the opponents, has openly charged, among other things, that the National Administration, with three of the most members of the board named by the Government, seeks to control the bank through election of our candidates.

"Possibly we may be regarded as the leader of this campaign for fair recognition and just treatment urged by Group III. bankers. If this be true, and any one who is qualified to know what the facts are as above, we are possessed of such information.

"In this connection we say, in all earnestness, not a word written, telephoned, telegraphed or orally transmitted, bearing upon this subject, has ever passed between the writer and a representative or emissary of the Government. The one exception may be made in the case of

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..4:30|Sun sets..7:34|Moon sets..10:31

THE TIDES.

	High Water.		Low Water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:17	10:33	4:11	4:15
Governors Island	10:29	10:40	4:39	4:40
Hell Gate	12:19	12:30	6:19	6:20

Arrived—Friday, June 26.

SS Aquitania, Liverpool, June 20.
SS Patria, Palermo, June 14.
SS Advance, Colon, June 22.
SS Sigurd, Colon, June 20.
SS Almirante, Colon, June 18.
SS Rolf, Manzanillo, June 11.
SS Van Hogendrop, Jamaica, June 21.
SS El Rio, Galveston, June 20.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville, June 23.
SS Appledore, Lisbon, June 11.
SS Sosua, Jamaica, June 22.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Baltic	Liverpool	June	18
Floride	Havre	June	10
Fawnee	Rotterdam	June	11
Savoie	Havre	June	20
Kaiser Franz Josef I.	Palermo	June	14
Baron Jedburgh	Shields	June	12
Algonquin	Turks Island	June	22
Commewijne	Port of Spain	June	21

DUE TOMORROW.

Campania	Glasgow	June	21
Francisco	Hull	June	11
Jupiter	Rotterdam	June	12
American	Antwerp	June	19
City of Columbus	Savannah	June	25
Regina d'Italia	Naples	June	11

DUE MONDAY.

Dwinsk	Libau	June	16
Minnewaska	Southampton	June	20
Verona	Palermo	June	20
Astoria	Bizerta	June	5
Kroonland	Antwerp	June	20
Germania	Horta	June	21
Allemania	Inagua	June	25
Brazos	San Juan	June	24
Potsdam	Rotterdam	June	20
Bermudian	Bermuda	June	27
Postilion	Naples	June	6
Rauenfels	Rotterdam	June	15
Antilles	New Orleans	June	24
El Siglo	Galveston	June	23

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Imperator, Hamburg	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Florizel, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Vestris, Barbados	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Sigismund, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Colon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, Bremen	———	10:00 A.M.
Caledonia, Glasgow	———	12:00 M.
Zeeland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Calabria, Naples	———	2:00 P.M.
Minneapolis, London	———	10:30 A.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
El Cid, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	———	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Ancon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Irish Monarch, Pernambuco	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TUESDAY.

Hamburg, Gibraltar	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Hermione, Argentina	7:00 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Indian Prince, Bahia	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Rotterdam, Rotterdam	———	1:00 A.M.
Caserta, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Bergenafjord, Bergen	———	2:00 P.M.
Josef, Sagua	———	12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JUNE 26.

SS Baltic, LIverpool to New York, was 365 miles E. at 7:30 A. M.; due 27th, forenoon. White Star Line.
SS Kaiser Franz Josef I., Trieste to New York, was 290 miles E. at noon; due 27th, forenoon. Austro-American Line.
SS Floride, Havre to New York, was 280 miles E. at noon. French Line.
SS Bosnia, Hamburg to New York, was 900 miles E. at noon.
SS Rauenfels, Rotterdam to New York, was 600 miles E. at 5:55 P. M.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Florida, Port Arthur to New York, was 85 miles S. W. of Pan Shoals at noon.
SS Brilliant, New Orleans to New York, was 80 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Antilles, New Orleans to New York, was 106 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS El Siglo, Galveston to New York, was 50 miles N. of Jupiter at 6 P. M.
SS Illinois, Port Arthur to New York, was 100 miles E. of Sand Key at 6 P. M.
SS City of Columbus, Savannah to New York, was 30 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at 7 P. M.
SS Seguranca, Guantanamo to New York, was 50 miles E. of Havana at 7 P. M.
SS Perfection, Sabine to New York, was 116 miles S. at noon.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Olympic, at Plymouth, June 26.
SS New York, at Plymouth, June 26.
SS Highland Watch, at Baltic, June 25.
SS Panorea, at Para, June 25.
SS Saxonia, at Genoa, June 25.
SS Prinzess Irene, at Gibraltar, June 26.
SS Cedric, at Queenstown, June 26.
SS Andrade, at Gibraltar, June 25.
SS Napoli, at Naples, June 21.
SS Taormina, at Naples, June 23.

Sailed.

SS Kronprintzessin Cecilie, from Southampton, June 26.
SS Adriatic, from Queenstown, June 26.
SS Highland Harris, from Buenos Aires, June 25.
SS Sorrington, from Rosario, June 25.
SS Montrose, from Keelung, June 25.
SS Principello, from Rotterdam, June 25.
SS Burgermeister Petersen, from Oxelosund.
SS Loros, from Huelva, June 23.
SS Themistocles, from Patras, June 20.

Passed.

SS Matoppo, for New York from Calcutta, passed Cette June 18.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. July 2, SS St. Louis.
Germany—Close at 5 P. M. July 1, SS Barbarossa, and at 5 P. M. July 6, SS Kronprinz Wilhelm.
France—Close at 5 P. M. July 2, SS St. Louis.
Austria—Close at 1:30 P. M. July 1, SS Ivernia, and at 11:30 A. M. July 4, SS Kaiser Franz Josef I.
Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. July 3, SS Kroonland.
Greece—Close at 10 A. M. July 2, SS Corcovado.
Hungary—Close at 1:30 P. M. July 1, SS Ivernia, and at 9:30 A. M. July 4, SS Carpathia.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. June 29, SS Rotterdam, and at 5 P. M. July 6, SS Potsdam.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. July 1, SS Frederik VIII.
Norway—Close at 10:30 A. M. June 30, SS Bergenafjord, and at 11:30 A. M. July 1, SS Frederik VIII.
Italy—Close at 11:30 A. M. June 30, SS Hamburg, and at 11:30 A. M. July 4, SS Kaiser Franz Josef I.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—China.....June 28
Guam (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport.....July 1
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, and Australia, except West (via San Francisco)—Sonoma.....July 2
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Panama Maru.....July 2
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Manchuria.....July 2
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Ixion..July 3

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, May 27; Yokohama, June 7, and Honolulu, June 10—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer China, were dispatched east on June 25, and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, June 27.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Wellington, May 24; Auckland, May 25; Melbourne, June 3; Sydney, June 6, and Honolulu, June 19—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Sonoma, were dispatched east on June 25, and are due in New York on the morning of Tuesday, June 30.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

BLUMENTHAL, REBECCA S., supplemental report amends distribution of estate.

COX, JENNINGS S., (Oct. 21, 1913;) net estate, $2,030; bank, $697; claim against estate of Jennings S. Cox, Jr., $610; notes, $851.

FASS, LEWIS F. (Apr. 1, 1914;) net estate, $21,036; bank, $15,795; personal, $50; insurance, $5,000; notes, $5,000.

O'SULLIVAN, SUSAN, (May 21, 1913;) net estate, $6,630; bank, $910; personal, $50; stocks and bonds, $5,464; balance of annuity rec'd, $447; bonds, $2,000 Evansville & Terre Haute Ry. Co.; $3,000 Western N. Y. & Penna. R. R. Co.; $1,000 Duluth, Sou. Shore & At. R. R.; 12 shares U. S. Steel pf. stock.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION DECISIONS.

Chas. K. Harris, respt., v. Ted Snyder Co. et al., appelts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Auditorium Co., applt., v. Sam Shubert Booking Agency, respt.—Order reversed, with costs, and verdict reinstated.

Geo. E. Van Vorst, Inc., applt., v. Jas. S. Strong, impld., &c., respt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Wm. W. Farley, as State Commr. of Excise, &c., appelt., v. John Monsees et al., respts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Factors Fire Insurance Co., applt., v. Wm. J. Whildon et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, with leave to plaintiff to serve amended complaint on payment of costs in this court and in the court below.

Flora L. Vose, applt., v. Joseph C. Conkling, indv., and as admr., &c., et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Geo. B. Hurd, in his own behalf, &c., respt., v. Greenlawn Cemetery Ass'n et al., applts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

John Buckley, respt., v. N. Y. Homeopathic Medical College et al., applts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

In re Arthur Weed, as exr., &c., applt., v. Wm. D. Dickey et al., as Commrs., &c., respts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Tax Lien Co. of N. Y., respt., v. Mary E. Bird, applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Joseph Hosmer, on behalf of himself, &c., applt., v. Rhinestone Products Co. et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

In re Equitable Trust Co. of N. Y. as exr., &c., of Josephine B. Chambers, dcsd.—Decree reversed on authority of matter of Osborn (200 N. Y., 450), and proceedings remitted to Surrogate for final decree in accordance with that opinion; with costs to appellant payable out of the estate.

In re Harry N. Francis, dec'd.—Order affirmed, with costs.

Margaret Hall, respt., v. Moore Realty Co., impld., &c., applt.—Judgment modified by reducing the amount adjudged to be due to the plaintiff by the sum of $408, and as so modified affirmed, without costs.

Charles F. Bishop, respt., v. Wm. B. Lewis, impld., &c., applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Arthur Guy as admr., respt., &c., v. M. Reid & Co., and Jos. A. Reid, applts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Ida Herz, respt., v. Aaron Goodman, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Marie C. Lowe, respt., v. Mary C. Leary et al., respts., impld with Daniel J. Leary, applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Mary B. Hughes, respt., v. Brown-Reiss Realties, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

A. Bardi Tile Co., respt., v. Abraham J. Goldstein et al., impld., &c., applts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Michael Espert, respt., v. Eugene F. Perry as atty., &c., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Niagara Radiator & Boiler Co., respt., v. Abraham J. Goldstein et al., applts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Henry Prince, respt., v. Ely J. Reiser, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Leon Silverstein, applt., v. Louis K. Fisher et al., respts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Leon Silverstein, aplt., v. Louis K. Fisher et al., impld., &c., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Jennie M. Corcoran, respt., v. Mary Hotaling et al., impld., &c., applts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs on opinion of Greenbaum, J., at Special Term.

Wm. D. Stratton, respt., vs. Edmund K. Stallo, impld., &c., applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave to defendant to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of costs in this court and in the court below.

People, &c., respt., vs. Gono Mantani, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed.

People ex rel. Wm. J. Dougherty, relator, vs. Waldo, as Police Commr., &c., respt.—Writ dismissed and proceedings affirmed, with $50 costs and disbursements.

In re Charles Fraser et al. as exrs., &c., of John C. Latham, decd.—Decree affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Edward A. Joyner, applt., vs. Ella L. Puisifer et al., respts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

DAY CALENDAR.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

CALENDAR—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—La Fetra, J. At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J. Goldman v. Friedman. Alfred E. Townley. Rosenblum v. Rosenblum—William C. Arnold. Timmerman v. Silverson—Meyer Auerbach. Reinken v. Schwenk—Saul J. Dickheiser.
SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Wartels v. Lugenbiehl Co.—Percival H. Gregory.
SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J. Foster v. Minturn—Almuth C. Vandiver.
SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J. Burnside v. Burnside—Warren W. Foster.
SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J. Matter of Payne—John Z. Lowe, Jr.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J. Henry McC. Bangs v. Mary E. McCormick—Harry M. Kohn. Simeon Wolf v. 59th St R E Co—Mortimer Rosenthal. Tillie Wacht v. 28th St & 7th Av Realty Co, (2)—Harry M Goldberg. Samuel L. Wolf v. Stevenson Towle—Harry N Kohn.
SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J. Edward de C. Chisholm v. Owners Bld'g Co—Lawrence S. Greenbaum.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION DECISIONS.

C. Ludwig Baumann & Co., E'klyn, plff., v. Amelia Baumann, def.—Motion for stay granted.

Millie L. Hayman, rspdt., v. CNY & ano., defs.; L. I. R. R., applt.—Motions denied, without costs.

In re application of Emil L. Francke for admission to bar.—Application granted.

In re last will George W. Hawkins.—Motion for reargument denied.

In re David Zirinsky.—Report of referee modified and rspdt. reprimanded.

Nash Rockwood, plff., v. Stewart Mining Co. et al., defts.—Motion granted and order signed.

Oscar Schlegel, plff., v. George A. Schamberger, def.—Motion for stay granted.

Lucy M. Allott, rspdt., v. Richard Van W. Thorne et al., as admr., applts.—Judgment and order unanimously affirmed, with costs.

David Bandler, applt., v. John R. Hill and Edith H. Hill, rspdt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Regina Pardelli, as adminx., rspdt., v. Pittsburgh Cont. Co., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted.

Josephine L. Bond, rspdt., v. Frederick H. Walter, as execut., applt.—Order unanimously affirmed, with costs.

Charles C. Brace, rspdt., v. John C. Bradley, applt.—Interlocutory judgment reversed and demurrer sustained, with leave to plaintiff to plead new within twenty days upon payment of costs.

George Butler, applt., v. Transit Development Co., rspdt.—Judgment unanimously affirmed, with costs.

Ludwig Schmidt, applt., v. Heinrick Schneider.—Judgment affirmed.

Lena Crump, applt., v. Otto Wiesner, rspdt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs.

Lillian Danby, applt., v. Herbert Danby, rspdt.—Interlocutory judgment and order denying plaintiff's motion for new trial reversed and jury trial directed of issues arising upon defendant's counter claim.

Charles Freusek, rspdt., v. Pittsburgh Cont. Co., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

John M. Hughes Sons Co., rspdt., v. Elbert S. Smith et al., defs.; Renard S. Padgett, applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Wynn A. Hulbert, as exr., applt., v. Minnie Southerland et al., rspdt.—Judgment reversed and judgment directed in favor of plaintiff to the effect that the defs named therein are not entitled under the will of William D. M. Smith to any part of his estate.

In re the taxation of property of Mary D. Clowes, dec.—Order of Surrogate's Court of Nassau Co. reversed and matter remitted to said court.

In re probate of last will of Maria Eva Kuntz.—Decree of Surrogate's Court of Kings Co. reversed and decree directed refusing probate of the will offered and revoking the letters testamentary issued to the executor.

In re application for the appointment of the committee of the person and property of Susan M. Penfield.—Order reversed, motion to vacate the order appointing the committee granted, and matter remitted to Supreme Court in Westchester Co.

In re the application of Henry R. C. Watson.—Decree of the Surrogate's Court of Westchester Co. reversed and application for an accounting granted.

Louise Koellhoffer and Caroline Koellhoffer, as exx. aplts. and rspdts., v. Andrew N. Petersen, rspdt. and applt.—Judgment modified by striking out provision for personal judgment against the applts., Petersen, and the provision for extra allowance against said applts., and as modified affirmed.

Lafayette Trust Co., plff., v. James Beggs, def.—Judgment for plaintiff directing that def. perform his contract of purchase.

Edward C. Lewis and John H. Kitchen, rspdt., v. Henry S. Clarke et al., applts, and Anthony Rivers, def.—Order and interlocutory judgment affirmed.

Alma Lewandowski, rspdt., v. Huntington Water Works Co., applt.—Interlocutory judgment affirmed, with costs.

Malcolm Ross Matheson, applt., v. Ottilie Monte et al., defts., and Thomas O'Callahan, rspdt.—Order in so far as appealed from, affirmed.

Elizabeth Megina, rspdt., v. James A. P. Randell et al, applts.—Judgment and order reversed and plaintiff's complaint dismissed.

Carrie Miller, rspdt. v. C. N. Y., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Stanislaus Nowakowski, rspdt., v. N. Y. & N. Electric Traction Co., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and plaintiff's complaint dismissed.

John Nowakowski, rspdt., v. same.—Judgment and order reversed and plaintiff's complaint dismissed.

People, rspdt., v. Charles Cristman, applt.—Judgment of conviction of Co. Court of Kings Co. affirmed.

People ex rel Carl W. Kotschau, relator, v. Waldo, as Police Com., rspdt.—Determination annuled and relator reinstated.

Dominick Salatino, rspdt., v. Josephine Salatino, applt.—Order affirmed.

Henry Scherer, applt., v. Joseph Fallert Brewing Co., Ltd., and August Schweitzer, rspdt., and ano., defts.—Judgment affirmed.

Samuel Schwartz, rspdt., v. J. Willett Fox and Susan Fox, appts.—Judgment of City Court of Yonkers affirmed by default, with costs.

Frederick Seliger, rspdt., v. Amer. Bonding Co. of Balto., applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs.

Harry Seldner, rspdt., v. John Dittner, applt.—Judgment and order of Co. Court of Kings Co. affirmed, with costs.

Joseph Skelly and Robert Skelly, applts., v. John Moran, rspdt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Udell Mfg. Co., applt., v. John Perkins, rspdt.—Interlocutory judgment of City Court of Yonkers reversed and demurrer overruled.

Theo. Zorn, applt., v. Edwin S. Pendleton, rspdt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted.

Sarah Zorn, applt., v. Edwin S. Pendleton, rspdt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted.

DAY CALENDAR.

SPECIAL TERM—Crane, J.—Ex parte business, at 10 A. M.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schuls, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SUNDAY ON LAKE GEORGE

SAIL—RAIL—SAIL AGAIN
Steamer "C. W. Morse"
Round Trip Fare $4.00
Str. "C. W. Morse" leaves Pier 32, N. R., 6:00 P. M. W. 132d St. Pier, 6:45 P. M. Saturday, June 27. Returning, due in New York Monday morning.
The Hudson by Searchlight, Then Lake George by Daylight
Make your stateroom reservations Now for both going and returning.
'Phone day and night, Spring 9400.
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY

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MORE POPULAR THAN EVER
THE "10 O'CLOCK STEAMER" EVERY SUNDAY.
YONKERS, NEWBURG, POUGHKEEPSIE AND RETURN, Leaves Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 10 A. M.; West 132d St., 10:45 A. M.
Next Sunday POUGHKEEPSIE AND RETURN $1.00
Spacious Decks, Music, Excellent Dining Service a la Carte.
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SUNDAY ON THE HUDSON
"RENSSELAER"
Leaves Pier 32, N. R., 8:45 A. M.; W. 132d St. Pier, 9:30 A. M. for Yonkers, Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Albany and Troy.
Connecting at Newburg and Poughkeepsie with "Trojan" returning.
ORCHESTRA. DINNER A LA CARTE.
POUGHKEEPSIE AND RETURN, $1.00
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Sunday at Orange Lake
Just the trip for a quiet, restful holiday. Up the Hudson to Newburgh on the palatial
Str. 'Benj. B. Odell'
Then an easy trolley ride to Orange Lake, with its boating, fishing, music and outdoor fun. Picnic lunch, if you like. Back on the same steamer and home in good season. Or, if you prefer, you may enjoy the full day's sail to Poughkeepsie and back at no extra cost.
NEWBURGH AND POUGHKEEPSIE $1
For the Round Trip.
Leave Franklin St., 9:00 A. M. Foot West 129th St., 9:30 A. M. Also, on Saturday only, leave Franklin St., 1:30; W. 129th St., 2:00 P. M., on Str. "Homer Ramsdell" to Newburgh, returning on Str. "Benj. B. Odell." $1.00 Round Trip.
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HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
(ALBANY DAY LINE.)
All steamers daily except Sunday. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant.
Str. Washington Irving and Hendrick Hudson leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45A. M., landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Also Desbrosses St. 9:40 A.M.; W. 42d St., 10 A.M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M., for West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.
Str. "Mary Powell"
Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston, and way landings, leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by Str. Albany $1.00, or by rail $1.10.
Telephone: Spring 4141.

Up The HUDSON TODAY
Str. Homer Ramsdell to Newburgh, returning by Str. Benj. B. Odell. $1.00 Round Trip. Leave Franklin St., 1:30; West 129th St., 2 P. M. Returning leave Newburgh 6 P. M.
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$1.00 To ALBANY
THROUGH TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.
Dining Service a la Carte.
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Steamer "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., Pier 8, E. R., Tuesdays and Thursdays, (except June 30th and July 2d.), 5:30 P. M.; Saturdays (except July 4th) and on July 3d, 1:00 P. M.

Coney Island & Rockaway Beach
Strs. Rosedale, Sylvester & Chrystenah
Will make usual trips Sunday, June 28th. For Time Table see Sunday morning papers.

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Around Manhattan Isle; Lv. ft. West 42d St. Weekdays & Sun., 9:30; & 2:30. 3 Hours; Music; Lecturer. Tel. 5441 Bryant.

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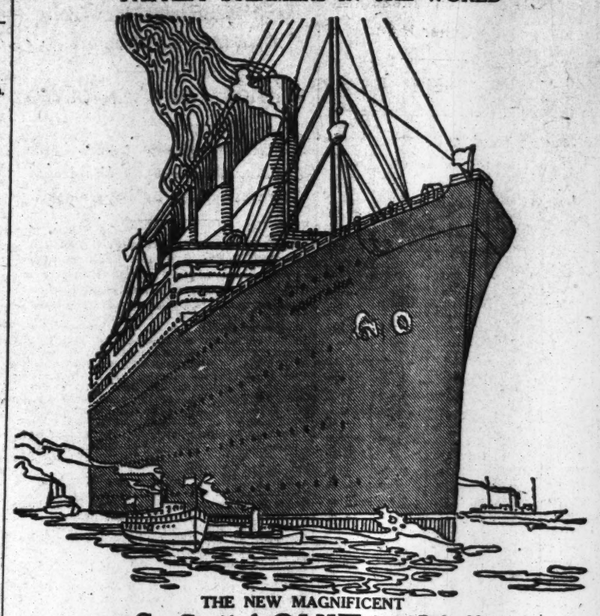

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Ivernia, July 1, 4 P. M. Carpathia, July 9. Ultonia, July 25. Saxonia, Aug. 1.
Round the World Trip, $474.85 & up. Special through rate to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and South America. Independent tours in Europe, etc.; send for booklet Cunard Tours.
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Cunard Steamship Co., Ltd., 21-24 State St., N. Y.

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JULY 2nd
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BARCELONA, NAPLES and PIRAEUS
¶ This steamer offers the tourist excellent accommodations at low rates. First Cabin only, and Steerage.
Steamers leave from Brooklyn Pier, foot of 33d St., South Brooklyn
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"I Like to Go On Your Steamers,"
Says an experienced traveler, "Because I can be comfortable. No dust or dirt, no sweltering heat, no nerve-racking jolting—just cool comfort, appetizing food, restful sleep."
World's largest river steamers. Orchestras. Dinner dances.
Albany, Troy, the Adirondacks and the North.
Citizens' Line, Pier 32, N. R., 6:00 P. M.; W. 132d St., 6:30 P. M.
People's Line, Pier 32, N. R., 6:00 P. M.; W. 132d St., 6:45 P. M.
Phone—Day and Night—Spring 9400.
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The New Steel Steamer
The finest of her kind. Every Comfort.
Magnificent Dancing Deck
Complete Orchestra.
Miss Nardin and Mr. Raymond McKay, formerly of the Hotel Martinique, in charge.
Day Trip—Newburg and Return
Night Sail Up the Hudson
(No Stop, Returning to W. 131st St. Only.)
$1.00 Each Trip
DAILY AND SUNDAY
MORNING. Leave Battery 8 a.m., W. 131st St., 10:15 a.m., Yonkers, 10:45 a.m.
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TO BOSTON $4.00
LV. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., N. Y. Daily at 5:30 P. M. Strs. COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.
Providence Line, for Providence and Boston. Lv. Pier 15, N. R., ft. of Barclay St., daily except Sunday, 6 P. M.
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New Bedford Line for New Bedford, Wood's Hole, Marthas Vineyard, Nantucket, Matapoisett, Marion and Cape Cod Points. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, at 6:00 P. M.
New Haven Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M.; Pier 70, ft. E. 22d St., 3:00 P. M.
Bridgeport Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., week days only, 3 P. M. Lv. ft. E. 22d St., week days, 3:30 P. M. Sundays, 4:45 P. M.
Tickets, etc., at 191 Broadway, Transfer Tourist Offices, and at Piers. Phone Cortlandt 5121.
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45 Miles INTERSTATE PARK UP THE HUDSON
Fast Steel Str. HIGHLANDER
Lvs. Battery, 9:30; W. 23d St., 10; W. 131st St., 10:30; Yonkers, 11 A. M.; Round Trip Daily, 50c.; Children, 25c.; Sundays & Holidays, 75c.; Children, 50c. Yonkers, 50c. Music, LARGE DANCING FLOOR. Refreshments. All outdoor sports. 3½ hours at Mt. DAILY TRIPS TO
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(ALONG THE HUDSON RIVER)
Enjoy Pleasant Day Under the Palisades.
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For CATSKILL, HUDSON, COXSACKIE and way landings. Direct connection with Catskill Mountain Railroads, for CAIRO, PALENVILLE, OTIS SUMMIT, HAINES FALLS, TANNERSVILLE, and
All Points in the Catskill Mountains and the Berkshires
Luxuriously appointed steamers leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., N. Y., at 6:30 P. M.; Yonkers, 7:30 P. M., daily except Sunday.
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Time tables giving full information mailed on request, or can be obtained at all hotels and railway ticket offices. 'Phone 1067 Spring.

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City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway.
Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 42d St., N. Y.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday at 5 P. M. for Connecticut River landings. Write for Summer folder.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Lv. Battery Pier Daily, 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 5373.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS
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STEAMER CITY OF LOWELL
UP THE HUDSON
Leave Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., 10:00 A. M., for Hudson River trip as far as Poughkeepsie. No landing. Return due N. Y. 6 P. M. Music. Refreshments. Tickets, 50 cents; children, 25 cents.
STEAMER RICHARD PECK
TO NEW HAVEN
Leave Pier 28, E. R., 9:30 A. M., foot East 22d St., 10:00 A. M.; due New Haven 2:30 P. M. Return, due N. Y. 9:00 P. M. Two hours in New Haven. Music. Refreshments. Tickets, $1.00; children, 50 cents. Tickets, sales limited to half the capacity, on sale at Piers only on day of excursions.

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HOURS
HARD COAL—NO SMOKE—COMFORT
New Jersey Central
Lake Hopatcong $1.00
To-morrow also every Sunday and Holiday
Lv. W. 23d St. 8.50; Liberty St. 9.00 a.m.
Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 9.17 a.m.
Mauch Chunk $1.50
TO-MORROW
Lv. W. 23rd St. 8.20; Liberty St. 8.30 a.m.
Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 8.47 a.m.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

Block Island R. I.
EVERY SUNDAY and JULY 4TH
$1.50
Special train, with parlor car, leaves foot East 34th St., N. Y., 8:30; B'klyn, Flatbush Ave., 8:40; Nostrand Ave., 8:44, and East N. Y., 8:49 A. M., for Montauk; thence by the steamer "SHINNECOCK."
Lvs. Block Island returning, 4 P. M.
Tickets on sale, commencing Saturday of each week, at 170 Broadway, 5th Ave. Bldg., (5th Ave. and 23d St.,) and Long Island R. R. Stations, foot 34th St., E. R., N. Y.; Long Island City and Brooklyn. Sale of tickets limited. The right is reserved to postpone the excursion and redeem tickets. Restaurant, Lunch Counter and Cafe service on steamer.

JULY FOURTH
Trips, Including Tickets and Hotels

Niagara Falls	3 days	$13.20
Atlantic City	3 days	10.00
Thousand Islands	3 days	19.75
Asbury Park	3 days	7.50
Catskills	3 days	9.50
Boston	4 days	22.00
Thousand Island, St. Lawrence and Lakes	5 days	58.50

Travel Tickets only to Holiday Resorts.
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Every Sunday & July 4th $1.00
STR. "MONTAUK"
A delightful Sail—120 Miles—on
LONG ISLAND SOUND
Leaving New York, Pr. ft. 131st St., N.R., 9:15 A.M.
" West 22d St., North River, 9:45 A

CHURCH SERVICES TO-MORROW

Baptist.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH.
FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
Union Services.
125 West 57th St.
Rev. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, D. D., Pastor. Sermon at 11 A. M. to-morrow by Rev. WM. C. BITTING, D. D.
Sunday School, 9:45.
Friday Prayer Meeting, 8 P. M.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
924 St. and Amsterdam Av.
REV. FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., 11.—"Waiting on God."
8.—"A Satisfied Lord."

Collegiate Baptist Church of the Covenant, West 33d St., between 8th and 9th Avs., Dr. Oscar Haywood, Pastor. Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
Madison Av., corner 31st St.
C. ALPHEUS EATON, D. D., Pastor, will preach Sunday at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Union Bible Class, 9:45, Rev. E. R. Eaton, Ldr.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST Church, 165th St. and Convent Av. Rev. Dr. HAROLD PATTISON, Minister.—11 A. M., "The Acceptable Year."

Christian Science.

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesdays, 8 P. M.

First Church, Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church, 125th St. and Madison Av.
Fourth Church, 930 West 181st St.
Fifth Church, Madison Av. & 39th St.

Church of the New Jerusalem.

NEW CHURCH,
(SWEDENBORGIAN.)
35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs. The Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor. Service 11 A. M. The Pastor will preach. Subject, "DID BABYLON GIVE THE BIBLE ITS ACCOUNT OF THE FALL OF MAN?"

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th St.
Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor. Dr. J. L. GORDON of Winnipeg will preach, 11 A. M. "Is It Worth While Praying?" 8 P. M. "The Greatest Mistake in the Life of a Young Man." Wednesday, 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

Disciples of Christ (Christian).

CENTRAL CHURCH, 142 West 81st St.
Rev. JAMES M. PHILPUTT, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—"What Christ Is to Me."

Jewish.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL,
Fifth Avenue and Forty-third St.
Services Friday, 8:30 P. M., Saturday, 10:30 A. M. All are welcome.

Lutheran.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT,
Broadway and 93d St.
WM. M. HORN, Pastor. Services, 11 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal.

GRACE METHODIST CHURCH, West 104th, near Columbus Av. Service Sunday night. SNOW.

MADISON AVE. M. E. CHURCH,
Corner 60th St.
Rev. CHARLES L. MAUD, D. D., Pastor. Preaching at 11 A. M. by the Rev. W. B. Fitzgerald, Secretary of the Young People's Work of the Wesleyan M. E. Church of England. 7:30 P. M., Out-door Song Service on the church steps. 8 P. M., preaching by Dr. Maud. A cordial invitation is given to strangers, and at the morning service a special welcome is extended to all members of the Epworth League.

ST. ANDREW'S, 76th St., west of Col. Av.—11 A. M., Rev. M. K. W. Belcher.

New Thought.

CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST.
Rev. W. John Murray, Speaker. Sunday, 11. Laurel Room, Hotel Astor. Subject: "The Sleep Walker."

HAPPINESS TALKS, Wednesdays at 8.—Mrs. MARGARET CUTTING IVES, 69 West 10th St. No charge.

LECTURES 4 O'CLOCK SUNDAYS.—Higher Thought and Metaphysics. Penn. trains. HIGHER THOUGHT CENTRE, BALDWIN, L. I. W. Frederic Keeler.

LECTURE.—"OUR POWERS WITHIN," WEDNESDAY, 8 P. M. Public invited. Marie Alice Clark New Thought Studio, 122 West 95th St.

Presbyterian.

BROADWAY
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Broadway and 114th St. and Broadway.
WALTER DUNCAN BUCHANAN, D. D., Minister, preaches at 11 A. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West 57th St. bet. B'way and 7th Av. Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor. Rev. George H. Smyth preaches 11 A. M.

DR. J. WILBUR CHAPMAN preaches Sunday 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. at WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Amsterdam Av. at 105th St.
Rev. A. Edwin Kelgwin, D. D., preacher.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
9th Av. and 55th St.
Rev. J. H. JOWETT, D. D., Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Rev. Dr. DAVID G. WYLIE will conduct both services.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 24th St., Rev C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor. Rev. G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D., Assistant Minister, will preach. Services, 11 A. M.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Fifth Ave., 11th to 12th St.
REV. HOWARD DUFFIELD, D. D., Pastor. 11. Mr. Harold C. Jaquith.
8. Service on Church Lawn.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
BROADWAY AND 73D STREET.
REV. GEORGE F. PENTECOST, D. D., preaches at 11 A. M.

ST. NICHOLAS AVENUE,
Corner West 141st St.
Thomas W. Smith, D. D., 11 and 8 o'clock.

Presbyterian.

THE BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Ministers: { William Pierson Merrill. / Frank Latimer Janeway.
Dr. Merrill will preach at eleven o'clock. NOON SERVICE EVERY WEEKDAY, (except Saturday,) 12:30-12:50.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Cor. Tenth Street.
Rev. A. Woodruff Halsey, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. Rev. George Alexander, D. D., Minister, at 8 P. M.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. Anson P. Atterbury, D. D., } Pastors.
Rev. Anthony H. Evans, D. D., }
Dr. EVANS preaches at 11 A. M.
No Evening Service.

Fort Washington Presbyterian Church, 174th St., near Broadway.
Rev. Dr. William E. Riley of Minneapolis preaches at 11 A. M.
The Rev. DANIEL HOFFMAN MARTIN, at 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Av. and 112th St.
8 A.M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A.M.—Preacher, Rev. Dr. Jas. E. Freeman.
4 P.M.—Preacher, Rev. Duncan H. Browne.
Daily, 7:30 A. M., The Holy Communion.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Avenue and 21st Street.
Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector. Services, 11 A. M., 8 P. M. Preacher, the rector. Open-air service, 7:45 P. M.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St.
Low Masses, 7:30, 9; High Mass and Sermon, 10:45; Evensong at 4.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
6th Av. and 20th Street.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Rev. Samuel Neal Kent.
12 M.—Holy Communion.
8 P. M.—The Rev. Oscar Stuart Michael.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
MADISON AV. AND 35TH ST.
REV. N. C. ROBBINS, RECTOR.
Holy Communion, 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer, Sermon, (Rector,) 11.
Evening Prayer, Address, (Rev. E. M. Tower,) 4.

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION, 1 East 29th Street.
Dr. Houghton, Rector. Communions, 8, 9 A. M. CRUICKSHANK'S MASS and Sermon, 10:30. CHORAL EVENSONG, 4 o'clock.

CHURCH OF ZION & ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th St.
Rector, Rev. Henry Lubeck, D. C. L.
Holy Communion ..... 8 A.M.
Morning Prayer and Sermon, Preacher—Rev. Joseph Rushton, M. D. ....11 A.M.
Choral Evensong and Sermon, Preacher—Rev. S. M. Cleveland..... 8 P.M.

ELISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 45 East 27th.—Service demain, 10.30. Rev. Wittmeyer, Recteur.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St., Dr. CHARLES LEWIS SLATTERY, Rector, 8; and 11 (Mr. Silver); 8 (Mr. Groton).

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Av. at 44th St.
8:30 A.M.—Holy Communion.
11 A.M.—Preacher, the Rev. Sydney N. Ussher.
4 P.M.—Special Musical Service without address. Excerpts from "Stabat Mater," Palestrina.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, 5th Av. and 53d St.—Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.—8 and 11 A. M., Rev. W. L. Caswell.

THE ASCENSION,
5th Av., 10th St.
Rev. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11 A. M.—Rev. Harold A. Lynch, Preacher.
8 P. M.—Public Forum. The Rev. Mr. Burdette Lewis: "Smashing the Educational Machine."

TRINITY CHURCH.

Sunday Services:
7 A. M.—Holy Communion.
9 A. M.—Holy Communion (children.)
10:30 A. M.—Choral Eucharist and Sermon.
11:00 A. M.—Morning Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon.
3:30 P. M.—Evensong.
Week-day Services:
8:00 A. M.
Short Service for business people daily (except Saturday) at 12 M.

CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.

Reformed.

HAMILTON GRANGE REFORMED Church, Convent Av. and 149th St. (Nr. Amst. Av.) REV. HENRY EVERETT COBB, D. D., Minister. All Seats Free.—Everybody Welcome. 11 A. M.—"Self-Examination." 8 P. M.—"The Land of Laughter and Pleasure."

MADISON AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH,
Madison Av., corner 57th Street.
11 A. M., 4:30 P. M., HUGH BLACK.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM,
Lenox Av. and 123d St.
Rev. FLOYD DECKER at 11 A. M.
Rev. GEORGE H. SMYTH at 8 P. M.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister. Rev. Peter Stryker, D. D., will preach.
11 A. M.—"Seasoning Riddle."
8 P. M.—"Drink for the Thirsty."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MACLEOD, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Church School, 10 A. M.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister. Rev. Thomas McBride Nichols will preach at 11 A. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS, (Orthodox.)—Meetings for worship, 11 o'clock, No. 144 East 20th St., New York, and Lafayette and Washington Avs., Brooklyn.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M. at 221 E. 16th St., Manhattan; and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Spiritualist.

FIRST GERMAN SPIRITUALIST CHURCH. Services in English Sunday, 8 P. M., Pabst Grand Circle, 59th and Columbus Circle.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS', (UNITARIAN,)
4th Av. and 20th St.
Rev. THOMAS R. SLICER, D. D., Minister; Rev. WM. LAURENCE SULLIVAN, Associate Minister. Mr. SULLIVAN will preach. Subject: "THE CLEAR CALL OF CONSCIENCE AND CHARACTER." Services, 11 A. M. All cordially invited.

Other Services.

COSMOLOGICAL MEETINGS are held at 600 West 161st St. every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Music. All welcome. Dr. Rivero.

EVANGELISTIC COMMITTEE
OF N. Y. CITY.
Christian men who have engaged in open-air evangelistic work in Great Britain or other parts of the world will learn of an unusual opportunity for service by communicating with the Evangelistic Committee, 541 Lexington Av.

GOS. TABERNACLE CHURCH, 6th Av. and 45th St., Rev. A. B. SIMPSON, Pastor. 10:30 A. M., preaching by the pastor; 7:45 P. M., preaching by Rev. R. A. Forrest.

8 P. M.—OPENING NIGHT of Prof. Evanson's Big Tent, 166th St. and Audubon Av.—Dr. Philip H. Wolfram, baritone, will sing. Do not fail to hear the great lecture, "The Coming Social Revolution."

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 135th West 80th St.—SWAMI BODHANANDA.—"Harm Watch, Harm Catch," 3 P. M.

Hall to rent for religious meetings, societies, &c.; beautifully decorated; piano; electric exhaust fan. Genealogical Hall, 226 West 58th St.

BROOKLYN

Congregational.

CLINTON AVENUE CHURCH,
Clinton and Lafayette Avs.
Rev. NEHEMIAH BOYNTON, D. D.,
Rev. MORRISON RUSSELL BOYNTON,
Ministers.
Public worship, 10:30 A. M.
Rev. Morrison Russell Boynton will preach.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange St., between Henry and Hicks Sts. Morning service at 11 A. M., followed by the Communion Service. Rev. WILLIAM LAWRENCE TENNEY, D. D., the Associate Pastor, preaches upon the spirit of Christ. Special music under the direction of Mr. Edgar Nelson Mullenix, the musical director.

Unitarian.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (Unitarian,) Plierpont and Monroe Sts., Brooklyn. Blocks from Borough Hall Subway Station. Rev. JOHN H. LATHROP. Service at 11.

WILLIAMS PREDICTS ERA OF PROSPERITY

Tells the Senate the President's Trust Measures Will Usher It In.

PLEDGES THEIR PASSAGE

Majority to "Fight It Out if It Takes All Summer"—Gibes at Plutocratic Letter Writers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Senator John Sharp Williams of Mississippi, a prominent member of the majority, today assured the Senate that the Democrats would continue the present session until the trust programme was completed. He predicted an era of prosperity after the bills were passed, and said that the failure of H. B. Claflin & Co. was not due to the Tariff and Currency acts, but to "overexpansion" and an attempt to do a large amount of business on insufficient capital.

Senator Williams's remarks were made in connection with his effort to have printed in The Record President Wilson's speech to the Virginia editors, who called at the White House yesterday.

Mr. Warren of Wyoming said that Republicans had been more sedulous than Democrats in maintaining a quorum, and Mr. Williams's prosperity speech was further interrupted by Mr. Thomas, a Democrat of Colorado, who inquired concerning the whereabouts of Democrats who had gone to Europe or to watering places to escape the labors of legislation in Washington.

Senator Williams first attacked what he regarded as a campaign of letter writing and telegram sending against the proposed trust programme.

"I have been receiving, and I understand other Senators have been receiving, a multitude of letters from our constituents forwarding to us carefully-prepared lettergrams and letters sent to them for their signatures and then to be forwarded to us, these letters as a rule advising Congress to shut up shop and go home because it is not doing any good, and its mere presence in Washington is a menace to business, warning us about the interference of politicians with business, and so forth.

"This is a part of the scheme that has been going on. Most of my constituents send these forms to me unsigned, with a few ironical remarks of their own at the expense of those who have formed them, the people of Mississippi being rather pre-eminently a humorous people."

Senator Williams read a letter which he said expressed his views, in which occurred the statement that "the motives of the men who are carrying on this propaganda—the Simmons Hardware Company and many others, among others some banking firms in New York City—are obvious. Not only are they obvious, but obviously undemocratic—plainly and palpably plutocratic."

Senator Williams then asked to have inserted in The Record President Wilson's address.

"Now, I want to add this," he said. "We are going to stay here with him. It is awfully uncomfortable. I would rather be at home with my roses and fruits and flowers, but we are of the opinion that we have undertaken to fight this fight out, and we are going to stay here and fight it out if it takes all Summer until we have finished the chief programme. It was tariff, currency, and trusts.

"We are not at all influenced in doing it by the fact that an ex-President of the United States predicted that we wouldn't. We had intended all the time to do our main work here before we adjourned.

"The Senator has said that we are going to stay here until this programme is completed," interrupted Senator Thomas of Colorado. "I should like to know whom he means. I understand that some of us have gone to Europe and others to Summer watering places."

"And I understand this morning that others desire to go to Europe," said Senator Clapp.

"We are going to stay here," continued Mr. Williams, "until we prove to the country that we meant what we said when we undertook to take these three great monsters of conditions by the throat and do something with them. We did not act the fool on the tariff. We did not act the fool on banking and currency, and we are not going to act like fools on the trust question. We are going to be with regard to that as with regard to the two previous questions, conservatively constructive, not destructive."

President Wilson today received a telegram from Henry M. Pindell of Peoria, Ill., telling of good crops and general prosperity in the West. Mr. Pindell was confirmed as Ambassador to Russia a few months ago, but because of serious charges against his methods of procuring the appointment he resigned without leaving the country. Mr. Pindell's telegram follows:

"Peoria, Ill., June 25, 1914.

"The President—Splendid rains in the last few days throughout this section of the West insure an unequaled harvest this Fall unless some great freak of nature intervenes. A personal and careful investigation among the leading agricultural manufacturing houses and other industries here justifies me in saying that they were never more prosperous than now, all running night shifts. Certainly the psychology of the situation now is to compel Congress to do its full duty toward all the people. I glory in your courage.

"HENRY M. PINDELL."

WANTS "UNFAIR" DEFINED.

Borah Objects to Obscure Statement in Trade Commission Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Unless the term "unfair competition," as used in the Federal Trade Commission bill, is defined, pending anti-trust legislation will result in greater uncertainty in business than in lessening obscurity respecting the meaning of business laws, according to Senator Borah, Republican, of Idaho, who today began to address the Senate on Section 5 of the Trade Commission bill. Because of the uncertainty in the meaning of that phrase he attacked the measure, saying at the same time that he would support any legislation designed either to strengthen the Sherman Anti-Trust act or to make its enforcement more certain.

"After nearly twenty years, business men are beginning to understand just what the Sherman law means, due to the decisions of the Supreme Court construing that law," said Senator Borah. "It has been made clear that one of the elements of that law is to maintain the right way of commerce open to competition. Business men now realize just what they may or may not do under this law. It commands competition.

"In another law, which we now propose to pass, we say there shall be no unfair competition. But we leave the matter in uncertainty, because we do not define what we mean by unfair competition. When you say to the business of the country that competition is the life of trade, and that you must compete, and in another law you say that business men shall not practice unfair competition, you owe it to the business world to lay down some definition of what unfair competition is.

"I believe in the Sherman law. I believe it can be successfully enforced. I believe that its enforcement, as it has been construed by the courts, would end monopoly in this country. But the legislation here proposed imposes upon the business of the country another period of uncertainty and there is nothing that is a greater hindrance to business than doubt as to just what may legally be done. Let us see what kind of a strait jacket we are putting the business of the country in by this proposed legislation. On the one hand we say that competes on the other, you shall not compete unfairly.

"Now, what do we mean? The report of the Interstate Commerce Committee, made up of some of the most intelligent men in the Senate, shows that the committee was unable to give a definition of what unfair competition means. If the ingenuity of the Senate cannot define it, how can the business interests of the country be expected to solve the problem? Shall we leave the business of the country in ignorance of what we mean until they are drawn into the courts? We are under obligations to write into this law a rule so definite that the business man, when he comes to enlarge his business, may know just what he can safely do. Uncertainty is one of the most disturbing factors in business."

LIMITING RAILROAD ISSUES.

Brandeis Offers Amendments to Stock and Bond Supervision Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Louis D. Brandeis of Boston today presented to the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce a series of amendments to the pending Stock and Bond Supervision bill which, he declared, had the approval of Daniel Willard, President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, and other railroad officials. The amendment requires railroads to submit questions involving the contracting of debt to the Interstate Comerce Commission and provides that, except under authorization by that commission, securities shall not be issued except for:

"A. The construction, improvement, equipment, operation, or extension of, or provision or betterment of facilities for, its railroad, or some railroad, boat line or trolley line comprised or to be comprised in the transportation system of which it forms a part and which it may lawfully own or operate.

"B. The discharge or refunding or any securities or indebtedness lawfully issued or incurred by the company or by some other company comprised in its transportation system.

"C. The reimbursement of the treasury of the company for expenditures for any of the purposes in this act specified.

"D. The acquisition of any railroad, boat line, or trolley line or of any stock or other interest in any such railroad, boat line or trolley line, the acquisition of which shall be authorized by the Interstate Commerce Commission as hereinafter provided.

"E. Some other purpose which the commission may upon application and hearing find to be a proper railroad or transportation purpose, and as to which the commission shall likewise find that the expenditure therefor will not impair the capacity of the carrier to perform the public duty. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to confer any additional powers not now possessed, or to limit the lawful power now existing on the part of any such railroad company to use its surplus or any part thereof in the payment of dividends to its stockholders."

These amendments are designed to empower the commission to exrcis its discrtion only in security issues having to do with transportation problems rather than problems of competition.

MRS. CATT GOES TO LONDON

Board Meeting There of International Suffrage Alliance.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, President of the International Woman Suffrage Alliance, sailed for London this morning on the Atlantic Transport liner Minneapolis to attend a board meeting of the alliance, which will be held in London this month.

"There will be several interesting features at this board meeting," said Mrs. Catt before sailing. "It will be the first time that women representing different countries have left home to attend anything of less importance than a regular congress.

"There will be a question of much importance to discuss at the meeting, for the women in the countries where they have won the franchise, while disowning their own wrong suffrage organizations, wish to remain members of the international organization working for the enfranchisement of women of the world.

"The women of Denmark will be enfranchised in the middle of this coming July, and the women of Finland, Norway, Iceland, Australia, and New Zealand have continued to send delegates. They all wish to continue in the world movement."

For the first time, this Fall women will be admitted to the Inter-Parliamentary Union, to be held in Stockholm. Senator Helen Ring Robinson of Colorado will attend, and also women members of the Finnish Parliament. The Inter-Parliamentary Union exists to bring together members of representative legislative houses of the world who believe in peace and arbitration as opposed to war."

Cunard Blackmailer Guilty.

Joseph Burton, the young negro who was trapped in Bogota, N. J., after he had sent letters to the Cunard Line, in which he threatened to blow up a steamship unless he received $10,000, pleaded guilty yesterday before Judge Crain in General Sessions to an indictment, charging blackmail. Following his arrest Burton made a confession to New York detectives in the Hackensack jail. He will be sentenced as a second offender and may get fourteen years in prison.

RESORTS.
NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs.

GRAND UNION HOTEL
SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y.
LELAND STERRY
of THE BREAKERS, Palm Beach, Florida, announces that the Grand Union Hotel
Will Open July 2d
for the season of 1914, under his management.
The Hotel has been renovated and renewed throughout, the service and cuisine will maintain a high degree of excellence, and every provision has been made for the entertainment of guests of discriminating tastes.
Bookings may now be made at 243 Fifth Ave., New York. Phone, 9230 Madison Sq.

NEW YORK.—Long Island.

$12 OVER JULY FOURTH
Friday Dinner to Monday After Breakfast.
ROOM AND MEALS,
Two persons in one room, $22.
At Brighton Beach, N. Y. Ocean Parkway
REISENWEBER'S
HOTEL SHELBURNE
A delightful all-year round resort.
AMERICAN & EUROPEAN PLAN
Thirty minutes from the heart of New York. 200 rooms, 75 private baths. Every comfort and convenience. Running water in rooms. Sun parlor overlooking ocean. Social diversions. Dancing. Private bathing accommodations. Outdoor sports.
Attractive Rates to Families and Season Guests.
Write for Booklet.

BE A
LONG BEACH INN-MATE
FAMILY RESORT
AMERICAN PLAN
LONG BEACH INN, LONG BEACH, L. I.

Your vacation means health, vigor. If spent at MacLevy Health Farm, Babylon, L. I.; scientific exercise, outdoor sports, baths, billiards; purest foods. Tel. 135 Babylon.

Spier's, Edgemere.
First-class family hotel.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

RESORTS.
NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs.

NEW YORK.—Long Island.

PROSPECT HOUSE
Shelter Island Heights, L. I.
Yachting, Tennis, Bathing, Golf. Modern. Dancing. Ideal Motor Run.
SPECIAL JULY 4TH Week-end. Country and Shore combined. Booklet.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

THE REAL COUNTRY
THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
VALHALLA, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.
This season; 40 min. to 42d St. on Harlem R. R.; 70 acres park and lawns; 500 ft. elevation; 10 min. from station; capacity 200. Own dairy and vegetable garden. All outdoor and indoor sports; music and dancing. Rates, $9 to $15. Special rates July 1st to 15th, $1.00 per day. Most desirable for commuters. Garage with competent mechanic. Autos to let. Special rates to families. Private baths. Phone 1105, White Plains. Booklet.

Larchmont on the Sound, N. Y.
SCHUYLER COTTAGE
Directly on the water; 40 minutes from Grand Central; bathing, boating, fishing. Tel. at Larchmont. Mrs. T. F. Cassidy.

NEW YORK—Thousand Islands.

GO TO THE
Adirondack Mountains
OR
THOUSAND ISLANDS
on your vacation. Write us for descriptive folder, maps, hotel rates and fares. Address Travel Bureau, Grand Central Terminal, New York.

NEW YORK—Greenwood Lake.

HOTEL FERNCLIFF
GREENWOOD LAKE, N. Y.
Only 48 miles from N. Y. City; 1,000 ft. elevation; hotel affords all amusements; capacity 200. Write for rates and booklet. W. B. Chauncey, Prop.

RESORTS.
NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs.

TOOK HIS WIFE TO CONEY; DISAPPOINTED

Here's a Full Account of the Crowded Cars and the High-Priced Frankfurters.

A NEWSBOY BUNKOED HIM

Evening's Excursion of a Saddened Soul Who'll Never Go There Any More.

"Nobody will ever persuade me to leave New York for Coney Island on another hot night," remarked a visitor at one of the hotels yesterday. "The next time it seems hot I'll either take a trolley ride or go to a roof.

"My wife and I thought we would pay our annual visit last night. It was all right getting as far as the Brooklyn Bridge. Then we found there had been no improvement made in getting to the Island. Train after train came along except the Brighton Beach express, which we were told was the best one to take, and when this finally showed up it was like jamming yourself into a sardine can. Getting out at the end of the journey, we had to go downstairs, pass through a long tunnel, go upstairs again, and finally stop at a window and buy tickets to get out of the gate.

"They used to advertise Manhattan Beach as 'Swept by Ocean Breezes.' Well, I sweat by ocean breezes at Coney. There was only one spot that was cool, and I had to pay a dollar to get there and sit up above the crowd.

"We had had tea, and I thought we would fancy what is commonly termed a 'hot dog' and a glass of beer. We entered one of the open-air restaurants and followed the crowd until we came to a sort of garden. I had seen lots of frankfurters being devoured in the front part of the establishment.

"'We haven't any frankfurters except the imported kind,' the waiter said. I ordered them. He charged me $1.20 for two pairs. In front I could have got what I wanted for 20 cents. I was paying for sitting out under the sky.

"The Bowery was as hot as a Turkish bath. I thought we would look into a resort there. The ticket seller wanted to make me believe it cost 50 cents. Finally he let us in for a quarter apiece. We found the main attraction seemed to be devices where women's skirts were blown up before large audiences.

"I could not get into the spirit of the place. What we did enjoy on the Island were the freaks and the Somalis, yet we could not help pitying the latter and wondering whether the ethnological value of the exhibition was not overbalanced by the harm done to primitive people in bringing them here to exhibit.

"When we were ready to come back, the train that was about to leave was so crowded we could not get a seat, and nobody seemed to know which would be the next to get away. Finally we entered a train that a guard supposed would be the next for Park Row. After several others had gone out we started, but not before a newsboy had played a confidence game on me.

"He entered our car shouting, 'Becker to be hung at sunrise! Full confession!' At the same time proffering papers. I paid him 5 cents for one. There was not a line of news of such a character in the paper, but by the time I had learned that, the young scamp was gone.

"And that was not all. Our train stopped somewhere on the other side of the bridge, and everybody was ordered out. We had to climb down and up and walk a long distance, and finally crowd into another train just to cross the bridge. Altogether, I should not care to repeat the performance.

"I wonder if it ever struck the Brooklyn Elevated people that they could immensely increase the Coney Island business if they would only simplify the means of getting there?"

NO ROOM ON IMPERATOR

Big Liner Sails Today with Every Berth Taken.

The Imperator of the Hamburg-American Line is to sail at noon today for Cherbourg, Southampton, and Hamburg with every cabin, in all classes, full, 840 first, 510 second, 800 third, and 1,000 steerage—3,150 passengers, a record number eastbound. It is expected that there will be 7,000 persons on the pier to see the ship away.

Agents of the line said they had to shut down on the booking for the Imperator in all classes a week ago, and have turned away 100 would-be passengers.

As the liner did not arrive until Thursday morning, the stewards had much work to do to get the ship ready, so no permits were issued for visiting the Imperator this time in port.

RESORTS.
NEW ENGLAND.

RESORTS.
NEW ENGLAND.

RESORTS.
NEW ENGLAND.

Vacation Marvels at New
Mt. Kineo House
On Moosehead Lake
A picturesque inland sea, surrounded by high mountains. On all sides the virgin woods and
BIG OUT-OF-DOORS
And in the midst of it this luxurious hotel, equal in service and cuisine to the world's best.
Here you have the finest game fishing in America, or explore the wilderness, or canoe on marvellous rivers. You return to the comfort and gayety of the hotel, to dinner by a famous chef, to music and dancing.
There is also every summer sport. The motor-boat regattas attract high-powered boats from everywhere. The yacht club is the largest on inland waters. Golf and tennis tournaments are fixtures. Bathing, riding, driving archery. 1000 feet above the sea. A wonderful change for city-tired people.
Season June 24—September 28
Conducted by Ricker Hotel Company
Kineo Annex
Opens May 16th, closes Sept. 28th for early and late guests.
Send for FREE booklet "The New Mt. Kineo House"
Write or call
Vacation Bureau
171 Broadway, Room 208, New York, N. Y.
New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R.
Boston & Maine R. R. Maine Central R. R.

NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.

The Catskill Mountains
The high altitude, romantic scenery, green fields, towering crags, native grandeur, wildwood charm, attractive hotels, boarding houses, farm houses, trout streams, popular walks, drives, parks and the purest and best air in this historic, picturesque and healthful paradise, are the attractions that increase its popularity each year as a Summer resort.
The ULSTER & DELAWARE R.R.
reaches all points in this mountain sanitarium and great pleasure ground, and in connection with West Shore R. R., operates through trains, including Pullman service.
The RIP VAN WINKLE EXPRESS leaves Cortlandt Street 12:40 noon, West 42d Street 1 o'clock P. M., daily except Sunday.
Steamers of the Hudson River Day Line make direct connection at Kingston Point with afternoon trains for all points in the mountains.
The Summer time schedule for season of 1914 will go in effect Sunday, June 28th.
The annual illustrated book with revised map of the Catskill Mountain section, also map showing the great Ashokan Reservoir, and containing corrected list of over 1,000 hotels and boarding houses, will be sent free on receipt of 6 cents postage.
N. A. SIMS, General Passenger Agent, Kingston, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Ulster County.

Spend the Summer in the Clouds
2,000 Ft. Elevation. 100 miles from city.
CRAGSMOOR INN
High-class mountain inn, 100 miles from city; large, private park, broad verandas; suites with private baths and sleeping porches; guaranteed milk; ABSOLUTELY NO CANNED FOODS; all amusements; references required.
Season June 10 to October 1. Address C. D. Curtiss, Cragsmoor, N. Y.

Beautiful gentleman's place; poultry, fruit, vegetable farm; modern appointments; lawn tennis, bathing, bowling; mountains, 90 miles; references; booklet; $9-$12; cottage or floors; improvements; board optional. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster County.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks
MORLEY'S
Hotels and cottages in the heart of the Adirondacks; elevation 2,000 feet; overlooking more than 200,000 acres of solid forest, a hundred mountain peaks, and two of the most beautiful lakes in the world; trout and bass fishing, bathing, bowling, tennis, music, house physician, sanitary plumbing, pure spring water; no pulmonary invalids; booklet.
JOHN A. COLE,
Lake Pleasant, Hamilton Co., N. Y.

PROSPECT HOUSE,
BLOOMINGDALE, LAKE,
opens June 15. Special rates for automobile parties. Write for booklet. Mrs. Mary Sheehy, Schroon Lake, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Lake Mahopac.
Dean House
LAKE MAHOPAC, PUTNAM CO., N. Y.,
OPENS MAY 29.
Old-established Summer Resort, pleasantly located, commodious lawns, running to lake; fine shade trees. Good Accommodations for Automobiles. Booklet. A. H. DEAN, Proprietor.

NEW YORK—Cooperstown.
O-TE-SA-GA
ON OTSEGO LAKE, Cooperstown, N. Y.
GOLF BOATING MOTORING
TENNIS BATHING RESTING

NEW YORK—Lake Champlain.
Westport Inn
Westport, on Lake Champlain, N. Y. Cottage for rent. $19.00 week up. Booklet. H. P. SMITH.

NEW JERSEY—Spring Lake.
The New Monmouth
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
NOW OPEN
ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES. Long Distance Telephone. Canoeing, Sea Bathing, Fishing, Tennis. Superb 18-Hole Golf Course. Daily Concerts and Dancing. FRANK P. SHUPE, Manager.
THE BREAKERS
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Directly on the ocean. Now open. L. M. MOSS.

NEW JERSEY—Lake Hopatcong.
New Hotel Breslin
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THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Bradley Court, a Ten-Story Apartment on Washington Heights, Purchased by Cincinnati Investor—Another Park Avenue Apartment Site Secured by Bing & Bing—$350,000 Trade in Old Dry Goods District.

Park Avenue contributed an important deal to the realty market yesterday in the purchase for apartment house improvement of a large plot on the southeast corner of Ninety-second Street by the operators, Bing & Bing. The buyers have been active and successful operators on that thoroughfare and have built some of the finest houses there, including the seventeen-story structure on the northeast corner of Seventy-ninth Street, sold some time ago to the late Mrs. Morris K. Jesup.

Their latest purchase includes a row of seven old dwellings from 100 to 112 East Ninety-second Street and the 25-foot vacant plot at 114. The frontage on the street is 150 feet by 80 on the avenue. The buyers are having plans prepared for a twelve-story structure, and when completed it will be the "farthest north" modern apartment house on Park Avenue.

The sellers of the property were the Charter Realty Company, (Phelps-Stokes estates,) 100 East Ninety-second Street; Sarah Walheimer, 102; Gussie Spektorsky, 104; Lawrence B. Elliman, 108; Henry F. Lippold, 108; Mary Hoguet, 110; Pierre N. Hoguet, 112, and the Charter Realty Company, 114, being the vacant plot. Leon S. Altmayer was the broker who represented the sellers in the accumulation of the plot. Pease & Elliman were associated in the sale of 106.

Bradley Court Sold.

The Fort Washington Realty Company (M. S. Auerbach, President) has sold Bradley Court, a ten-story apartment on the southeast corner of Broadway and 165th Street, to a Cincinnati capitalist, taking in part trade 250 lots on Coney Island Avenue, Brooklyn; on Neck Road, Avenue W, and Avenue Y; also on Eleventh and Twelfth Streets.

The Bradley Court apartment, which occupies a plot 100 by 111, has been owned only six months by the Fort Washington Realty Company, having been acquired by it on Dec. 1 last in trade for a Fort Washington Avenue block. The deal involves about $1,000,000. I. L. Wood was the broker.

A $350,000 Investment Deal.

An interesting investment transaction involving properties in the lower part of Greenwich Village and the old dry goods district, worth, approximately, $350,000, was reported yesterday by the Charles F. Noyes Company, who sold for James H. Cruikshank and William D. Kilpatrick the new eight-story fireproof building 155 to 159 Perry Street on a plot 96 by 100, as part payment. Cruikshank & Kilpatrick have taken 24 and 26 White Street and have made the additional purchase of 25 Walker Street.

The White and Walker Street buildings are six-story structures connected with bridges and cover a plot of 6,630 square feet. The buildings are leased to J. W. McCann & Co. and Schwab & Co. subject to a net rental of $10,600, less taxes and insurance. These buildings figured in the transaction on a cash basis of $140,000. They were rebuilt about four months ago from plans of Richard Berger.

The Perry Street building is leased to the J. R. Watkins Medical Company, a millionaire drug concern, for twenty years subject to an aggregate rental of about $500,000. The purchaser of the Perry Street buildings is the Colonial Real Estate Association, of which George P. Slade is Treasurer and Alfred R. Kirkus Secretary.

Central Park West Plot Transferred.

Louis B. Schram and others, executors of the estate of Uriah Hurrman, have transferred to the Property Sales Corporation for a consideration of $117,000 the vacant plot, 45 by 100, on Central Park West, 55.11 feet south of 106th Street.

Union Square Corner in Trade.

A transaction in Union Square has just been closed whereby William Crawford has sold the nine-story commercial building at 1 and 3 Union Square West, being the northwest corner of Fourteenth Street, to the Wheatley Hills Land Company. The building occupies a leasehold plot belonging to the Van Beuren estate, formerly a part of the old Spingle farm. The plot is 57.7 feet on Union Square and 116.10 on Fourteenth Street. The holding price has been $350,000. In part payment the new owners gave a tract of 750 lots at East Williston, L. I.

Private Dwellings Sold.

Porter & Co. have sold for Lizzie I. Kelly the three-story brownstone dwelling located at 258 West 131st Street.

Van Vliet & Place have sold for the Lawyers' Mortgage Company the three-story brownstone dwelling at 132 West 131st Street, on which the same agents closed a lease for a term of years for the Diocesan Auxiliary to the Cathedral Church of St. John the Divine.

$7,000 Dyckman Deal.

Weber & McLaughlin purchased from the estate of Lydia M. White a plot of about eight lots fronting about 200 feet on 215th Street and half the block on the Harlem River, between 214th and 215th Streets, for $7,000. The purchaser will erect a dock, towers, concrete coal pockets, and garage on the property, to cost about $50,000. The plant will be completed and ready for business during the coming Winter season. Slawson & Hobbs negotiated the sale.

Bronx Sales.

The two new five-story new law flats at 1,139 Intervale Avenue and 1,001 Home Street, respectively, each on a plot 50 by 100, have been sold by John F. Fetzer for the William Sinott Construction Company to an investor. It was an all cash transaction.

Charles H. Baechler sold for the Conservative Realty Corporation a brick two-family dwelling, 2,307 Lyon Avenue, Bronx, to Stanley H. Steiner; for Richard Wonlberg, a vacant lot adjoining above premises on north side of Lyon Avenue, 25 feet east of Glover Street, to Stanley H. Steiner, and for J. J. Karby O'Kennedy, the two-family dwelling at 3,811 Carpenter Avenue, to an investor.

Howard Hayes sold for a client, to Nicholas F. Walsh, the vacant plot, 120 by 100, on the south side of 240th Street, about 125 feet west of Katonah Avenue.

The Kovacs Realty Company sold to a client for H. Lewis Cohen, 813 Faile Street, a five-story flat on a plot 40 by 100 feet.

$150,000 Brooklyn Sale.

The Public Service Commission has approved an agreement with the Transit Development Company for the purchase by the city, for use in connection with the new rapid transit railroads in Brooklyn, four parcels of land in Thirty-eighth Street, Brooklyn, between Seventh and Ninth Avenues, containing approximately 130,000 square feet, exclusive of that part lying within the lines of Thirty-eighth Street.

The city is to take the fee to the property, and to pay the company $150,000 for it. The parcels to be conveyed are described as follows:

On the north line of Thirty-eighth Street, the entire front between Eighth and Ninth Avenues, 700 feet on Thirty-eighth Street by 150 feet in depth.

On the centre line of Thirty-eighth Street, west of Eighth Avenue, 350 feet on Thirty-eighth Street by 180 feet in depth.

A strip adjoining the same on the west, 650 feet front by 57 feet in depth, irregular.

A strip 56 feet front by 540 feet in depth, irregular, on east side of Ninth Avenue, between Thirty-eighth and Thirty-seventh Streets.

$200,000 Brooklyn Lease.

An important lease in the Eastern District of Brooklyn, involving about $200,000, was closed yesterday by T. A. Baffa & Co., who leased to Schaeffer & Budenburg, manufacturers of steam gauges and thermometers, the greater portion of the new concrete factory to be erected by the Gretsch corporation on the northwest corner of Berry and South Fifth Streets, facing on the Williamsburg Bridge.

The construction of the factory, which will be seven stories, will be commenced immediately upon the demolition of the seven dwelling houses now on the plot. It will be ready for occupancy by Jan. 1, 1915.

Brooklyn.

Visco Bros. have sold 145 President Street, a three-story and basement brick building, for Mrs. G. Johnson to Antonio Valente for occupancy.

Wood, Harmon & Co. have sold at South Marlboro three lots on West Street, near Avenue Y, to J. H. Lubs, W. C. Tavenner, and J. R. Neubauer; four lots on Avenue Y, near East Second Street, to S. F. Moffett, W. C. Mitchell, E. P. Ayres, and R. H. Ripley; two lots on Brighton Court, near Ocean Boulevard, to J. Shenberger and C. R. Gibson.

I. Salzberg sold for J. Halbron to R. Pavlantonio a two-family house, on a plot 37.6 by 100, known as 1,220 Forty-second Street; also for S. Wolfinger to D. Baum a single cottage, 40 by 100, known as 1,226 Forty-ninth Street.

Friday & Lehman have sold 168 Cooper Street, a three-story double brick six-family apartment, for E. Winges to a client; also 222 Weirfield Street, a two-story and basement brick two-family dwelling for August Loesch to a client, and 1,315 Bushwick Avenue, corner Covert Street, a three-story frame corner, for Owen Reilly to an investor, who will make considerable alterations and improvements.

Investors Buy Fourteen Bronxville Plots for $100,000.

William Wiese and W. W. Elzea of Bronxville, Westchester County, have purchased for investment fourteen plots of land in the Sagamore tract at Bronxville for $100,000. This tract was opened and developed with marked success by a local syndicate about three years ago.

The remaining holdings of the syndicate will probably be divided up among the members and the syndicate dissolved.

Long Island.

Vernon Castle has purchased the Ely estate on Manhasset Bay at Great Neck for a Summer home.

The Baldwin Harbor Realty Company sold to Samuel Tauber, former manager of B. F. Keith's Colonial Theatre, thirty lots on the Grand Boulevard, Jackson Street and Northern Boulevard, overlooking the Great South Bay. The buyer proposes to build a carnival casino restaurant and a ballroom with floor space for 500.

Sale of Newark Landmark.

Rice & Hill sold for Joseph D. Fackenthal the property known as 49 Lincoln Avenue, being the corner of May Street, Newark, N. J. The property consists of a large sixteen-room house formerly occupied by Matthew T. Gay, former Mayor of Newark, on a plot fronting 114 feet on Lincoln Avenue and 240 feet on May Street.

It is the intention of the purchasers, a syndicate of builders, to improve the entire plot with two and three-family apartment houses so popular in this part of the city. The destruction of the Gay residence will mark the passing of one of Newark's old landmarks.

New Jersey.

The Hasbrouck Park Land Company has sold at Hasbrouck Park to J. & A. Kubatov a plot 50 by 125 on Williams Avenue, to C. R. Bootman a plot 50 by 125 on Stanley Avenue, to Henry Rapport a plot 25 by 125 on Longworth Avenue, to Harriet May, 374 Clinton Ave, Newark, N. J., mtg $18,000, June 23; attorney, H. W. Amell, 141 Broadway.....$1

Feist & Feist have sold for John B. Moran, executor of the estate of John Moran, to Herbert M. Waldron, President of E. M. Waldron & Co., contractors and builders, the property known as 206 Academy Street, being on the south side of the street, 100 feet east of Wilsey Street. The property has a frontage of 28 feet and a depth of 102.7 feet. It contains a large three-family dwelling and a two-story stable with wagon sheds. Mr. Waldron made the purchase for investment.

Loans Placed.

Smith & Phelps have placed a first mortgage loan of $65,000 on the new department store building recently erected by Harry Weaver at 2,962 and 2,964 Third Avenue on plot 50 by 185, running through to Bergen Avenue.

Leases.

McCarthy & Fellows have leased for the Kensington Holding Company to John R. MacMurray, for a term of twenty-one years at an aggregate rental of $150,000, 16 West Fifty-sixth Street. This property consists of a new six-story building built on lot 25 by 100, and is just west of the property recently purchased by the Calumet Club.

Sidney L. Warshawer has leased for William H. Gunther for a term of years the building at 307 West Forty-first Street to M. K. McCarthy.

Myron Reynolds, as agent of the Forty-two Broadway Building, has leased for a term of years the new Street store in the building to Charles E. Benjamin, through Albert Baker, representing Mr. Benjamin, who will shortly open a first-class drug store there.

Real Estate Notes.

Justice Greenbaum has appointed Robert W. Phillips receiver of the Goldsmith Building, a seven-story store and loft structure, on plot 52x100, at 42-44 Bond Street, in action of the Seamen's Bank for Savings, represented by Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, against Jonas G. Goldsmith.

No building plans were filed yesterday in Manhattan. In the Bronx the only plan filed was for a one-story bungalow to cost $400, to be built for Vincent Astor at 400 Pelham Parkway on the Astor holdings in that borough. E. J. L. Raldiris is the architect.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY ST.
By Joseph P. Day.

South St, 178 and 170, n s, about 65 ft e of Roosevelt St, 41.9x151.4 to Water St, (337 and 339,) 37.4x75.8, four-story tenement and stores, four-story market, and two and three story stable; withdrawn.

AT 3,208 3D AV.
By Charles A. Berrian.

Jerome Av, e s, block front between 164th and 165th Sts, 466.5x125.10± irregular, vacant; also

Jerome Av, s e corner of 164th St, 201.8x133.6x irregular, vacant; adjourned to Aug. 7.

Belmont Av, 2,506, s e s, 132.2 ft s of Fordham Road, 25x100, two-story dwelling, K. E. Pfister against Lizzie O'Leary, executrix; E. A. Acker, attorney; J. T. Doolfng, referee; due, $2,452.96; taxes, &c., $150; to Gerardo de Angelis for $4,150.

217th St, East, e s, 181 ft s of White Plains Av, 50x114; Harlem Savings Bank against Michael Brennan and others; E. S. Clinch, attorney; Myron Sulzberger, referee; due, $2,028.48; taxes, &c., $130; to the plaintiff for $2,000.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Belmont Av, w s, 200.5 ft s of 177th St, 20x irregular, 163.5 to Arthur Av, (1,911,) 201.8x189.1, two-story dwelling and brick two-story store building; adjourned to July 10.

By Joseph P. Day.

Boston Road, 1,444, s s, 110.6 ft e of Prospect Av, 25x99, four-story tenement and stores; Helen McChanning against L. F. Braun and others; Henry A. Cox, attorney; Charles Moise, referee; due, $16,781.12; taxes, &c., $1,180.05; to the plaintiff for $15,500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, JUNE 26.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BLEECKER ST, s e corner of Bank St, 45.8x50; Charles Laux, and another, executors of William Laux, to Morris Weinstein and another, 333 Central Park West, June 12; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

BOWERY, 166 and 166½, w s, 25x100, the Zerwill Co., to Morton H. Meinhard, 522 5th Av, all title, B & S, C A G, June 26; attorneys, Hays, Ff. & W., 115 Broadway.....$1

BRADHURST AV, s e corner, 149th St, 20.11x50; T. R. Smith Realty and Construction Co. to Thomas R. Smith, 730 Sherman Av, Plainfield, N. J., 2-3 parts, June 20; attorney, W. H. Dixon, 31 Nassau St.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Ella Smith to same, 1-3 part, June 20; same attorney.....$100

BROOME ST, 141, s s, 20 ft e of Ridge St, 20x80; John H. Rogan, referee, to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway, June 24; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$6,000

CENTRAL PARK WEST, w s, 55.11 ft s of 105th St, 25x100; Louis B. Schram and another, executors of Uriah Herrmann, to Property Sales Corp., 290 Broadway, June 25; attorneys, Woodward, B. & B., 1 Madison Av.....$117,000

CHERRY ST, n s, 237.5 ft e of Jackson St, 37x97.9; Griffon Realty Company to Barney Isaacs, 224 Foster Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $45,500,) June 25; attorney, L. Manheim, 302 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Barney Isaacs to Leon Tuchmann, 1,990 7th Av, (mtg $45,500,) June 25; attorney, same.....$1

EDGECOMBE AV, s w corner of 150th St, 99.11x100; Fiebla Realty Company to Ernest W. Brown, 450 West 130th St, (mtg $170,000,) all liens, June 16; attorneys, Hoadley, L. & J., 22 William St.....$100

GREENE ST, 204 and 206, e s, 100 ft s of 3d St, 50x100, (foreclosure, June 18;) Matthew A. Henkel, referee, to Central Trust Co. of New York, 54 Wall St, June 25; attorneys, Joline, L. & R., 54 Wall St.$45,000

HOUSTON ST, s s, 40 ft w of Mangin St, 20x75; Albert B. Peters and others to Mamie Delbel, 505 East Houston St, June 20; attorneys, Kramer & Kramer, 302 B'way...$1

MADISON AV, e s, 25 ft s of 56th St, 32x60; Harry C. Jones to Mabel L. Costello et al, 118 West 57th St, June 25; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

MADISON AV, w s, 25 ft n of 112th St, 25x100; Albert Freund to Harry M. Goldberg, 509 West 110th St, June 25, (mtg $22,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

PIKE ST, 18, w s, 22.6x85.9; Bessie Lewis Frank to Sarah Abrams, North Plainfield, N. J., (mtg $17,000,) June 24; attorneys, Engel Brothers, 132 Nassau St.....$100

SULLIVAN ST, 224, w s, 160 ft s of 3d St, 25x100; Sullivan St, 226, w s, 141 ft s of 3d St, 25x100; Sullivan St, 228, w s, 116 ft s of 3d St, 25x100; Moritz Gruenstein to Barnett Levy, 36 West 115th St, 1-3 part, all titles, all liens, June 11; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Company, 160 Broadway.....$100

WILLIAM ST, e s, 29.8 ft s of Fulton St, 25.1x100.7; Fulton St, 92, s s, 25.10x79.10; Harry C. Jones to Mabel L. Costello and others, 118 West 57th St, 1-3 part, June 25; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 B'way.$1

1ST AV, 2,241, w s, 20 ft n of 115th St, 20x 73; Vincenzo Manzione to Enrico Viggiani, 411 East 114th St, (mtg $14,000,) June 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

9TH AV, n w corner of 51st St, 26.2x80; Patrick Mullen to John Mullen, 301 West 61th St, ½ part, June 23, (mtg $30,000;) attorney, Joseph P. Keller, 271 Broadway.....$1

12TH ST, s s, 203 ft w of Greenwich St, 24x 80; The Wheatena Co. to Mary C. Tuting, Hasbrouck, N. J., (mtg $5,000,) June 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

15TH ST, s s, 400 ft w of 8th Av, 18.8x81; Thomas Lynch to Albert D. Moratadt, 964 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, July 1, 1913, (mtg $13,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

21ST ST, n s, 85 ft w of 6th Av, 20x48.9; Leopold W. Harburger, referee, to Max Hirsch, 210 West 140th St, June 25; attorney, A. Knox, 198 Broadway.....$150 over mortgages and $1

51ST ST, s s, 120 ft w of 8th Av, 60x100.5; Samuel Abeloff to Foleba Realty Co., 54 Malden Lane, June 24, (mtg $102,800,) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

58TH ST, 326-328 East, s s, 328 ft e of 2d Av, 44x100.5; Harry C. Williams to Isabel Sperry, 27 Clermont Av, Jersey City Heights, N. J., (mtg $53,500,) June 25; attorneys, O. or A. Hurtz, 135 Broadway.....$100

67TH ST, s s, 350 ft w of Central Park West, 50x100.5; 67th St, 40 West, s s, 400 ft w of Central Park West, 25x100.5; Lizzie W. Wright to Henry L. Armstrong, 223 Front St, Owego, N. Y., June 25; attorney, William C. Leonard, 165 Broadway....$100

79TH ST, 40 West, s s, 515.6 ft w of Central Park West, 22x100.5; Abraham Oberstein, referee, to E. Lansing Satterlee, 125 West 58th St, (mtg $30,000,) June 22; attorney, Warren A. Mayon, 35 Liberty St.....$10,000

79TH ST, s s, 235 ft w of West End Av, 65x102.2; Jacob S. Carvalho to Kelmscott Company, 1,123 Broadway, (mtg $275,000,) June 24; attorney, Leon Lauterstein, 43 Exchange Place.....$100

82D ST, 163 East, n s, 198 ft w of 3d Av, 19.2x52.2; Deborah Bernstein to Jacob Fischl, 1,233 Union Av, (mtg $12,000,) Feb. 22; attorneys, Goldsmith, R. M. & B., 1 Nassau St.....$1

84TH ST, s s, 177.11 ft w of 2d Av, 25.5x 102.2; Joseph P. McDonough, referee, to Elise E. Bohsung, admr., 322 East 82d St, June 26, 1914; attorney, Hy. P. Lippold, 63 Park Row.....$11,000

86TH ST, 124 and 126 East, s s, 286.8 ft e of Park Av, 51.1x102.2; City Real Estate Co. to Corn Exchange Bank, 13 William St, June 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

90TH ST, 8 WEST, s s, 163 ft w of Central Park West, 18x100.8; Siegfried H. May to Harriet May, 374 Clinton Av, Newark, N. J., mtg $18,000, June 23; attorney, H. W. Amell, 141 Broadway.....$1

111TH ST, 226 to 230 East, s s, 240 f tw of 2d Av, 60x100.11; Grifton Realty Company to Barney Isaacs, 224 Foster Av, Brooklyn, ½ part, June 25; attorney, L. Manheim, 302 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Barney Isaacs to Leon Tuchman, 1,990 7th Av, ½ part, June 25; attorney, same.....$1

116TH ST, n s, 402 ft w of 3d Av, 18x80; Hy Ulrich to John Danenhauer, 62 West 60th St, and John Thompson, 118 Oak St, Weehawken Heights, N. J., executors of Marie F. Ulrich, quitclaim, June 25; attorney, William L. Danenhauer, 43 Cedar St.....$100

116TH ST, 328 East, n s, 266.6 ft e of 2d Av, 16.6x100.11; Filomena De Respiris to Vincent J. Orlando, on premises, (mtg $8,500,) June 22; attorney, Jno. Lautora, 261 Broadway.....$100

118TH ST, 5 and 7 East, n s, 110 ft e of 5th Av, 50x100.10; Griffon Realty Company to Barney Isaacs, 224 Foster Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $56,500,) June 25; attorney, L. Manheim, 302 Broadway.....$1

SAME, PROPERTY; Barney Isaacs to Leon Tuchmann, 1,990 7th Av, (mtg $60,500,) June 25; attorney, same.....$1

118TH ST, 205 and 207 East, n s, 100 ft e of 3d Av, 37.6x100.10; Manhattan Holding Co. to Delancey Properties Corporation, 233 Broadway, (mtg $34,000,) June 13; attorneys, Sternberg, L. & J., 233 Broadway.$1

118TH ST, 209 and 211 East, 137.6 ft e of 3d Av, 37.6x100.10; same to same, (mtg $34,000,) June 13; attorneys, same.....$1

125TH ST, 31 West, n s, 370 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x99.11; Claudia Tinner to Cascade Realty and Construction Co., 600 West 116th St, mtg $51,250, April 2; attorney, Samuel Frank, 320 Broadway.....$1

127TH ST, n s, 150 ft e of 8th Av, 16.8x99.11; Patrick J. Leahon, referee, to Mary I. Hart, 273 West 127th St, June 26; attorney, Herbert Reeves, 55 Liberty St, $6,150

133D ST, n s, 375.6 ft e of 8th Av, 19.6x99.11; Gustav A. Derschuch to Wittnauer Realty Co., 30 West 36th St, (mtg $12,000,) June 15; attorney, Herbert Reeves, 55 Liberty St..$1

133D ST, s e corner of St. Nicholas Av, 32.3 x25.11; Alfred Fechheimer to Samuel R. Taylor, 750 St. Nicholas Av, June 24, (mtg $30,000;) attorney, Levi S. Hulse, 66 Broadway.....$1

136TH ST, s s, 75 ft e of 7th Av, 50x99.11; Morgan J. O'Brien, Jr., referee, to Walter S. Gurnee and others, trustees of Della E. Gurnee, 49 Wall St, June 15; attorneys, Sullivan & C., 49 Wall St.....$50,000

137TH ST, 124 West, s s, 300 ft w of Lenox Av, 25x99.11;; Thomas A. Herbert to Luisa Wenz, 820 Freeman St, (mtg $15,000,) June 23; attorney, G. A. Steinmuller, 1,811 3d Av.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Luisa Wenz to Gustav P. and Bertha Helfrich, 976 Fox St, (mtg $21,000,) June 24; attorney, same.....$100

Bronx.

AVENUE C, n w s, being Lot 68, map of Prospect Hill Estate, 50x125; Harry C. Jones to Mabel L. Costello et al., 118 West 57th St, 1-3 part, June 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

COURTLANDT AV, w s, 25 ft s of 154th St, 25x100; William N. Gerhardt to William Gerhardt, 685 Courtlandt Av, June 24; attorney, Thomas C. Patterson, 647 Courtlandt Av.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Margaretha Gerhardt to William H. Gerhardt, 695 Courtlandt Av, June 24; attorney, same.....$100

DE KALB AV, s e corner of 212th St, 100x75; Ellen V. McCooey to Louis G. Priess, 972 Woodycrest Av, June 15; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway...$1

FOX ST, 961, w s, 40x107.1; Augusta Gieghardt to Thomas A. Herbert and another, 215 West 140th, June 25, (mtg $30,000;) attorney, George A. Steinmuller, 1,511 3d Av.....$100

LOTS 682 to 692, map of Elizabeth R. B. King, City Island; Sarah E. Walther to Muriel M. Walther, South Amenia, N. Y., June 2, (mtg $7,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

MORRIS AV, e s, 50 ft s of Tremont St, 70.8; Morris Av, n e corner of 149th St, 30x70.3; Amelia M. Grant to Maria Holdermann, 2,117 Mapes Av, one-third part, (mtg $2,000,) June 26; attorney, M. J. Sullivan.

Willis Av and 148th St., vacant.....$100

OLINVILLE AV, w s, 164 Thwaite's Place, 44.10x101.8; Frank E. Booth to Lucy Gregory and another, 781 Elsmere Place, June 24; attorney, Charles P. Hallock, 960 East 180th St.....$100

SIMPSON ST, e s, 247.11 ft n of Home St, 25x100; James McComb, executor, to Margaretta H. McCreery, 32 Baxter Av., Elmhurst, L. I., (mtg $7,000,) June 25; attorney, H. B. Bradbury, 141 Broadway.$8,000

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 150 ft n of Home St, 25x100; William A. Keating, referee, to Morris Weinstein, 540 Westchester St, trustee, June 26; attorneys, Webber & W., 5 Beekman St.....$5,000

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 126.6 ft n of 183d St, 101.5x76.11x222.7; J. F. Hanman Co., Inc., to Wendover Hall Co., 1,662 Boston Road, (mtg $5,400,) June 25; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$1

TREMONT AV, s s, 50 ft w of Marmion Av, 50x100; Moses Lowenstein to Merchants Realization Co., Inc., 116 Nassau St, June 24, given to secure 4 notes aggregating $2,375, (mtg $21,000;) attorneys, Newman & B., 116 Nassau St.....$100

VYSE AV, w s, 175 ft s of 172d St, 25x100; James McComb, executor, to Sarah E. Martin, 42 Baxter Av, Elmhurst, L. I., (mtg $5,000,) June 25; attorney, H. B. Bradbury, 141 Broadway.....$15,000

WILLIAMS AV, w s, 175 ft s of Madison Av, 22x100, Wellman Finance and Realty Co. to John Heide, 718 Edison Av, June 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

62D ST, e s, 25 ft s from division line between Lots 870 and 915, map of Wakefield 75x148, being part of Lots 870 and 838, same map; Belle Crump to Alfred H. Cumbers, 550 7th St, Brooklyn, June 10, (mtg $4,000;) attorney, Alfred H. Cumbers, 128 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Alfred H. Cumbers to George A. Crump and another, 672 East 219th St, June 10, (mtg $4,000;) attorney, Alfred H. Cumbers, 550 7th St, Brooklyn..$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lenders' attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, 1,644, e s, 100 ft n of 88th St, 18.6x100, prior mtg $6,150; Rose Andresen, executrix of Lena Grasenaker, to Charles W. Vetermann, 1,991 Boston Road, June 24, due and interest as per bond; attorney, Hy. Seldner, 198 Broadway.....$1,850

CENTRAL PARK WEST, n s, 55.11 ft s of 105th St, 45x100; Property Sales Corporation to Union Dime Savings Bank, 701 6th Av, June 25, due as per bond; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av.....$70,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Sophie Schram, 27 West 75th St, June 25, prior mtg $70,000, due May 1, 1919; attorneys, Man & M., 56 Wall St.....$13,500

MADISON AV, e s, 25 ft s of 56th St, 32x 60; Frank A. Jones and another to Mabel L. Costello, Hackensack, N. J., June 25, 3 years; attorneys, Snedeker & S., 164 Montague St., Brooklyn.....$12,000

SULLIVAN ST, w s, 116 ft s of 3d St, 25x 100; Barnett Levy and another, executors, to Elizabeth Rubino and others, committee of Adolph Rubino, 542 8th St, Brooklyn, June 1, prior mtg —— 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$4,000

SULLIVAN ST, w s, 141 ft s of 3d St, 25x 100; same to same, prior mtg ——, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, same.....$4,000

SULLIVAN ST, w s, 166 ft s of 3d St, 25x 100; same to same, prior mtg ——, 3 years, 6 p. c., June 1; attorney, same.....$4,000

WEST END AV, e s, 67.6 ft s of 93d St, 17x —; Lizzie W. Wright to Hy. L. Armstrong, Owego, N. Y., June 25, due as per bond; attorney, William D. Leonard, 165 Broadway, $7,500

WILLIAM ST, e s, 29.8 ft s of Fulton St, 25.1x100.7; Frank A. Jones and another to Mabel L. Costello, Hackensack, N. J., June 25, 3 years; attorneys, Snedeker & S., 164 Montague St., Brooklyn.....$12,000

4TH AV, e s, 72 ft s of 120th St, 53x90; Isidor Gluck to Joseph Stampfel, 163 West 34th St, June 25, 3 years.....$2,000

82D ST, n s, 310.11 ft e of 2d Av, 18.10x102.2; Rebecca Kirschner to Miriam Tuckman, Arverne, L. I., June 1, due Dec. 31, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. N. Tuckman, 320 Broadway.....$1,000

106TH ST, s s, 325 ft w of Columbus Av, 25x100.11; Wilhelmina Tielemann to Moses Cahn, 71 East 96th St, June 26, 3 years; attorneys, Feiner & Maas, 100 Broadway.. $20,000

116TH ST, n s, 266.6 ft e of 2d Av, 16.6x 100.11; Vincent J. Orlando to Filomena De Respiris, 323 East 116th St, June 22, due Jan. 1, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorney, N. Cella, 111 Broadway.....$1,400

137TH ST, s s, 300 ft w of Lenox Av, 25x 99.11; Louisa Wenz to Elizabeth L. Herbert, 215 West 140th St, June 23, prior mtg $18,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, George A. Steinmuller, 1,511 3d Av.....$3,000

141ST ST, 605-607 West, n s, 100 ft w of Broadway, 75x99.11, prior mtg $90,000; Morris Lederman to Esther Feinberg, 583 Riverside Drive, June 25, due June 15, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Strauss & D., 5 Beekman St. $10,000

Bronx.

BAILEY AV, e s, 150 ft n of Boston Av, 75.2x82.5; also lane, w s, 140 ft n e of road from Kingsbridge to Williamsbridge, 75x 93; George N. Lucas and others to James Douglas, Palisade Av s of 239th St, June 25, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$10,000

EATHGATE AV, w s, 160.3 ft s of 172d St, 50x114.5; Bloom Realty Company to New York Savings Bank, 81 8th Av, June 26, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Webber & W., 7 Beekman St.....$38,000

FOX ST, 961, w s, 40x107.11; Thomas A. Herbert to Augusta Sieghardt, 410 East 85th St, prior mtg $30,000, June 23, due July 1, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, George A. Steinmuller, 1,511 3d Av.....$2,000

LOTS 290 and 291, map of Mapes estate, 50x 100; Adelaide Gahagan to Herman Prager, 145 Rutland Road, Brooklyn, May 1, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,500

LOTS 682 to 687, and 689 to 692, map of Elizabeth R. B. King; Ethel Walther to William Webber and others, executors, &c, 400 Riverside Drive, June 25, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. 176 Broadway.....$7,000

MORRIS AV, e s, 50 ft s of 150th St, 25x 70.3; Morris Av, n e corner of 149th St, 30x70.3; Amelia M. Grant to Amelia M. Grant, 900 East 179th St, June 26, due as per bond; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, 148th St and Willis Av.....$7,000

OLIVER AV, w s, 164 ft n of Thwaites Pl., 44.10x101.8; Lucy Gregory and another to Alfred Loweth, 1,000 East 182d St, June 24, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Charles P. Hallock, 960 East 180th St.....$3,500

SAME PROPERTY; same to Garvey Bros. Co., 1,911 White Plains Rd., prior mtg $3,500, June 24, 2 years, 5½ p. c.; same attorney.....$500

SIMPSON ST, e s, 247.11 ft n of Home St, 25x100; Margaretta H. McCreery to James McComb, executor, North Bergen, N. J. prior mtg $6,000, June 25, due Aug. 25, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. B. Bradbury, 141 Broadway.....$2,000

TIFFANY ST, w s, 231.3 ft n of 165th St, 20x100; Value Realty Co. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, June 26, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

TRINITY AV, e s, 343.9 ft s of 156th St, 18.9x80.11; Martha Kommer to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, June 26, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $5,500

VYSE AV, w s, 175 ft s of 172d St, 25x100; Sarah E. Martin to James McComb, executor, North Bergen, N. J., prior mtg $12,000, June 25, due Aug. 25, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. B. Bradbury, 141 Broadway.....$1,000

187TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Southern Boulevard, 32.9x99.5; 187th Street Construction Co., Inc., to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St., June 26, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$19,000

23D ST, n s, 155 ft w of White Plains Rd., 25x114; Arthur R. Austin to Grace I. Grose, 530 West End Av, June 25, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000

223D ST, n s, 130 ft w of White Plains Road, 25x114; same to same, June 25, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, same.....$4,000

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

LENOX AV, 664, all; Manhattan Avenue Holding Co. to Benjamin Ehrlich, 110 West 143d St, 5 years from Sept. 1, 1914....$6,800

PARK ROW, 187, store and basement; De Witt Fox and others to Louis Abrahams, 431 East 138th St., or 2 Chatham Square, from completion to May 1, 1916.....$1,800

SULLIVAN ST, 220-2, all; Premia Real Estate Co. to Saverio Laguardia, 436 West Broadway, 3 years from July 1, 1914; attorney, F. F. Marrow, 192 Broadway..$4,475

1ST AV, 1,215, store and basement; John P. Wulff to Carl Boppel, 500 East 84th St, 5 years from July 1, 1914; attorney, M. Burghard, 111 Broadway.....$1,320

3D AV, 293, store floor and rear corner; Abraham Fisher and another to Annie Greenberg, 120 2d Av, 3 years from July 1, 1914; attorney, Joseph A. Foley, 66 Broadway.....$1,800

38TH ST, East, s s, bulkhead line, runs s w 117.6x w 102.4x n 76x e 12.8x n 3.6x w 31x n e 212x e —, containing 19,071 square feet; City of New York to Joseph Gordon, Inc., foot of 38th St, East River, 5 years from Aug. 1, 1914; attorney, Corporation Counsel, Hall of Records...$3,750

49TH ST, 324 West, west store and basement; John H. Wohltmann and another to Sarah Shea, 324 West 49th St, 5 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, John T. Wall, 303 West 54th St.....$720

158TH ST, 473 West, two stores; Joseph Greissgrow and another to Max Blackman, 473 West 158th St, 4½ years from July 1, 1914.....$1,080

Bronx.

MELVILLE ST, 1,707, all; George Ringler & Co. to Frank Romano, 1,707 Melville St, 5 years from July 1, 1914

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—A disturbance from the Pacific Coast has reached the Lower Missouri Valley with increased intensity, accompanied by general showers during the last twenty-four hours over the Northwest and by strong winds north and west of the storm centre.

In the Far West the weather has generally cleared with high pressure. In the upper Mississippi Valley and lake region and in the Southwest the weather was unsettled with scattered thunder showers, while in the Northeast, the Gulf States, and the Southwest the weather was fair.

It is much cooler in New England, the Northwest, and the Rocky Mountain region, while in the Central Valleys, the South, and Southwest high temperatures continue. In the plateau region and the Pacific States it is much warmer.

The Western storm will continue Eastward, attended by thunder showers Saturday in the Upper Mississippi and Ohio valleys and the lake region, extending by Sunday into the Middle Atlantic States and New England.

Scattering thunder showers will also continue Saturday and Sunday in the South Atlantic States, while in the Lower Ohio Valley, the Gulf States, and the Western half of the country generally fair weather will prevail Saturday and Sunday.

It will be somewhat colder Saturday in the Missouri Valley and the Plains States Saturday and continued warm in the Ohio Valley and the South followed by lower temperatures Sunday in the former district. It will be warmer by Sunday in Southern New England and over the Middle Atlantic States, and cooler in the lake region.

Winds for Saturday and Sunday along the North and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be moderate south, South Atlantic Coast, gentle to moderate and variable.

FORECASTS TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York—Partly cloudy Saturday; Sunday showers.

Southern New England—Fair Saturday; Sunday, unsettled, probably showers.

New Jersey—Partly cloudy Saturday; Sunday, unsettled, probably showers.

Western New York—Unsettled Saturday, thunder showers west portion, and by night east portion; Sunday, thunder showers.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Unsettled Saturday, showers at night or Sunday.

Western Pennsylvania—Fair Saturday; Sunday, unsettled probably showers west portions.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	69	74	4 P. M.	88	76
6 A. M.	69	72	6 P. M.	84	75
9 A. M.	64	77	9 P. M.	84	68
12 M.	70	82	11 P. M.	84	68

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 76; for the corresponding date last year it was 66; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 71.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 74, at 8 P. M. it was 69. Maximum temperature 85 degrees at 1 P. M.; minimum 69 degrees at 10 P. M. Humidity 51 per cent. at 8 A. M., 56 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.06 inches, at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.02 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
12:40—408 E. 6 St.; Harry Garstan	Slight
1:40—40 Washington St.; not given	Slight
1:55—91 Murray St.; E. P. Berry & Co.	Slight
2:35—226 E. 100 St.; Martin Forster	Slight
2:45—1,632 Lyon Av.; Nathan Soles	Slight
3:25—12 W. 6 St.; Mr. Dwyer	Slight
4:20—67 E. 102 St.; Klipper Bros.	Slight
5:20—500 W. 144 St.; Florence Barber	$500
9:35—557 W. 153 St.; not given	None
11:10—222-224 W. 59 St.; Gainsborough Studio	$25
P. M.	
12:00—Grant Av., near Eastern Bvd.; Peter Plunkett	$100
1:10—3 Dover St.; not given	None
1:25—99 W. 3 St.; Jos. Ciocarilly	Slight
3:10—483 E. 170 St.; Annie Weinstraub	Slight
3:40—406 E. 158 St.; Charles Cowhen	Slight
4:45—161 St., at Wash Av.; Steinhardt Bros., (auto.)	Slight
6:10—214 W. 14 St.; John Dix & Son	$500
7:40—11 Stanton St.; Abe Gradner	Slight
8:10—47 Lewis St.; Ike Spatz	Slight
8:20—738 5 St.; Morris Greenberg	Slight
9:45—242 Fox St.; H. Emile	Slight
11:05—189 Division St.; Edel Kaplan	Slight

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The following have been approved:

Report of Mr. Hilseng, Engineering Examiner, on the report of the Comr. of Water Supply, for approval of the change of title of W. W. Gould, Inspector of Pipes, Pipe Laying, Hydrants, &c., to Inspector of Supplies, and hiseng advises that the employe could be assigned to the new duties without change of title, but if he desired, a promotion examination could be called for all inspectors of Pipes, Pipe Laying, Hydrants, &c.

Report of J. A. Sheehan, examiner, recommending that the commission place the three names of men suspended as asst. gardeners from the Park Dept., Bklyn., on the preferred list of laborers, for the reason that at the time of the reclassification of positions, Dec. 31, 1903, the title of asst. gardener was discontinued and the position automatically became classified as laborer.

Report of Mr. Rafferty relative to his investigation as to character and experience of candidates on the list of nurse. He recommends that the list be promulgated.

United States.

A competitive examination for cartographer in agriculture and geography, for men only, will be held on July 13 to fill a vacancy in the Bureau of Plaint Industry, Dept. of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., at a salary of $1,500 a year. Competitors will not be assembled for examination, but will be rated on general and technical education, experience and fitness, publications, and theses. An educational training, including courses in political and physical geography, is a prerequisite. Applicants must have reached their twenty-first but not their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

EDUCATION NOTES.

At the annual meeting of the Association of Model Teachers the following were elected: President, A. Grace Gibson, New York Training School; Vice Presidents, Florence Sweeney, Jamaica Training School; Fl Ursula Payne, Brooklyn Training School; Nellie Moorcroft, New York Training School; Secretary, Emily M. Schluenzen, New York Training School; Treasurer, Mabel F. Crane, Jamaica Training School.

The four classes in the Children's Society will be continued during July and August as an annex to Public School 40.

Assignments—Mary M. Keough, William Flanagan, and Anna A. Oberle to the office of the District Superintendent in charge of vacation schools from July 1 to Aug. 28; and Susie M. Daniels to the office of the Supervisor of Continuation Classes from July 1 to Aug. 7, with compensation at the rate paid to clerks in elementary schools.

Permission has been granted to Carl A. Krause, a teacher in the Jamaica High School, to be absent without loss of pay on June 29 and 30 and Sept. 11 to 14 for the purpose of delivering lectures at the University of Marburg, Germany.

The Board of Education will renew the leases of premises 4,020 Eighteenth Avenue, Brooklyn, occupied as an annex to Public School 184.

A school site has been selected on Colonial Avenue, Meteor and Livingston Streets, Forest Hills, Queens.

James Wheeler has been appointed a topographical draughtsman in the Buildings Bureau, in place of James V. Quinlan, resigned.

Rooms not needed for elementary school purposes in Public School 22, Richmond, will be set aside as an annex to the Curtis High School.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

DONALD, JOSEPH D., (June 8;) more than $10,000 personalty in uncomputed amounts to Frank D. Moffat, brother-in-law; Annie D. Hoxe, sister, and Lizzie D. Moffat, sister.

GODWIN, HENRY A., (May 17;) $2,500 personalty; $500 to Lottie Miller.

HICKS, HENRY, (June 18;) more than $10,000 realty and more than $25,000 personalty; $14,250 to Hales D. Maxwell, niece; $4,750 to Marie Downs; $5,000 to Estelle Burrigund; $2,000 each to Melissa Francis and Wilson Payne; $1,940 to Eugene Blanc; $1,000 to the Colored Orphan Asylum; $500 each to Samuel Werdenschlag, Silver Werdenschlag, Elmore Tonkins, Edgar Collins, and Eugene Plunket; $300 to Eames Hachle; $200 to Louis Lamino.

REGAN, MARY, (June 20;) about $16,000 personalty; $1,000 each to Edward Sweeney, cousin, Catharine Barry, Catharine O'Brien, Francis S. McAvoy, Jr., and the N. Y. Foundling Hospital; $500 each to the Council of St. Catharine of Genoa, the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, the Little Sisters of the Poor, the Church of St. Elizabeth, Seton Hospital, and the mother superior of the Servants of Relief for Incurable Cancer; $250 each to Nora Gallagher, the Rev. James Sheridan, St. Joseph's Home, and St. Raymond's Cemetery.

RHINELANDER, SERENA, (June 11;) more than $10,000 each of realty and personalty; details of will published elsewhere in THE TIMES.

SAGER, WILLIAM, (June 18;) more than $5,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty; $500 to Greenwood Cemetery; $250 to Carrie D. Williams; residue to William J. Sager, son, and Carrie P. Sager, daughter.

WILLIAMS, ELIZABETH H., (June 21;) more than $200,000 of realty and personalty; $1,000 and annuity of $2,400 to Anne S. Chase, sister; more than $250,000 to Thomas Henry, and Waldron Williams, sons; more than $10,000 each to Marion Margaret, and Douglas Williams, grandchildren.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—1st Lt. F. M. Wall, M. R. C., Ft. Lawton, Wash., to Ft. Columbia, Wash.

1st Lt. G. M. Russell, 15 Cav., to West Point, Aug. 24, for duty at Academy.

Maj. H. L. Gilchrist, M. C., June 27, to Tobyhanna, Penn., for duty pertaining to the camp of instruction for medical officers to be held there, then return to station.

Leaves: 1st Lt. R. G. Craven, Phpn. Scouts, 1 mo. ext.; 1st Lt. B. F. Ristine, 18 Inf., 1 mo and 10 days, on arrival in U. S.; 1st Lt. J. H. Tierney, Phpn. Scouts, ext. to Sept. 5.

Navy Orders.

Lt. Com. L. Core, commissioned from Feb. 21.

Lt. F. McCommon, from Nav. Acad., Annapolis, to the Arkansas.

Lt. J. S. Evans, commissioned from March 1.

Jr. Lts. L. L. Lindley, M. Kelley, R. C. Paxton, E. G. Hass, F. Van Valkenburgh, H. G. Cooper, Jr., A. G. Kirk, E. M. Woodson, G. K. Stoddard, J. S. Spore, W. W. Smith, H. T. Smith, F. W. Scanland, C. E. Reordan, P. H. Rice, C. H. Morrison, B. V. McCandlis, V. J. Dixon, J. N. Boyle, A. L. Ede, G. Bradd, L. E. Bye, and F. C. Bowman, commissioned from June 5.

P. A. Surg. G. F. Clark, Nav. Med. School, to the Michigan.

Asst. Surg. E. E. Woodland, the Michigan, to order.

Asst. Surg. A. J. A. Hamilton, M. C., commissioned from June 19.

Mach. R. M. Huggard, Nav. Coal Depot, New London, Conn., rec. ship at N. Y.

Carp. C. P. Baker, Norfolk yard, to the Virginia.

Ch. Pharm. M. D. Baker, commissioned from April 17.

The midshipmen of the graduating class of 1914 have been commissioned as Ensigns from June 6, 1914.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Yorktown at Mare Island; Marblehead at Tiburon; Washingtonian (chartered) at New York Yard; Rocket at Norfolk; Lawrence at La Paz; Annapolis at Santa Rosalia; Scorpion at Smyrna, and the Saratoga at Nanking.

Sailed—Marietta, La Romana, Santo Domingo for Sanchez, San Domingo; Uncas and Baker; Annapolis for Newport; Rea, Philadelphia for Charleston; Buffalo and St. Paul, Pribilof for Unalaska; Dolphin, Key West for Washington; New Orleans, San Blas for Manzanillo.

The Vicksburg has been detached from duty with the Pacific fleet and placed in reserve at the Puget Sound Yard on June 25.

Revenue Cutter Service.

Const. F. A. Hunnewell to depot on business.

1st Lt. H. H. Wolf to Norfolk, Va., for duty in connection with target practice on the Onondaga.

Capt. K. W. Perry to take charge of the course during the races of the Chelsea Yacht Club at Atlantic City, N. J., June 27.

1st Lt. W. E. Atlee detached from the Snohomish as of May 23, 1914.

Leaves: 1st Lt. of Engrs. C. H. Porcher, 45 days, beginning July 6; Capt. C. E. Johnston, 5 days, en route to Halifax, N. S.; 1st Lt. E. S. Addison, 30 days, beginning July 15, and 1st Lt. C. M. Gabbett, 50 days.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale.

At Less than Assessment.—Executor's sale, two-family house, 235 East 62d St. See R. M. De LEEUW & CO., 16 Broad St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

APARTMENT HOUSE.

Brick and stone; 17 rooms and 3 bathrooms, (3 apartments;) 40x100; all improvements; steam heat; 1,788 West 13th St., King's Highway; on Sea Beach line of subways nearing completion; $8,500; 60 per cent. on mortgage. Owner, Herman B. Goodstein, 38 Park Row, New York.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

ESTATES OF GREAT NECK.

Twenty-seven minutes from Penn. station; electric train service; near water front; golf links, churches, schools; will sell or rent beautiful new hollow tile, stucco, all-year home; 8 rooms, 3 baths; lawn, shade, gardens, garage; plot 60x125; $1,000 cash; balance same as rent. A. G. Delamater, Great Neck Station. Telephone 350.

2½ ACRES, GOOD SOIL, CORNER.

Large 7-room house, attic and cellar; good condition; small barn; convenient to Sound shore, trolley, and centre village; $5,500; 10 per cent. cash, balance easy terms. Would make a fine chicken farm or country home. Edwin N. Rowley, Northport, L. I.

$500 for season; best location Floral Park; 10 rooms, all improvements; large shade trees; new vegetable garden; near station and trolley. Owner, Box 115, Floral Park, Long Island.

FREEPORT, THE QUEEN SUBURBAN CITY.

Bargains in houses and plots, exchange considered. Seale, Freeport or 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Winter Cottage, near beach; 9 rooms, 3 baths, large plot; near Sound Beach. Opportunity to rent and apply rent on purchase price. Excellent bathing, boating, fishing, golf and tennis. Thomas J. Good, 505 Fifth Ave.

First-class bungalow for sale below cost, $9,000. C. R. Allen, 232 Huguenot St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

Model homes for sale, $4,500 up. Oliver Hubbard Co., 10 S. 3d Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Bargain—$6,500, very easy terms, beautiful country home; very large shaded grounds, fruit trees; elevation 300 feet; 40 rooms, 10 usually large living room; open fireplaces, two baths, butler's pantry, huge veranda, open terrace; electricity, steam heat; all city conveniences; superb views; fishing, boating; 44 minutes from Hackensack Railroad; near station; lake, schools, country club, tennis courts, unparalleled country advantages; near New York City. Address A. D. BROWN, Box 295 Times Downtown.

Ridgewood, N. J.—Thirty minutes from New York. I have built and offer two attractive, small houses; also few choice lots, upon which I will assist buyer seeking permanent home to finance and build. I have set out shade and fruit trees, hedges, bushes, and small fruits. These lots, being adjacent to my residence, will be restricted as to character of improvements. F. J. Heiderich, Accountant, 89 Broadway, New York. (Tel. 4794 Rector.) and Ridgewood, N. J.

Six-room cottage at Westfield, N. J., price $4,800; very easy terms; country home, with all city advantages; large plot for vegetable garden, room for 200 chickens; send for photograph. Home and Gardens Company, E. J. Lockwood, Agent, Woolworth Building, New York.

Funwood, N. J.—Large farm plot, containing 20 city lots, to be sold on a monthly payment of $10; price for entire plot, $1,200; makes splendid chicken farm; big bargain; inquire for particulars. E. J. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York.

A good farm, 65 acres, 15 woodland; brownstone house; all improvements; barns, outbuildings; macadamized street; excellent neighborhood; attractive location; convenient communication; photos. Stevens & Tetor, Ridgewood, N. J.

Cottages and semi-bungalows; fine location; 5 minutes from station; large plots; all improvements; guaranteed to please; one visit will convince; may be rented with purchase option. Send for photos. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Astonishing Bargain.—Charming bungalow with rustic porch, beautiful shade; $650; fascinating mountain scenery and river; good fishing, boating, bathing; commutation, 13 cents; 39 minutes. Address owner, 79 Times Downtown.

Beautiful Fanwood, N. J.—Cottages for sale on easy monthly payments; pictures and floor plans, prices, terms, &c., upon request. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York.

Real Opportunity.—To rent, at $35, new nine-room semi-bungalow, 6 minutes station; large plot; fine section; every improvement. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

ASBURY PARK, ALLENHURST, DEAL.

Furnished cottages for rent.

W. C. Burroughs, Asbury Park, N. J.

Asbury Park to Long Branch; Summer homes. Jacob A. King, 206 Broadway, N. Y.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

GREENWICH.—Gentleman's country estate, 5 acres; beautifully parked; house, 20 rooms, overlooking the Sound; 4 baths, garage, gardener's cottage. Satisfactory terms. No exchange considered. C 55 Times.

Water-front plot for sale at attractive price, near Sound Beach, 165x150; all improvements. Terms. Thomas J. Good, 505 Fifth Av.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

Narragansett Pier Casino, Broker's office to rent. With board if desired. Apply W. Herbert Caswell, Narragansett Pier, R. I.

Real Estate—For Sale or Exchange.

Amityville.—Gentleman's fine ready-made place, about two acres, abundance of shade, fruit trees, shrubs and flowers; beautifully situated, convenient to water; garden growing every vegetable, all kinds of berries; parlor, living, dining room, and kitchen; four bedrooms; running water each; tiled bath; awnings and screens in all windows and large front and back porch; hot water, heat, gas, and electricity; child's playhouse; garage for three cars; 2 rooms upstairs; stable; chicken house and runs; fine horse, wagon, and chickens; sell, rent, or might exchange for residence in Brooklyn, Ridgewood, or Glen Ridge. J. H. T., 50 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Tel. 5850 Main or 183-R Amityville.

Mortgage Loans.

Thirty-five Cents a Line.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—First, 5%; Seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 16 Broad St.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.

100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av. 1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.

Dishes, cooking utensils, and silver.

Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near 7th and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

207th St., (Broadway Subway.)—To sublet July 1, for Summer months, three large, light, cool rooms; neatly furnished; electric lights; telephone; bath; reasonable. Feeney, 157 Vermilye Av.

Rent room or share beautiful apartment with congenial gentleman, 610 Riverside Drive; all rooms face river; convenient subway and 9th Av. couch; must be seen to be appreciated. Apartment 58.

New, elaborately furnished, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, high-class elevator apartments; reduced lowest Summer rates, $5, $12.50 weekly. Windermere, 343 St. Nicholas Av., corner 127th.

29th, 52 West.—Two rooms and bath; extension room; 8 windows; easterly, westerly, southerly exposure; delightfully cool; electricity; telephone extension; immediate possession.

207th St., (Broadway Subway.)—From July 1 for Summer; three large, light, cool rooms, neatly furnished, bath, telephone, and electric; references. Feeney, 157 Vermilye Av.

To sublet July and August, newly furnished 3-room housekeeping apartment in new apartment house, opposite Columbia Campus. Apartment 91, 423 West 120th St.

SUBLET, FURNISHED.

Two 2-room—one 3-room apartment.

HOTEL WALTON,

104 West 70th St.

82d St., 308 West, The Selkirk.—Elevator apartment, two rooms, bath, kitchenette, to sublet until October; top floor; cool; view overlooking Hudson.

Two rooms and private bath; breakfast if desired; one block from Subway and "L." 65 Central Park West. 4488 Col.

To Sublet.—At Bretton Hall, 86th-Broadway, 2 rooms and bath to Sept. 1; $45. Apt. 232. Athey.

51st St., 72 West.—Two rooms and bath; all improvements; business people; Summer rate.

Cool, two rooms, bath, kitchenette for Summer; elevator. Hart, 10 West 61st.

32 West 123d.—Two rooms, bath, $32; including maid service, piano, light.

118th, 418 West.—Six rooms; light, cool; piano, elevator, telephone. Apt. 52.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

To sublet, elevator apartment, six rooms; all outside; dining room 14x18; other rooms in proportion; six weeks free; possession July 1. Apartment 5D, 974 St. Nicholas Av.

Apartment, 5 rooms, 610 Riverside Drive; all rooms face river; southern and western exposure; rent furnished or unfurnished; owner leaving city. Inquire Apartment 58.

St. Nicholas Av., 424, Near 130th.—Select apartment; 7 rooms and bath; $28; redecorated; steam heat; hot water.

Apartments 1, 2, 3 rooms and bath, 26 West 45d St. Apply D. R. Jamieson, 500 5th Av.

38-40 West 98th.—Apartments, 4-5 rooms; improvements; cheap rent; near L.

88th St., 101 West.—Seven-room apartment; all modern improvements; $40-$50.

84th, 117 West.—Apartment 7 rooms; high-class house; sublet very reasonable.

159th, 465 West.—High-class apartment, 5, 6 rooms; Subway; $22-$44.

169 West 80th, near Subway and L; 8 rooms, bath; improvements. Janitor.

Bronx.

Upper part, two-family house; nine rooms; all improvements. 947 Sherman Av., 163d and 164th St., near Melrose station.

Country Property

Thirty cents a line.

To Let—Furnished.

Immediate possession of one of the best places in Westchester County; 35 minutes from New York; at nominal rental to highly responsible party, as owner must leave town immediately; exceptional large and beautiful place; phone for appointment. Telephone 1521 Pelham.

Far Rockaway, L. I.—Furnished cottage, 44 Crescent St., 8 bedrooms, bath, dining room, parlor, kitchen, butler's pantry, laundry; all modern improvements; 5 minutes from Far Rockaway depot; to rent July and August, $300. Telephone 86 Far Rockaway.

Delightful, cool, handsomely furnished 7-room house; all improvements; excellent neighborhood; Maplewood, N. J., 30 minutes from New York, Lackawanna R. R.; July 1 to Oct. 1; $45 a month. Address 98 Laurel St., Maplewood, N. J. Phone 655 W So. Orange.

Patchogue.—Four and six rooms, furnished; new rustic bungalows; by the season or month; beautiful pine groves; boating, fishing, bathing; views mailed. Dimmerling, Corona, N. Y. Phone 202 Newtown.

Furnished six rooms, bath, open fireplace, large piazza, electricity, improvements; fine location; reasonable rent; bathing. Briggs, Rowayton, Conn.

Rent reduced; lovely place; shady lawn; near water; 12-room furnished house; garage; sell cheap; Mamaroneck, N. Y. Phone 124R before 2. Box 656.

To Let.—Cottages on ocean front; $300 up. D. W. Clark, Hamorock, Mass.

Bungalow, new. Apply Ocean and Jarvis Lane, Far Rockaway; ready July 4.

Wanted.

Wanted, July, August, furnished house with grounds; 10 or more bedrooms; modern improvements; near R. C. Church; house on or near water preferred; rent must be moderate. C. B., Times Harlem.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

Private office, furnished, in desirable suite in financial district, with telephone and stenographic facilities; to a business gentleman in quest of refined surroundings the above will meet his requirements. Address G 302 Times Downtown.

ATTRACTIVE CORNER OFFICE, Hudson Terminal Building, furnished or unfurnished; immediate possession. For further particulars apply to W. A. Pusch, telephone 1741 Hamilton.

Broadway, N. E. Cor. 39th St. Splendid Light Offices. Special Summer rates.

DESK ROOM.—Best location in New York; 25 West 42d St., Suite 612.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

57TH AV., 47 (Opposite First Presbyterian Church).—Very desirable, cool rooms; transients and permanent; every convenience; table guests.

84TH ST., 117-119 EAST. (Near Park Av.)—Double and single rooms, with board.

76TH, 32 EAST.—Front suite, single room; board optional; Summer rates.

62D ST., 16 EAST.—Fine rooms; parlor dining; Summer prices; board optional. Plaza 7613.

LEXINGTON AV., 965, (near 70th St.)—Large, small room; electricity; phone; table guests.

MADISON AV., 166, near 34th.—Rooms with superior table; transients accommodated; references.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Cool rooms; front parlor; refined surroundings; transients; board optional.

16TH ST., 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

53D, 57 WEST.—First-class rooms; board; excellent transportation; reduced rates; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.

Single, double rooms; Summer rates; references.

56TH ST., 332 WEST.—Double, single rooms; excellent board; table guests; references; telephone.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Large, airy rooms to rent for Summer; references required.

57TH ST., 351 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms, private bath; board optional; references exchanged.

57TH ST., 47 WEST.—Choice accommodations; single rooms, $7.50; large rooms, $10; superior cuisine.

97TH, 325 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room, second floor front; excellent table; reference.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large pleasant room, running water; excellent table; moderate.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

72D, 209 WEST.—Large, cool front room with bath; small rooms; superior table; Summer rates.

72D ST., 121 WEST.—Handsome double front room; single room; $8; excellent table.

73D ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable rooms near Subway and elevated express; table board; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Nineteenth year; large, small rooms; baths; excellent table; ref.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.

Desirable cool, airy rooms; excellent table.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large and small, cool, airy rooms; excellent table; table guests.

77TH, 266 WEST.—Beautiful room; all conveniences; excellent table; Summer rates; Subway; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 152 WEST.—Unusual and attractive pensions," with large parlors, tearoom, and lounge; Southern cooking; white maid service; private telephone; booklet on request.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Exceptionally fine rooms, with board; private bath if desired.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST. (Riverside Drive, Central Park.)—Cool, comfortable; a satisfactory home for refined people; new high-grade furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; advantageous rentals now.

86TH, 124 WEST.—Desirable, cool, quiet rooms; electricity; ideal location; generous table.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Cool rooms, single, en suite, private bath, excellent cuisine, Summer rates.

82D, 54 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; private baths; excellent table; Summer rates.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Desirable room; private bath; breakfast or table board. Schuyler 8297.

83D ST., 5 WEST.—Open all Summer; cool, quiet; permanent, transients; table excellent.

87TH ST., 70 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; references; table guests.

89D ST., 20 AND 31 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; parlor dining room; table guests.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Large, small rooms, near Park; table boarders; telephone; reference.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Large room, with or without private bath; excellent cuisine; reasonable.

113TH, 544 WEST.—Single and double rooms; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

115TH ST., 625 WEST.—Attractive large front rooms, near Riverside; table guests; terms reasonable.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Attractively situated large and small front rooms; table guests.

115TH ST., 604 WEST. (Riverside.)—Large rooms; elevator apartment; couple, two young men. Peters.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Desirable Summer location, rooms, with or without private baths; electricity.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583, (near 137th St. Subway.)—Room and board; home cooking. Apartment 34.

ROCKHURST.—Country in city limits; high, cool, shady piazzas; grounds; country club opposite. Lesley, (Kingsbridge 104 M.) Spuyten Duyvil.

THE WOODBURT, 855 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, two blocks north 157th Subway; country house; wonderful grounds. Audubon 4412.

Board Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

Young business lady wants board with private family. $5. Box Z 304 Times Annex.

Country Board

Thirty cents a line.

Staten Island.

Refined boarders wanted in private house, St. George Heights; large grounds, shrubbery; overlooking bay; five minutes from ferry. 51 Hyatt St., New Brighton.

Westchester County.

LIMITED NUMBER OF CHILDREN carefully supervised on 50-acre estate along the Hudson, within New York City limits, June 10 to Sept. 10; rates moderate. Phone 367 Kingsbridge. Address Miss L. Friedrich, Riverdale-on-Hudson, N. Y.

KINMONT, OVERLOOKING HUDSON.

Large lawn with deep, cool shade, where worries blow away; large connecting rooms; airy veranda; excellent table. Telephone 908. Miss Lane, 182 North Broadway, Yonkers.

Long Island.

EXCLUSIVE BOARDING.

Capacity limit, 10; rates, $15 to $20 per week. Mrs. Wilmot M. Smith, Patchogue, L. I.

EUREKA HOUSE—S. TALLET, PROP. CEDAR AVENUE—FAR ROCKAWAY.

Perfect home; spacious grounds; table best; boating, fishing. Refined people only. Moderate terms.

Accommodate few guests, exclusive sea shore resort; 40 minutes from Manhattan; South-ern cooking; homelike; near Boardwalk. P. 314 Times Downtown.

BAY SHORE, L. I.

Beautiful country home on Great South Bay; sailing, bathing, fishing; excellent table; delightful surroundings; $12 up. Box 414.

Furnished rooms with plain table board; adults only. Call before 12 A. M. or after 6 P. M. 60 Holland Pier, Rockaway Beach.

Beechhurst—Bathing, boating, fishing; only half hour's ride from Pennsylvania station, N. Y.; private family. L 66 Times.

Connecting ocean rooms; suitable family; excellent board. 50 113th St., Rockaway Park.

New York State.

PLEASANT VIEW HOUSE, Dover Plains, Dutchess County.—100 acres; excellent board; modern; $8-$9. Kayser, 520 W. 122d.

New Jersey.

LENOX MANOR.

New, beautifully furnished, homelike, large, airy rooms; private baths; exceptional table; low Summer rates. 75 Lenox Av., East Orange. Phone 5075 Orange.

East Orange, (69 South Burnett St.)—Large, cool room in quiet modern home; screened porch; shady grounds; good table; convenient trains and trolleys.

THE NEW ENGLAND, ORANGE, N. J. 211 Lincoln Av.; refined, homelike accommodations.

Connecticut.

Attractively furnished room and excellent board for two at private cottage; near water, Cos Cob; 40 minutes from Grand Central; reasonable. Miss G. Wilson, Cos Cob.

New England.

Hilltop Comfort House.—Ideal place to rest; references. 116 East 17th St.

Country Board Wanted

Thirty cents a line.

Young lady desires first-class board with private family, within 2 hours from 42d St. to Aug. 8; state rates, other information, with references. Miss M. Prigge, 48 Hamilton Terrace, N. Y.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

5TH AV., 23.—Parlor floor, suitable doctor; splendid rooms and location; private bath; would rent unfurnished or singly.

17TH, 130 EAST.—Desirable, well furnished rooms, en suite or single; transients.

19TH, 151 EAST. (Fairfax Arms.)—Elegant rooms; high-class elevator house; bath, telephone; all night service; light and airy; refined surroundings; moderate rates.

19TH ST., 134 EAST.—Two comfortable large connecting rooms, bath, telephone; private family; all conveniences.

29TH, 118 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms; private family; all conveniences; telephone.

31ST, 18 EAST.—Single room, $3.50; other rooms reasonable; bath and phone; 2 blocks from Hudson tube, Subway, Broadway, and 4th Av. car lines.

44TH, 138 EAST.—Very desirable hall room, in private house; gentlemen.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome room; private bath; single rooms; Summer rates; telephone.

48TH, (416 Madison Av.)—Desirable house; rooms, suites; Summer rates; near Subway.

49TH ST., 24 EAST.—Large and small rooms, bath, kitchenette, telephone; $4 to $8.

53D ST., 61 EAST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; private bath; lavatory; dressing room.

90TH, 154 EAST.—Single and double rooms; light, cool; reasonable.

72D, 178 EAST.—Front room, 4 windows, big closet; $5; hall room, $3.

74TH, 156 EAST.—Kitchen and dining room; running water; hall room; convenient; telephone service.

93D, 31 EAST.—Two elegantly furnished rooms; private house; private family; breakfast; references.

PRIVATE HOUSE, Dover Plains, Dutchess County.—100 acres; excellent board; modern; $8-$9. Kayser, 520 W. 122d.

New Jersey.

LENOX MANOR.

New, beautifully furnished, homelike, large, airy rooms; private baths; exceptional table; low Summer rates. 75 Lenox Av., East Orange. Phone 5075 Orange.

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Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

MADISON AV., 180 and 182, (near 34th.)—Large and small rooms; telephone.

West Side.

97TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite; single; transit facilities unsurpassed; electricity; references.

97TH ST., 41 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; private baths; Summer rates. Telephone 1521 Stuyvesant.

102D ST., 17 WEST.—Cool rooms; single or en suite; running water, electricity, telephone; breakfast; reasonable rates. Mrs. Bean.

103D ST., 136 WEST.—Private family will let large and small room; modern apartment; ground floor; reasonable. Phone McLeod.

29TH ST., 19 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week; one or two persons; room and suites, with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $4, $5 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

48TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; small ones; telephone 3296 Bryant.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Fine large single front room, every convenience; reasonable; select household.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional. Bryant 4080.

53D, 62 WEST.—Large, cool, airy room, private bath; small room; reasonable.

56TH ST., 336 WEST.—Suite or single; one flight front; select apartment. Jensen.

57TH ST., 128 WEST.—Neatly furnished, cool room; all conveniences. Tel. Col. 2808.

68TH, 25 WEST.—Well appointed, luxurious house; every improvement; Summer rates.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Connecting rooms; private bath; large single rooms; modern conveniences; gentlemen.

70TH, 206 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms; also parlor floor; reasonable.

70TH, 43 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms in quiet, well kept private house.

71ST, 75 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, single or en suite; electricity, telephone; references. Morris.

75D ST., 153 WEST.—Large and small, attractively furnished, well-kept rooms; running water; electricity; private baths; Subway express; Summer rates.

78D ST., (Near Broadway.)—Room in private family for business gentleman. L 22 Times Annex.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Two large adjoining rooms, just furnished; modern apartment; Summer rates. Apt. 2B.

COOL ROOMS.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive rooms; one private bath; suitable physician; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 171 WEST.—COOL ROOM; CONTINUOUS HOT WATER; REFERENCES.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; conveniences; Summer rates; references.

77TH ST., 301 WEST.—Large, light, newly furn

TURN GUNDA OUT, TRAINER'S ADVICE

Not Necessary to Build an Arena, the Yard Is Strong Enough, Says Max Gruber.

EXERCISE WHAT HE NEEDS

After a Run of a Few Hours He Could Be Tied Up Again for a Time—Chains Criticised.

That old negro camp-meeting song that rolls on with the recurring line "Oh, Mona! You shall be free!" has been adopted, in spirit at least, by the humane persons who have made the cause of Gunda, the big Indian elephant chained in the Bronx Zoo, their own. Their protests are rising to a chorus that runs, "Oh, Gunda! You shall be free!"

The Director of the Zoo, Dr. William T. Hornaday, as well as THE TIMES, is being deluged with letters which prove that spectators of Gunda's plight do not agree with the Director that he is not suffering after being chained to the concrete floor by two legs for two long years.

Carl E. Akeley, Assistant Curator of the American Museum of Natural History, who has hunted elephants in Africa and studied them in their native haunts, smiles at the idea that Gunda does not mind wearing chains and being compelled to stand in one spot facing a brick wall.

"Any living creature would suffer from such treatment," says Mr. Akeley, "and Gunda belongs to the most intelligent class of animals in existence. I suggest that they chain a man up by a leg and an arm for just twenty-four hours and see how he likes it. See if the chains don't become a burden to him. If they can't keep the elephant without putting him in chains all the time, it is only justice for them to shoot the poor brute. He is a fine specimen and if he were dead and stuffed he would at least not furnish an object lesson of physical suffering."

Max Gruber, a German animal trainer who has been in the show business all his life, and his father and grandfather before him, went up to the Zoo to see Gunda and had a talk with the keepers and Dr. Hornaday.

"Dr. Hornaday used many big words out of books that I am not familiar with, so I had to tell him that I only know elephants by experience," said Gruber yesterday. "I volunteered to go after the cage with him and take the chains off him and make him obey me inside of four days, but Dr. Hornaday declined. He said if the elephant was turned loose he would kill some one and then they would have to shoot him. And they don't intend to shoot him, not for any consideration.

"I told him that they had Gunda chained all wrong. He has one chain on his right front leg and one on his left hind leg. Those chains ought to be both on the same side. As it is now when he tries to move he throws one leg over the other and twists the chain. When he gets the links twisted in the chain it shortens his step so that he can't lie down.

"As a matter of fact, there is no necessity for having more than one chain on that elephant. My elephant Minnie is almost as big as Gunda, and I have only one chain on her when she is in the stall. But it is a much heavier chain. The links are three-quarters of an inch thick. The chains on Gunda are only about a quarter-inch thick. Only there is no swivel on them. There should be a swivel on them so that they can't get twisted. With a heavy swivel chain they could afford to let Gunda have ten feet of chain to move around, and then he could lie down easily.

"I see no reason why Gunda can't be let out in his yard. If an elephant trainer went up there and stayed around his cage for three days until he got used to his voice and became acquainted with him, he could then take off the chains and let Gunda loose in his yard. They don't need to build an arena for him. The iron bars on that yard will hold any elephant.

"I'll tell you another little scheme for keeping a frisky elephant in hand. This is my own trick. You put a chain round each of his fore legs like a pair of bracelets and leave about two feet of chain or less between them. Now he can take only a short step. And from this connecting chain let another one, about four feet long, drag on the ground. If he tries to make a break he will plant one of his hind feet on this dragging chain and will check himself by the swing. Gunda wouldn't travel far with such a harness on him."

"Did you notice an African pigmy elephant in the elephant house?" the reporter asked Mr. Gruber.

"Yes. He ought to be shot. He is crippled up so badly with rheumatism that he can't stand straight on his legs," he said. "I asked Dr. Hornaday if the elephants stood on that concrete floor all Winter, and he said: 'Yes; why?' I told him they would all get rheumatism. My elephant, Minnie, gets ill in the Winter time just from walking through the streets in the snow to the theatre. We keep her bedded in sawdust and on dry wood floors, but every now and then she gets a bad leg.

"You can't do much with an elephant if you're afraid of him. He knows it. But if he feels you are his master, he'll act like a big baby with you most of the time. Gunda isn't full grown yet. Take him out and let him get exercise and he'll be one of the finest specimens you would want to see. I have worked with Hagenbeck's in Germany and have been in their arena when they brought in forty green elephants, just off the boat from India. After being cooped up so long they would act like lunatics when turned loose in the ring. They would tear around and trumpet and show fight. But those Hindu trainers would go in among them and bring them to time. It is wonderful the way they and the elephants understand each other.

"The keeper at the Zoo tells me that they go in and shift the chains and clean out Gunda's cage. If they can do that he is not beyond control.

"I am going to Buffalo tomorrow night to be on the road until October. When I come back, if Dr. Hornaday will give me permission, I'll guarantee to turn Gunda loose and chain him up again and prove that he can be allowed his liberty part of the time without killing any one."

Dr. Hornaday said yesterday that he would agree to any one's going into Gunda's cage to experiment with him provided the Zoo was absolved of all responsibility.

"After Gunda put one keeper in the hospital for three months two years ago we are not going to be responsible for any further accidents we can avoid," he said. "There seem to be a great many persons just now ready to criticise the management of this institution. I read one published protest against our separating the giraffes. According to this critic the first pair of giraffes were separated and one of them died of lovesickness. As a matter of fact that animal died of acute apoplexy. I was by its side fifteen minutes before it happened and there was not a thing in the world you could do to save it.

"We separated the second pair of giraffes because the male got so ugly that he would have finished his mate in two weeks more. He bullied her so that she was being worn down and in imminent danger of having her legs broken. It was the same trouble in the case of the young zebras. We would like very much to breed these animals. We have discussed the possibility twenty times. But the male is vicious and we are afraid that he would kill the female in short order if they were put together. The economy of having two of a kind in one cage is apparent. But to listen to some of our critics you would think that we separated mates from the inherent meanness of our own dispositions."

HELD FOR FARM MURDER.

G. W. Potter, Princeton Graduate, Arrested for Killing a Neighbor.

Special to The New York Times.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., June 26.—Charged with shooting and instantly killing John Barrett, a 60-year-old farmer of this county, on the morning of Dec. 20 of last year, and then setting fire to the house to cover up his crime, George W. Potter, a graduate of Princeton and son of former County Judge Potter of Otsego County, was placed under arrest late this afternoon by the county authorities. The arrest grew out of a confession of Louis Roach, a farmhand employed by Potter, who has made a confession of his part in the tragedy and implicated his employer.

The crime, one of the most horrible in the history of the State, occurred early on a Sunday morning. According to the confession of Roach, who is also in custody, he entered the back door of the little lonely farmhouse as Potter went i nthe front way. Katherine, Barrett's twenty-two-year-old daughter, was asleep in a chair, and Roach says he struck her over the head with a piece of firewood, rendering her senseless and apparently dead.

The father was sleeping upstairs, and, roused by the commotion, came down to see what was going on. According to Roach, he was shot by Potter when he was half way down the stairs. Leaving the father and daughter for dead, the men then set fire to the kitchen and departed.

An imbecile son who was sleeping in the attic came down in time to extinguish the blaze under the direction of his sister, who had recovered consciousness.

The only motive advanced for the crime is that Barrett and Potter, who occupied adjoining farms, had had some trouble over a well.

NO MORE BETTING ARRESTS.

Head of Queens Jockey Club Scouts Idea of Test Cases.

Feverish seems best to express the situation at the Aqueduct race track yesterday. There were no actual developments toward the announced intention of the police to make the arrests of the eleven men taken at the track on Thursday, a test of the betting law. At least no officer of the Queens County Jockey Club was arrested as proprietor of the place in which it is alleged that the eleven men violated the law by acting as bookmakers, sheet writers, or cashiers for the betting.

The eleven men arrested in the raid on Thursday pleaded not guilty, waived examination, and were held in bail of $500 each for examination on Wednesday, July 8, when arraigned in the Jamaica Police Court yesterday morning. County Clerk Rouff of Queens County again gave bail for the lot.

Philip J. Dwyer, who is popularly supposed to control the destinies of the track as President of the Queens County Jockey Club, said yesterday that he did not believe that the raid of Thursday was for the purpose of making test cases, as the rights of visitors at race tracks had been thoroughly thrashed out already, with decisions that he understood were final as to what players and layers may and may not do.

SULLIVAN ESTATE SUES.

Says A. L. Erlanger Kept $299,400 and George J. Kraus $160,000.

Two suits were begun in the Supreme Court yesterday by the executors of the estate of Timothy D. Sullivan. One was against Abraham L. Erlanger for the return to the estate of a certificate of indebtedness of the Mt. Carmel Cemetery Association, worth $299,400, retained by Mr. Erlanger after Sullivan had been declared an incompetent. It is alleged there was no authority for the transfer of the certificate to Mr. Erlanger.

The other suit is directed against the executors of the estate of George J. Kraus, who was for many years a partner of Mr. Sullivan in the theatrical business. Kraus is alleged to have overdrawn his accounts in the Sullivan partnership and to have refused to discontinue the business of the partnership after instructions to do so. The complaint says Kraus owes the estate $160,000.

Drops Claim on "Big Tim's" Estate.

The petition filed recently in the Surrogates' Court by Edward Burke to have the executors of "Big Tim" Sullivan pay $6,000 to him from the Sullivan estate was withdrawn yesterday. Burke alleged in the petition that he had loaned money to Sullivan in connection with a newspaper enterprise which he had started, and that $6,000 was still due him on the loan.

20,000 BABIES LURED FROM CITY TO BOATS

Last Day of the Youngsters' Big Week Given Over to Joyous Trips on the Water.

"HANDS UP!" ONLY ORDER

Each Child's Palms Read for Symptoms of Fever—Mayor Mitchel Tells Some Needs.

All roads for New York babies led to the sea yesterday. It was the last day of Baby Week for Better Babies, Better Mothers, and a Better City. The boat people carried mothers and babies on free trips by hundreds. They went at 8 o'clock in the morning, at 1 and 2 in the afternoon, and from the Battery they were taken out every hour to Miss Liberty on Bedloes Island, who was "at home" to her guests all day long. Miss Liberty served refreshments to her guests, milk, bread, butter, and crackers, with lemonade, furnished by Capt. J. P. Roberts, manager of the line.

It was an ideal day, warm enough to make the cool water breezes agreeable and not so hot that the mothers were worn out getting the babies ready and to the boats. It was not only a pleasure day, but there was other helpfulness in it, for nurses and doctors were on every boat to look the babies over and tell the mothers what to do for them to make them well if they were sick, and to keep them well if they were all right.

One thing the little ones were asked as they passed on to the boats was to show the palms of their hands, and, after a glance, they were passed on. That hand showing was a mystery to the uninitiated. Such grimmy little paws were passed that it was evident that soap and water had nothing to do with the examination. It had not. Incipient scarlet fever the symptoms show in the palms, and it was for this the doctors were looking; not to start an epidemic on so beautiful a holiday. There was fun, too, for the babies who wanted to stay on land yesterday, for Park Commissioner Ward's abolition of "Off the Grass" signs in all the parks gave mothers and babies a chance to romp and camp out in places usually denied them, and it was great fun.

Mayor Mitchel was so impressed with the 100 per cent. perfections of little Johanna Wiggers, who carried off the big better baby prizes on Thursday, that he is anxious to have a whole city full of 100 per cent. babies, and to effect this he talked to the Baby Week Committee at the City Hall yesterday. He said:

It is apparent that improvement in protecting babies against disease can be accomplished if there is hearty co-operation between the citizens in charge of various infant welfare activities and the departments of the City Government, which are in a position to assist the mothers and babies in their homes and in public places. The following needs are felt and should in some way be satisfied:

Additional milk stations in districts not at present covered, especially where the infant mortality has not been materially reduced in the last three years.

Educational work to be extended through the milk stations to expectant mothers by a corps of nurses especially qualified to give pre-natal instructions and supervision.

To stimulate and bring more effective co-operation between citizens of the outlying districts and the city authorities in the work of reducing infant mortality. This need is particularly urgent throughout the Borough of Queens and in certain sections of Brooklyn and the Bronx.

Increased hospital facilities for the care of sick infants and children. It has been estimated that a thousand additional beds are needed. Sixteen hundred beds are now reported available in eighty-six hospitals.

Convalescent homes open all the year for babies and children. This is realized by those in charge of Summer homes. They have not yet obtained sufficient means to keep these homes open during the entire year.

More day nurseries, particularly in Queens, where there is only one. There are a hundred in the rest of the Greater City.

Temporary shelters to care for babies and children during mothers' sickness and stay in hospitals. Only one-fourth of the needs of the lower east side have been met in this respect, and none of the needs has been met on the west side, or in the Boroughs of Bronx, Brooklyn, Queens, and Richmond.

Among those at the meeting were the Health Commissioner, Dr. Goldwater; Deputy Health Commissioner Dr. Emerson, Dr. S. Josephine Baker, Mrs. Clarence Burns, President of the Little Mothers' Aid Association; Mrs. Charles D. Hirst of the New York City Federation of Women's Clubs; Dr. Walter Laidlaw, of the New York Federation of Churches; Mrs. Edward D. Wisely, Duff G. Maynard, Merchants' Association; M. M. Gillam, Advertising Men's League; Mrs. J. Y. Norton, Dr. Philip Van Ingen, Garret Smith, and Paul E. Taylor, of the New York Milk Committee.

It was estimated that 20,000 mothers, babies and children went on the different water trips and there was some special attraction on most of the boats in the way of music to dance and sing by or something to eat.

A LITTLE FATHER PROTESTS.

Girls Not Deserving of All Credit for Minding Babies.

Better Baby Week has not closed without a tear. A wail has gone up from a "Little Father," because while there has been a "Little Mother's Day" the little father has not once been thought of, and any one who knows the subject knows he is pretty numerous. He is not only numerous, but he is a tender, loving, sympathetic little father, he can even be classed as a "Better Little Father."

Here is the protest made to the Baby Week Bureau in the Municipal Building:

I take the liberty to write this letter, as I see in the papers that all honors go to the girls who take care of their sisters and brothers; but where are we boys coming in? You can see every day in our streets and parks boys from about my age pushing carriage and taking care of their little charges. For instance, and I know a lot more I and my brother are taking care of all six children. My brother washes dishes, scrubs floors, beats carpets, and does the dusting in the house sometimes washing little arts and ends, while I bathe the little children and dress them and take them out.

My mother just came home from the hospital with an other addition to the familie. She was away three weeks and we were home all alone. I had to neglect my school on account of this. I am a year behind in school work. We never had the pleasure to see a day in the country or the sea, but the girls get credit for everything. they go to the settlements and churches crying and bluff around what they have done, but we boys don't do such things. We can suffer in silence because we think more about ourselves than you may or ever will know, and these girls are send to Summer places to play and enjoy themselves so if you are sensible enough and not narrowminded let some credit come to us BOYS.

There is a multiple signature to the Better Little Father letter — even two little girls have added their names to imply that they are Little Father sympathizers. The letter ends:

"Hope you will notice that we remain yours truly, Jerome, Stella, Frank, Martin, Raymond, Virginia."

PLANS TO AID MOTHERS.

Society to be Organized to Pension Widows with Children.

A new society, whose work will be to pension mothers left with young children, will hold its first meeting on Monday morning at 11 o'clock next in the rooms of the New York Milk Committee in the United Charities Building, Madison Avenue and Twenty-second Street.

The work is initiated by Miss Willa Holt Wakefield, who this week has deposited with Clarke Brothers, bankers, 104 Nassau Street, a sum of money as the nucleus of a fund to give weekly allowances to worthy and needy mothers.

Miss Wakefield, who lives at the Waldorf in the Winter and at Redbank in the Summer, studied the subject with the organization in mind, for some time. The Mayor had expressed willingness to help, and Paul E. Taylor, the originator of "Baby Week," will co-operate.

To augment contributions that may be received, arrangements have been made for a concert in Carnegie Hall in the week of July 20, the proceeds to go to the work.

NEW SEX HYGIENE SCHEME.

Purity Worker Wants It Taught in Sunday Schools.

CHICAGO, June 26.—The teaching of sex hygiene in Sunday schools was approved today in the report to the convention of the International Sunday School Association by E. K. Mohr, Superintendent of the Purity Department.

"Sex knowledge will be taught," said Mr. Mohr. "If not in the homes and the Sunday School, it will be taught in the street. Silence is criminal. We cannot remain inactive. We must teach these facts and teach them right, so that knowledge may lead to purity and righteousness.

"With the new awakening and discussion of sex matters the pendulum has swung from silence to publicity that is almost nauseating. Literature, the stage, the newspapers, the 'movies' have exploited the interest in the subject. The endeavor to avoid false modesty may in the end break down the barriers of real modesty.

"With the religious atmosphere and reverent receptive attitude of the Sunday School it is eminently fitted to bear the message of the knowledge that tends to personal purity. It is the plainest religious strategy."

FOR GIRLS' VACATIONS.

New York Society Seeks $10,000 to Meet Increased Demands Upon It.

The Working Girls' Vacation Society sent out word yesterday that 1,300 young women had applied for accommodations in the eleven cottages maintained by the organization. The waiting list contains 200 names and in view of this the society is endeavoring to obtain $10,000 to meet the increased demands made upon it.

Contributors of $10 will pay the traveling expenses and give a vacation of two weeks to one girl, and $40 will pay the board for a month and provide traveling expenses and medical care for a girl suffering from incipient tuberculosis.

I. R. T. INSISTS ON BOND FOR ACCIDENTS

Writes to Board of Estimate Urging Rejection of Times Square Contract.

MATTER GOES OVER A WEEK

Subway's Liability to Passengers Cited—Corporation Counsel's Opinion Awaited.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company has again sought to impress upon the Board of Estimate its view of the danger that will be incurred by awarding the contract for constructing the link between the old and new subways at Times Square to the Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corporation. It demands that if the action of the Public Service Commission is confirmed and the job is given to the Holbrook Corporation, the terms of the bond the contractor must give shall make it clear that he must take all liability for accidents to trains.

These views are expressed in a letter that J. L. Quackenbush, counsel for the Interborough, has written to Chairman McCall, copies of which were sent yesterday to every member of the Board of Estimate.

Negotiations have been proceeding between the Interborough and the Rollins Corporation, with Leroy T. Harkness, assistant counsel of the commission, as mediator, as to the exact terms of the bond, and Mr. Quackenbush in his communication said that an agreement has been reached upon two minor points of difference.

About the liability for accident the Interborough says that in its opinion there is risk of a "derailment or simliar operating catastrophe," while the work is in progress, and it holds that full liability for damages be explicitly assumed by the contractor and his sureties, not only in justice to the Interborough but also to the city.

In his letter Mr. Quackenbush points out that the contract says the contractor must be responsible for the support, maintenance, and safety of the present subway and for the protection of passengers and other persons and assumes liability for all injuries during the progress of the work, "whether due to the negligence, fault, or default of the contractor or otherwise." He must also hold the Interborough harmless, and this indemnity is absolute and does not depend on any question of negligence on the part of the contractor or his employes.

Then Mr. Quackenbush considers the kind of accidents that may occur and their consequences to the Interborough and the city. He says:

You can readily see that if the contention urged by the contractor and the sureties, that they are relieved from liability in any accident in which the Interborough Company is also involved, is acquiesced in, the Interborough Company and the city will have absolutely no protection. It is impossible to imagine an accident during the construction work under the contract resulting in a derailment or similar operating catastrophe which would not involve, so far as the passengers are concerned, liability on the part of the Interborough.

If we assume, for example, that during the constructing work the employes of the contractor negligently permit a girder to fall in front of an approaching train, resulting in derailment, it is absolutely certain that any claims brought by injured persons would be against the railroad company as well as against the contractor, and that the railroad, as practically an insurer of the safety of its passengers under such circumstances, would be held liable, no matter how free from responsibility it might be as between the contractor and itself.

The danger of serious accidents of such a nature is so great that any question as to the liability of the contractor and the sureties under such circumstances must be removed.

The confirmation of the Times Square contract was on the Board of Estimate calendar yesterday, but an opinion as to the liability of the city for damages resulting from an accident which had been asked of the Corporation Counsel had not been received. At the request of the Board, Commissioner Maltbie and Assistant Counsel Harkness attended the meeting. President McAneny informed them that the Controller had reported in favor of the contract to the Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corporation, but that the Interborough had sent two letters protesting.

Commissioner Maltbie suggested that no great harm would be done if the question should lie over for another week, so the board postponed the question until next Thursday.

Several other subway contracts were on the calendar, but they were all put over.

BRYAN AND THE DUBOIS NOTE

Secretary Admits He Doesn't Know Whether It Was Authorized.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—On Monday Secretary of State Bryan, in an effort to show that he had gone no further than the Taft Administration in the direction of an apology in the treaty with Colombia, gave out officially a similar expression of regret contained in a memorandum presented on Feb. 15, 1913, to the Colombian Foreign Office. That memorandum Mr. Bryan's statement described as the "basis upon which he was authorized to negotiate a treaty." Today he was asked about Secretary of State Knox's positive instructions to Minister Dubois on Feb. 7, 1913, to drop all negotiations on the subject. Mr. Bryan then admitted that he did not know whether Mr. Dubois had been "authorized" or not to go as far as he did.

Since laying the treaty with pertinent correspondence before the Commitee on Foreign Relations, Mr. Bryan has refused to discuss the information given the committee on the ground that it was not proper for him to do so. But the little excerpt from the Dubois memorandum that seemed to support his position he gave out in a typewritten statement. Today he was asked to complete the record by publishing the rest of the memorandum and its date, but he declined to go further.

Mr. Knox's instructions were described in a report the former Secretary of State made to President Taft on Feb. 20, 1913, and the whole report was printed by the House as a public document. In that report, after giving the history of previous efforts to settle the controversy with Colombia, Mr. Knox said:

"The next information received from the Minister was contained in a telegram dated Jan. 31, 1913, and was to the effect that the Colombian Government seemed determined to treat with the incoming Democratic Administration. These friendly, considerate, and conciliatory efforts to put the relations between the United States and Colombia on a more cordial basis having thus failed, the Minister at Bogota was instructed by telegraph on Feb. 7, 1913, to drop the matter after communicating to the Colombian President a personal note."

Then follows the text of the note to be presented to the Colombian President.

Mr. Knox's report proceeds:

"The Minister has informed the department that after final discussion he has presented a note in the above sense.

"The very latest telegram from Mr. Dubois shows that in a subsequent interview he took it upon himself informally to ask whether, if the United States should, without requesting options or privileges of any kind, offer Colombia $25,000,000 its good offices with Panama, the arbitration of the question of reversionary rights in the Panama Canal and preferential rights of the canal the Government would accept, to which he was answered in the negative.

"Included in this most recent telegraphic correspondence is a statement of the impression of the legation at Bogota that the Colombian Government cherishes the expectation that the incoming Administration will arbitrate the entire Panama question, or will directly compensate Colombia for the value of the territory of Panama, the Panama railway, the railroad annuities, and the contract with the French Canal Company."

Mr. Dubois, on his arrival here on Thursday from Europe, admitted that his note of regret to Colombia was presented on his own initiative and in the informal negotiations that followed Secretary Knox's note.

MAIL BURNED IN BOXES.

Boy of 6 Is at First Suspected by Hoboken Postmaster.

For about an hour yesterday a six-year-old boy was detained in the Police Headquarters at Hoboken as a prisoner of the United States of America. He was Lester Kramer of 514 Washington Street. He had been arrested by Postmaster Joseph Kennedy after three Hoboken letter boxes had been found afire all in the same half hour. The Postmaster learned that the youngster had been seen near the letter box in front of Sub-station 6, which is next door to his father's business office on Washington Street, near Fifth Street. He had in his hand a lighted Chinese joss stick, used for warding off the attacks of mosquitos. When the Postmaster learned this, he immediately went to the father's place of business and put the boy under arrest, a Federal prisoner, insisting that his father take him to Police Headquarters.

Once he was sure the prisoner was safe, he called up the Post Office Inspectors and told them and informed them of the happening. They telephoned Police Headquarters, directing that the boy's name be taken and he be allowed to go home, which was done. Then four inspectors went to Hoboken and started an investigation. They found that the contents of the letter box in front of the sub-station had been partly saved by W. Rudolph, in charge there, who poured a pail of water inside as soon as the fire was discovered. In the bottom of the box they found three burned matches, which they held went far toward absolving Lester Kramer, who had denied he had set the box on fire. A good deal of valuable mail matter was in this box, which was of the large sectional type.

The other two boxes were within a radius of seven blocks of the Washington Street one. The contents of the box at Twelfth Street and Park Avenue were completely destroyed. The third box was at Sixth Street and Clinton Avenue. Its contents were partly destroyed. The Inspectors were at a loss last night for an explanation of the burning of the boxes.

LOSES HIS LAST DOLLAR.

He's Only a Small Boy, but He Blames a Woman for It.

William Schaler, 8 years old, of 666 Eighth Avenue, has lost his last dollar and has asked the police to find it for him. He went crying up and down West Forty-third Street yesterday afternoon and he criticised the police liberally for their inactivity.

Young Schaler was sharpening his knife on a stoop near the Times Annex yesterday afternoon. In the little pocket of his waist there was tucked a $1 bill, the proceeds of a week's work as errand boy. When the knife was sharpened the youngster jumped several feet to the pavement and fell. The dollar dropped out of his pocket.

Just then an old woman passed along. When the boy picked himself up his dollar was missing and the woman was going toward Broadway.

"I saw you picking up my dollar!" yelled Schafer. "Give it back to me!"

"Your dollar, boy? What are you talking about?" replied the woman.

"You never had a dollar."

The boy began crying and insisted on having the old woman arrested. He tagged behind her all the way to the Hotel Astor, and there he led her to the traffic policeman.

"I saw her pick up my dollar and I want her arrested," wailed the boy.

"What do you think of that?" said the woman. "This boy is wanting me arrested for something I never done."

"Why, this woman has been crossing the street here for seventy years at least," said the traffic policeman. "I don't know her name, but I don't think she is a thief, boy."

"Thank you," said the old woman, shaking perceptibly.

"Don't thank me," said the officer. "If I didn't know you I'd take you to the police station."

Schaler insisted on having the woman arrested, but when he admitted that he had no witnesses the officer advised him to apply for a summons. The boy went away crying with a little piece of paper bearing the woman's name in his hand. The crowd which collected seemed in sympathy with the youngster and several volunteered to help him.

"I'll tell my papa about this," said Schaler. "Why didn't that cop arrest her?"

Death Leaves Cell for Paterson.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., June 26.—William Death the Paterson convict sentenced to thirty years for his part in the murder of Jennie Bosschieter, a mill girl, was released from State Prison here today by the Board of Prison Inspectors after having completed about half of his sentence. He was met at the prison gate by Capt. James Parker of Paterson, for several years Clerk to the House of Assembly. They had dinner at a hotel here and then motored back to their home city.

IT is not often that style and comfort are linked together in a straw hat, but it's sure here in

"Sir Thomas"

our new soft brim sailor—$2. See it in my windows today. Mail Order Charges Prepaid.

Truly Warner Hatter to Mr. Goodresser

These New York Leading Theatres Have No Dealings with the Tyson Co.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Evs. 8:15 SHARP. Matinees TODAY & Wednesday 2:15. The One Established Summer Show ZIEGFELD FOLLIES After the Performance Don't Fail to Visit ZIEGFELD DANSE DE FOLLIES, in the Aerial Gardens (Atop the Theatre.) Reserve Tables in Advance. Phone 3093 Bryant. TIFFANY CUP CONTEST TONIGHT.

KNICKERBOCKER, Daily 2:15 and 8:15 sharp. "SURPASSES HUMAN BELIEF"—Amy Leslie. D'Annunzio's Photo Spectacle CABIRIA Orchestra of 50—Chorus of 40 All Reserved Seats—2 Weeks in Advance.

GAIETY Broadway & 46th St. Evs. 8:30. LAST MAT. TODAY 2:30. LAST 2 TIMES—COHAN'S BEST PLAY, 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE

GEO. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. M. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:15. Potash & Perlmutter

HUDSON West 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. A Detective Comedy of Laughs & Thrills—THE DUMMY

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Daily 2:30 & 8:30. 25 & 50c. All Seats Reserved. Universal Motion Pictures present ANNETTE KELLERMANN in NEPTUNE'S DAUGHTER

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th. Evenings at 8. Matinees Today, Tues. & Thurs. PASSING SHOW OF 1914 "OUT-SUMMERS AND OUT-SHOWS ANYTHING SEEN IN NEW YORK."—Times.

39TH ST. THEA. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. TOO MANY COOKS

COMEDY Thea., 41st St., near B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Tuesday 2:20. KITTY MACKAY

COHAN & HARRIS' ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Last Mat. Today 2:20. Last Time Tonight Raymond Hitchcock IN HIS NEW MUSICAL PLAY "The Beauty Shop"

PORT Theatre, 48th St., near Broadway. "THE BATTLE OF THE SEXES" and "HOME SWEET HOME" Two magnificent Griffith features. 2, 4, 7 & 9 P. M. Prices 10c., 15c., 25c.

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. 8:15. LAST Last Mat. TODAY 2:15. NIGHT The YELLOW TICKET

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. A PAIR OF SIXES

Jardin de Danse Mat. Teas SATS. ONLY. NIGHTLY CUP CONTESTS AND SURPRISES. Heavenly Twins DOLLY SISTERS Rozsika & Yansci in More New Dances with Carlos Sebastian Mr. & Mrs. Douglas Crane, Dorothy Bentley. SHORE DINNER $1.50 6:30 to 8:30, incl. ROOF 8:30 TO 2. Sensational appearances 8th Big Week Night Admission.

Steeplechase Coney Island's Refined Funny Place Greatest in All the World. Iron Steamboats Take You There.

LUNA CONEY LUNA CASTLES' SUMMER HOUSE Oklahoma Ranch Wild West Show NOW OPEN.

WEBER'S A SENSATIONAL FILM DRAMA B'way & 29th St. DAILY AT 2, 5, 7 & 9 P. M. THE JUNGLE

REPUBLIC CAVALIERI TODAY, 2:30 & 8:30. All Seats reserved, 25c & 50c. In 5-Act Picturization, MANON LESCAUT

STRAND B'way, 47th St. "The Greyhound" Strand Orch. & Soloists. Next Week, "Germania."

VITAGRAPH 44th St. & Broadway. "Shadows of the Past" | "Mr. Bingle's Melodrama" | "The Violin of Malaur" 2:30 & 8:30.

HAMMERSTEIN'S Roof & Daily Mat. in theatre-cool ROOF CAPERS. NEW BILL—19 Acts. DOLLY TWINS, Sophie Tucker, Conrad & Betty, "Adam & Eve"—15 others.

MADISON SQUARE ROOF GARDEN 26 St. Entrance Only 3 Ring Cabaret. Dancing Afternoon & Night. Adm. 50c. Amateurs Fri. Night.

BIJOU Mat. Today. FOLLIES OF THE TOWN. Beauty Chorus. Cast of 50.

SNOW SERVICE, SUNDAY NIGHT, GRACE METH. Church W. 104. near Col.

EDEN MUSEE. Kinemacolor hourly. WORLD IN WAX. Extra Attractions. 55 West 23d St. GEN. FUNSTON AT VERA CRUZ.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

EBBETS FIELD MARCUS LOEW'S COLOSSAL CARNIVAL VAUDEVILLE, PHOTO PLAYS, Symphony Orchestra and Band of 100. ALL FOR 10 Cents ALL FOR

REISENWEBER'S COLUMBUS CIRCLE AND 58TH ST. Dinner, $1.00 (Every Eve., 6 to 9.) Frog Dinner, (in the Grille) $1.25 DANCING THE COOLEST DANCING ROOM IN THE CITY

Carlton Terrace 100th STREET AND BROADWAY Dine and Dance with the HUDSON TO COOL YOU

HOTEL Bonta-Narragansett Broadway at 94th St. A homelike Sunday evening dinner and entertainment. Songs and addresses suitable to the day. Fine Table d'Hote Dinner (6 to 8) $1.25 No Bar—a place for people who like a good dinner, refined entertainment without liquor

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MAXIXE ONE STEP HESITATION TANGO All modern Dances Taught Privately from 10 to 10. Summer Rates. Prof. A. Albert Studio, Broadway, 86th to 87th St. Tel. 6488 Schuyler.

DONOVAN'S 254 West 59th St. Modern Dances Trot, Tango, Maxixe, One-step, Waltz, and all latest steps taught. Class, Monday, Wednesday, Friday, 8:30. Private lessons $1. Open 10 A. M. to 11 P. M.

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HOTEL CECIL 118th St. & St. Nicholas Ave. Large, cool rooms, with bath or running water, at Summer rates. Restaurant—Popular Prices.

Hotel Bretton Hall BROADWAY 86TH TO 86TH ST. LARGEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE UPTOWN HOTEL. 2 Blocks from Riverside Drive and Central Park. Subway Station and Surface Cars at door, new "Elevated" Station, 86th St., (within two blocks.) Large, Quiet Rooms with Bath for transient or permanent residence. SPECIAL SUMMER RATES. All the comforts of New York City's BEST Hotels at one-third less price.

HOTEL IRVING 26 Gramercy Park 26. 1, 2 and 3 rooms, with bath; convenient, homelike; location exceptional; private park; Summer rates. BLAKE BROS., Mgrs.

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THE RED-MAN
A typical Summer Style not found in any other line. 2 for 25 cts.
EARL & WILSON
MAKERS OF TROY'S BEST PRODUCT

Unusual Values in Hart, Schaffner & Marx Summer Suits at $16.50

NONE were less than $20—many were $25, $28 and $30.

BLUE Serge Suits that will stay blue—special values at $18.

White Serge or Flannel Trousers from $4 to $9, to go with them—just right for beach or country.

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IMPORTANT

Readers of The New York Times

Complaints have come from readers that they did not receive the picture which was given with last Sunday's New York Times. A beautiful art copy of a painting entitled "Clover Time," by C. Bergen, will be given to readers tomorrow (Sunday). See that you get your copy. Readers are requested to send to The Times the names of newsdealers who fail to supply a copy of the picture with tomorrow's issue.

"Trail of the Olympian" to the Pacific North Coast

Follow this path of steel which the "St. Paul Road" has blazed through a wilderness. It is a trip of three joyous days from Chicago, through a constantly changing panorama of scenic wonders, surrounded by every travel luxury and comfort—on the all steel "Olympian"

At the end of the trail there's all the wonders of the Puget Sound country to see—Mt. Rainier—the San Juan Islands—the Bremerton Navy Yards and innumerable other attractions.

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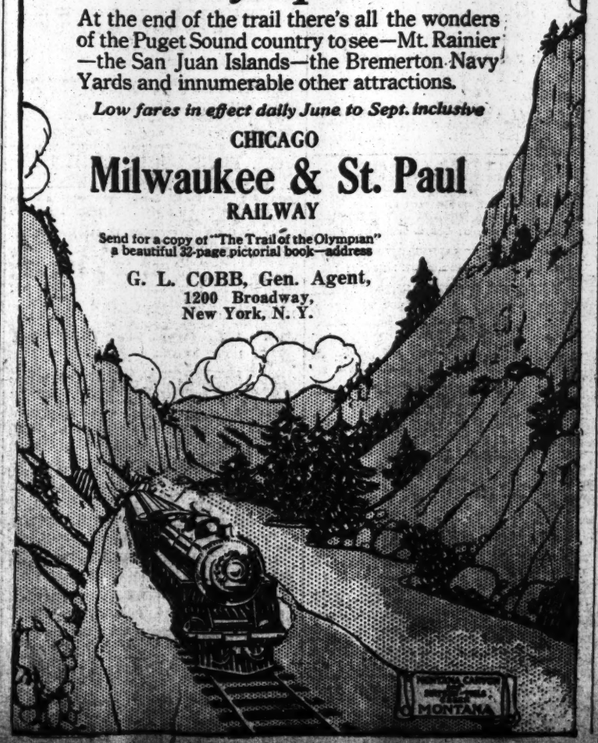

The New York Times

Rotogravure Supplement Sunday, June 28, 1914

"CLOVER TIME"

By C. BERGEN

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IN this chubby figure flung out under the greenwood tree, a sympathetic painter of child life, Mr. C. Bergen, has summed the genuine spirit of June and of vacation time. There is solid comfort in every line, in the round arms folded easily beneath round cheeks, in the sturdy bare legs kicking in the grasses and clovers. The picture comes to a climax in the smile. Its infectiousness is irresistible. It expresses all the carelessness, the abandon and the spontaneous merriment of childhood, and of childhood's favorite month, the month of June. Waving grasses and pink clovers, a gentle slope beneath the bending branch of a freshly leaved tree, and at a little distance, the soft gray of a cottage wall,—these make up a fitting background. The subject is a simple one, difficult of expression by reason of its very simplicity.

While much of the beauty of the original painting lies in the coloring of the green slope dappled with its pink and white clovers, in the blue apron and the shining cheeks of this captivating youngster, little is lost by their translation to the sepia tones of The Times's new process of printing, the rotogravure. This process, introduced a few years ago in Germany, is a combination of the etching art with that of rotogravure. It marks a revolution in the field of art reproduction and will enormously enlarge the possibilities for pictorial work. While the best of the art of our old masters is reproduced by the rotogravure method with accuracy and fidelity, it is especially well adapted to the treatment of a simple and intimate subject as Mr. Bergen's "Clover Time."